DOUBLE IN CITY CIRCULATION THAT OF ANY OTHER St. Louis PAPER IS THE POST-DISPATCH

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

SOME OF THE Names of Writers FOR THE LAST SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH WERE OUIDA. W. CLARK RUSSELL. EDMUND GOSSE. Gen. S. W Crawford, U.S.A BILL NYE. Mrs. M. E. W. Sherwood. LUCY H. HOOPER.

VOL. 39.—NO. 193. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23, 1889. PRICE, FIVE CENTS BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

CRAWFORD'S

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
CRAWFORD'S HALF DOLLAR
1 DOLLAR 1888
HALF DOL

With nature atoning for last week's dull skies by giving us the most delightful weather in the world for shopping, and with the GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR continuing their big MID-WINTER SALE at prices reduced to such a basis as to place them beyond competition, it is not surprising that the streets were full of eager buyers to-day, all intent upon reaching CRAWFORD'S in the least time possible. We are glad to see the common-sense buyers filling our avenues and aisles, and propose to pay every man, woman and child who comes by giving them chances in every department to save their half-dollars as well as their dimes.

THURSDAY SPECIALS.

LADIES' KNIT UNDERWEAR.

Odd lot of Ladies' Red Wool Vests, all bound and stitched with silk, sizes 28 to 34, pants to match, for 50c each; worth $1.

150 dozen Ladies' extra heavy and very soft Camel's Hair Vests or Pants, Vests extra finished with silk, regular made cuffs, all sizes, 59c each; worth $1.25.

25 dozen Ladies' fine Jersey Rib Saxony Wool Vests, sleeveless, in blue and salmon, at 69c each; worth $1.25.

HOSIERY.

150 dozen Boys' heavy colored Ribbed Hose, sizes 7 to 8½, at 12½c per pair; worth 20c.

100 dozen Children's Black Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 8½, at 15c per pair; worth 25c.

150 dozen Ladies' full regular striped Cotton Hose at 17½c; reduced from 35c.

Several Odd Lots in Ladies' Silk and Lisle Hose to be cleared out at 25c on the dollar.

SHIRTS.

Every man in town needs new shirts when he can buy them at the following prices, and we are closing them out pretty rapidly, too.

Men's unlaundered Shirts, heavy muslin, linen bosoms, reinforced back and front, sizes 14 to 17 1-2, at 42 1-2 cents each; worth 65c.

Men's fine Custom-made unlaundered Shirts, made of Blackstone muslin, 1800 linen set-in bosom, with butcher linen linings, all sizes, from 14 to 17 1-2, at 50c each; worth 85c.

Something extra are our Men's fine Unlaundered Shirts, linen bosoms, warranted New York Mills muslin, all cut on the most improved pattern, all sizes, at 59c each, or 6 for $3.50. This is a regular $1 shirt.

SHOE SPECIALS.

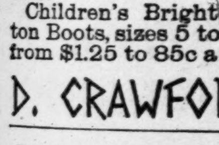
Ladies' Straight-Grain Button, dull dongola top, hand-sewed welt walking boot, tipped; reduced from $4 to $2.50 per pair.

Ladies' Kid and Goat Button Boots, opera style; reduced from $1.50 to 95c a pair; sizes 2 1-2 to 7.

Children's Bright Dongola Button Boots, sizes 5 to 7 1-2; reduced from $1.25 to 85c a pair.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Dr. OWEN BELT. Imp. June 20, '88



Will cure all Rheumatic Complaints, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Nervous Complaints of Male or Female. The electric current can be made mild or strong and can be applied to any part of the body. Can be used by a whole family. Sent on 30 Days' Trial. Send 4c. for our free illustrated pamphlet. Electric Insoles $1.00.

Dr. Owen Belt Co., 806 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

MENTION THIS PAPER.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Safe Deposit Co. for the purpose of electing nine (9) directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the said company, Equitable Building, St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, January 28, 1889. Polls open from 10 a. m. until 3 p. m. The annual meeting of the directors of said company will also be held on the same day, and at the same place at 3:30 p. m.

J. S. KENDRICK, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS TRIBUNE BUILDING CO., St. Louis, January 23, 1889.—Election Notice—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Tribune Building Co., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the company, 312 Chestnut-street, St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, February 4, 1889, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 m.

OTTO HILPERT, President.

L. T. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, JANUARY 15, 1889.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Haskell Engraving Co., for the election of three (3) directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company on Monday, January 28, 1889.

J. F. KELLER, President.

L. A. KENNEDY, Secretary.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Morris Mandle, trustee for Bertha Mayer, and the said Bertha Mayer and Simon Mayer, her husband, by their deed dated the 24th day of April, 1884, and recorded in book 728, page 187, of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit.: The following described lots or parcel of land lying and being in S. D. Barlow's Subdivision of a part of block three (3) of the St. Louis common, according to the plat thereof on record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis City, State of Missouri, to-wit. Beginning at a point on the south line of "Kennett Place," where the same is intersected by the Western line of Second Carondelet avenue (now Lux street), running thence westwardly and along the south line of "Kennett place," thirty-five (35) feet thence southwardly parallel to Lux street and along the center line of the partition wall between the house herein conveyed and one adjoining the same on the west, one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet to an alley, thence eastwardly and along the north line of said alley thirty-five (35) feet to the west line of Lux street and thence northwardly along the last mentioned line one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet to the place of beginning, being lot number thirty-six (36), and five (5) feet off the east portion of lot number thirty-five (35) in said block, and being in city block number 1805. Which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described. And whereas several of said notes have become due and are unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash at the eastern front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1889, for the purposes of said trust.

JNO. C. LULLMAN, Trustee.

GREAT SALE OF

TROUSERS

We have placed on sale several thousand

Stylish Striped All-Wool Cassimere and Worsted Trousers,

AND HAVE MARKED THEM

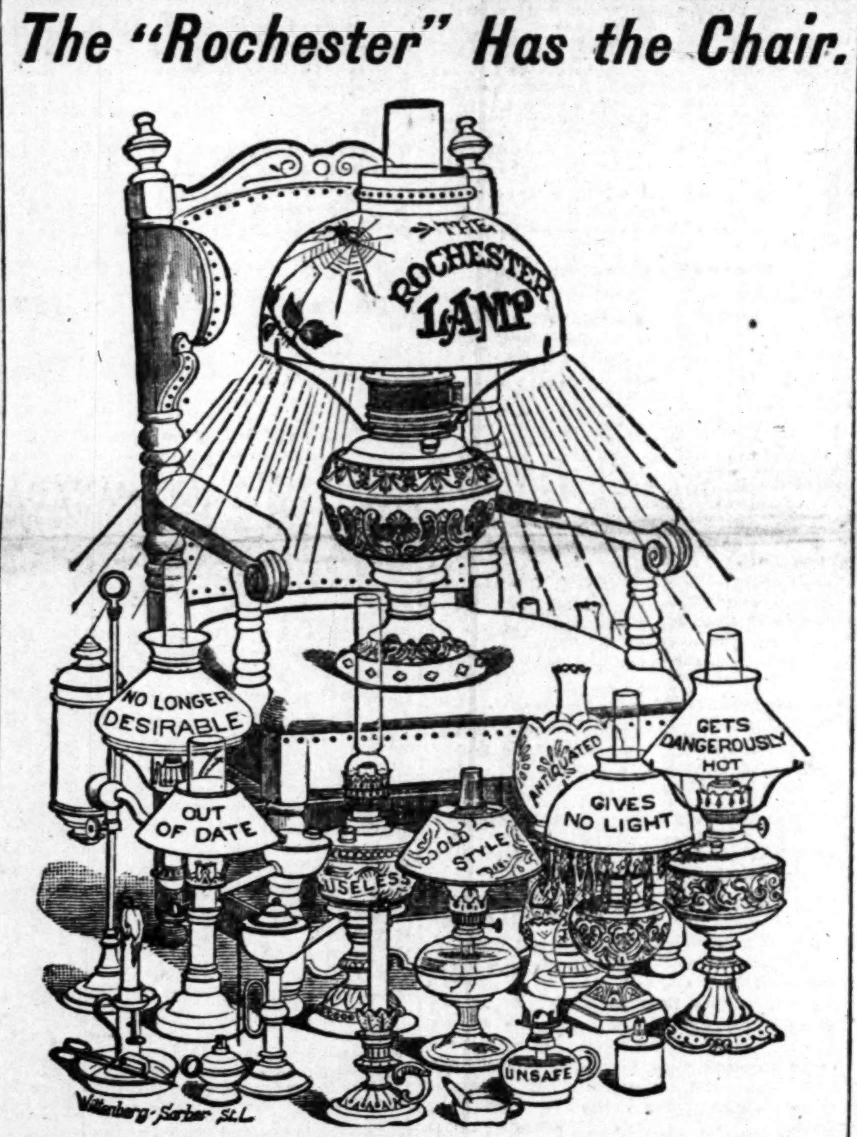
$2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 and $4.50.

Any of them would be real bargains at 50 per cent more than we ask for them.

BROWNING, KING & CO.,

Cor. Broadway and Pine. D. C. YOUNG, Manager.

The "Rochester" Has the Chair.



The above Study in Lamps shows all the different Lights in use from the fifteenth century to the present time.

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE ROCHESTER LAMPS.

SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES

TRADE MARK.

PREPARED FROM THE

Sanative Salts of the highly renowned Springs of the German Health Resort, SODEN in the TAUNUS, under the supervision and control of W. STOELTZING, M. D., Member of the Royal Board of Health.

They are to be used with great benefit in all **Chronic Catarrhs of the Throat, Larynx & Lungs.**

By their action the mucus is dissolved, quiet and ease obtained; owing to their rare advantages they alleviate an often very trying cough and then bring about the longed for recovery. Their influence has been exceedingly beneficial in cases of

the different **CATARRHS OF CONSUMPTIVES,**
the Chronic Catarrhs of the **STOMACH** and **INTESTINES,**
Constipation, Hemorrhoids, Enlargement of the Liver,
and other **Abdominal Complaints**

requiring a mild, laxative and stimulating treatment.

DIPHTHERIA can be prevented by the use of SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES, as it has been demonstrated that the spores of the disease settle only in throats affected by Catarrh, and the tormenting **WHOOPING COUGH** is changed to its mildest form.

Singers, Speakers, Preachers, Lawyers, Teachers, and all whose avocation requires continued use of their voice will experience gratifying relief by using these Pastilles.

The Most Renowned Medical Authorities Recommend and Prescribe Them.

At the International Exhibition at Brussels the **SODEN MINERAL PASTILLES** *were awarded THE HIGHEST DISTINCTION, SILVER MEDAL, by a jury of medical men.*

For Sale by all Druggists at 50 Cents a Box.

Sole Agency for the United States,
Soden Mineral Springs Company, Limited, 15 Cedar Street, New York.

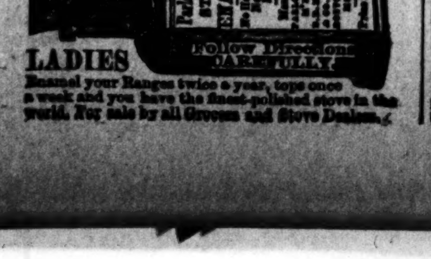
SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co. held at the office of the company, 108 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo., on Thursday, the 31st day of January, A. D. 1889, beginning at 9 a. m. and continuing until 12, noon, to vote upon a proposition to change the name of the corporation from what it now is to "Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Company."

B. F. HAMMETT, President.

JOHN R. MCDONALD, Secretary.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19, 1889.



LADIES Enamel your Ranges twice a year, tops once a week and you have the finest-polished stove in the world. For sale by all Grocers and Stove Dealers.

THE LAST WEEK ←

OF THE GREATEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE

Red-Letter Mark-Down Sale

EVER INAUGURATED IN THIS CITY.

FRANK BROTHERS

BROADWAY AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.

At our JEWELRY COUNTER

Special Red-Letter Prices To-Day.

This Intaglio Onyx Solid Gold Ring at **$1.25.** Worth $3.50.

All of our Finest Rolled Plate 1, 2 and 3 Stone Bracelets at **11c**; worth up to 50c.

Here is a Wonderful Bargain.

This 3-Stone Ring, Genuine Diamond, Emerald and Ruby, in Solid Gold Setting, marked Down to **$3.88**; worth $7.

Best Rolled-Plated Sleeve Buttons, with chain attachments, at **15c** pair; worth 50c.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Colored Bead Pendants, 5 inches long, reduced from 25c to **5c** each.

Black and Colored Pendants, 6 inches long, reduced from 35c to **10c** each.

Silk Beaver Trimming, satin lined, 2 inches wide, reduced from 65c to **39c** yard; 3 inches wide, reduced from 90c to **58c** yard.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' Fine White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, hand embroidered, extra size, reduced from 30c to **15c.**

LADIES' NECKWEAR.

Fine 4-Ply All-Linen Collars reduced from 12 1-2c to **5c.**

Linen Cuffs reduced from 20c to **10c** pair.

At our Notion Counter.

15 gross Bridgeport Dress Stays, equal to the Ever Ready Stays, assorted colors, as long as they last at **5c** dozen sets.

18 gross Dress Extenders, or Bustle Springs, assorted colors, regular price 10c set, at **5c** set.

Colored Dress Goods Dept.

For To-Morrow Morning We Offer:

50 pieces 27-inch All-Wool Filling Cashmere Debeige, in good gray mixtures; marked down from 18c to **12 1-2c** per yard.

20 pieces Pure Silk Warp Henrietta Cloth, in all the fashionable colors; marked down from $1.15 to **79c** per yd.

Black Dress Goods Dept.

40-inch All-Wool French Satin Striped Serge, in chevron weave, and medium weight; marked down from $1.00 to **48c** per yard.

40-inch All-Wool French Taffeta Veloute, a most reliable fabric; marked down from $1.25 to **75c** per yard.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

HOSIERY

85 doz Ladies' Imported Fast Black, Heavy Cotton Hose, ribbed, best made for wear, in all sizes 8 to 10; cut price **28c**; regular price 50c.

1 lot Ladies' Imported Hose, fancy novelties, in fine cotton; your choice at one price; cut price, **28c**; regular price 65c.

ODD LOTS—Children's Imported Real French, All-Wool Hose, in all colors, sizes 6 to 8 1-2; your choice, cut price **38c**; regular price 50c to 85c.

1 lot Gents' All-Wool Seamless Knit Socks, 2-thread; colors, navy, seal, wine and cardinal; cut price **10c**; regular price 25c.

At Our Druggists' Sundries Counter

5 gross Chesborough Mfg. Co. celebrated Vaseline; regular price, 15c; for this week only, **7c bottle.**

8 gross Imported White Castile Soap, full weight, 3-lb. bar, none better; a bargain at **33c bar.**

FOR

HAIR GOODS,

Hair Dressing and Shampooing,
Masquerade and Street Wigs,
Hair Jewelry,
Grease Paints, Powders, etc.,

—GO TO—

M. PETERSON,

700 and 702 NORTH BROADWAY, ST. LOUIS, MO.

N. B.—Separate Parlor for Gentlemen. Artistic Hair Cutting and Beard Trimming. "Making Up" of faces for professional or amateur theatrical clubs or societies a specialty. WIGS FOR RENT.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

MISS M. E. BROOKS'

Home and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, 3200 Locust st. Second term begins February 1, 1889. Two new classes will be formed this term—one to study Greek history preparatory to the study of art history next year, and an afternoon class for the study of English literature. Ladies not attending school are invited to join these classes.

H. C. PERKINS —AND— P. J. HERPEL,

Proprietors of the St. Louis Mercantile College, give individual instruction in book-keeping penmanship, shorthand, type-writing, etc. Call or write for catalogue. Corner Fourth and Washington avenue.

NIGHT SCHOOL NOW OPEN.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT of MEAT

Finest and Cheapest Meat Flavoring Stock for Soups, Made Dishes and Sauces. As Beef Tea, "an invaluable tonic." Annual sale 8,000,000 jars.

J. v. Liebig
TRADE MARK

Genuine only with fac-simile of Justus von Liebig's signature in blue across label.

Sold by Storekeepers, Grocers and Druggists.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., L'td, London.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of Drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor habit to exist. For sale by M. W. Alexander, B'way & Olive; Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., 6th & Washington; Meyer Bros. & Co., 6 to 16 N. 2d.

NOT A PIMPLE ON HIM NOW.

Bad With Eczema. Hair all Gone. Scalp Covered With Eruptions. Thought His Hair Would Never Grow. Cured by Cuticura Remedies. Hair Splendid and Not a Pimple on Him.

I cannot say enough in praise of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. My boy, when 1 year of age, was so bad with eczema that he lost all of his hair. His scalp was covered with eruptions, which the doctor said was scald head, and that his hair would never grow again. Despairing of a cure from physicians, I began the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and, I am happy to say, with the most perfect success. His hair is now splendid, and there is not a pimple on him. I recommend the CUTICURA REMEDIES to mothers as the most speedy, economical, and sure cure for all skin diseases of infants and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child wil thank me for so doing.

MRS. M. E. WOODSUM, Norway, Me.

A Fever Sore Eight Years Cured.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured, by using the CUTICURA REMEDIES, of an old sore, caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputated, but is happy to say he is now entirely well,—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. H. CASON, merchant of this place.

JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist, Gainsboro, Tenn.

Severe Scalp Disease Cured.

A few weeks ago my wife suffered very much from a cutaneous disease of the scalp, and received no relief from the various remedies she used until she tried CUTICURA. The disease promptly yielded to this treatment, and in a short while she was entirely well. There has been no return of the disease, and CUTICURA ranks No. 1 in our estimation for diseases of the skin.

REV. J. PRESSLEY BARRETT, D.D., Raleigh, N. C.

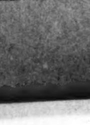
From Pimples to Scrofula Cured.

CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.



EVERY MUSCLE ACHES.

Sharp Aches, Dull Pains, Strains, and Weakness, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. A perfect antidote to pain and weakness. The first and only pain-killing plaster. 25c.

LATEST EDITION

THE SITUATION IN SAMOA.

CONGRESSMAN MORROW FAVORS ACTIVE INTERFERENCE BY OUR GOVERNMENT.

The Navy Department Likewise Disposed—Senator Sherman's Important Amendments to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill—New York Custom-House Removals—Bond Offerings—Congressional Proceedings — Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Representative Morrow of California, in speaking of the situation in Samoa, last night, said: "I have always been in favor of the active interference of our Government in behalf of the rights of American citizens at Samoa and the independent autonomy of the Samoan Government ever since I have been in Congress. I do not know what course the Administration will take now; don't know what action the Senate will take. I think the solution of the whole question would be obtained by a resolution of Congress requesting the Administration to insist upon the status quo as it existed at the time of the conference in this city between representatives from England, Germany and the United States in the fall of 1877, that we have a right too under all the tenets of international laws and precedents, and we are perfectly justified in insisting upon that course. By taking up the subject at that point the difficulties might be adjusted without any trouble ensuing between the two Governments. Our interests in Samoa are stronger than those of any foreign power, and I, for one, am in favor of protecting them."

The attitude of the Navy Department in the Samoan matter is well known here in official circles. Secretary Whitney is in favor of a vigorous action, and as has been mentioned in these dispatches he has expedited the sending of war ships. He was in favor of pursuing the same policy toward Germany as he did in the matter of the seizure of the Haytien Republic. The conservative State Department, however, holds the navy people in restraint.

The Swaim Retirement Fiasco.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23. — The question of a change in the head of the Bureau of Military Justice for the present seems to be settled by the report of the Army Board that Gen Swaim is not incapacitated to such an extent as to call for his retirement. This will probably postpone action in his case for about a year and a half when he can be retired on account of his service of thirty years. The failure of the present occasion seems to have arisen from Gen. Swaim resisting retirement after the board was convened, from the fear that in some way he was to be set aside without clearing his record. He was willing to be retired if the President would remit his sentence. This was included in all requests made to the President by his counsel. The only note Gen. Swaim received in the matter was an order to appear before a retiring board. As there was no notice of a remission of sentence, he became fearful that this might not be forthcoming. This is believed to have prompted him to resist retirement before the board until he could be satisfied that he was to receive full pardon. On the other hand, it seems certain that the President intended to proceed according to the understanding with Swaim's friends, but that he regarded the first step in order to ascertain officially, through a board, that Swaim was a proper subject for retirement.

American Interests in Samoa.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—Senator Sherman this morning, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported the following amendments to the diplomatic and consular appropriation, designed to protect the interests of the United States in Samoa:

For the execution of the obligations and the protection of the interests of the United States existing under the treaty between the United States and the Government of the Samoan Islands $500,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended under the direction of the President, this appropriation to be immediately available.

For the survey, improvement and occupation of the bay and harbor of Pogopago in the Island of Tutuila, Samoa, and for the construction of the necessary wharves and buildings for such occupation and for a coaling station thereon, under the direction of the President, $100,000, this appropriation to be immediately available.

The House Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The Senate amendments to the House tariff bill have been engrossed and the bill will be sent to the House some time in the afternoon. There it will be referred by Speaker Carlisle to the Committee on Ways and means, pro forma, unless objection is made. Then it will be for the House to determine what shall be done with it. There is no expectation that it will go into any other committee, however. Then to-night or to-morrow morning, according to present understanding, the Democrats will hold a caucus and settle upon a plan for dealing with the bill. There are proposed: 1. To let the bill die in committee. 2. To report adversely and then let it die under discussion. 3. To go into conference over it.

New York Custom-House Removals.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Acting Secretary Thompson has informed David C. Sturges, Assistant Appraiser at New York, that the President has directed his removal from office. The Acting Secretary also directed the removal of Geo. C. Hemmill, examiner of Class 4, and Meyer Meyer, foreman of openers and packers, Class A, in the Appraiser's office. Mr. D. Addington Knight was appointed foreman in place of Mr. Meyer.

The South Atlantic Squadron.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—A telegram was received at the Navy Department this morning from Commodore Gillis, commending the South Atlantic Squadron, announcing the arrival of the United States steamer Swatara at Montevideo, yesterday from a cruise to the Straits of Magdalen and Tallapoosa, are also at Montevideo. The health of the Squadron is reported excellent.

Stanford's Failure to Vote.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The fact that Senator Stanford did not vote last evening when the tariff bill was finally brought to a vote excited some comment. This morning it is stated that Senator Stanford was permanently paired with his colleague, Hearst, on the tariff question. If Hearst had been present last evening Stanford would have voted for the passage of the bill.

Senator-Elect McMillen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Senator-elect McMillen of Michigan came over from New York last night, and to-day was on the floor of the Senate making the acquaintance of his future associates through the kind offices of Senator Palmer, whom he succeeds in the Fifty-first Congress.

Found Dead in Bed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The Navy Department is informed that Passed Assistant Surgeon W. G. Wilson was found dead in his bed on the Receiving ship St. Louis, at the League Island Navy Yard this morning.

To-Day's Bond Offerings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—To-day's bond offerings aggregated $1,015,000 as follows: Registered, 4½s, $1,015,000 at $1.09.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Mr. Hale, from the Census Committee, reported back with sundry amendments the House bill to provide for taking the eleventh and subsequent censuses, and gave notice that he would, at an early day, ask the Senate to proceed to its consideration.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported two amendments to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill to protect the interests of the United States in Samoan Islands.

Mr. Saulsbury, from the same committee, reported the bill further to fulfill obligations in regard to the Guano Islands. Calendar.

Mr. Gibson presented a resolution of condolence as to the late Representative Robertson of Louisiana, and said he would call it up on Friday, the 15th of February. Mr. Blodgett made an explanation as to his pair with Mr. Riddleberger on the tariff bill. He had made that pair, he said, in good faith, at the request of Mr. Hiscock and with the understanding that the Senator from Virginia was in favor of the bill. He had hunted up that Senator and told him what he had done, and, at his request, he had allowed the pair to stand. Mr. Riddleberger remarked that there was no difference between the statement which he had made in the Senate last evening and that just made by the Senator from New Jersey. The pair had been made for the vote on agreeing to the amendment, and, after that vote, the Senator from New Jersey had sought him out in the cloak-room and said: "Let this pair stand." He believed that they both misunderstood each other at the time. Neither Senator would attack the integrity of the other as to that pair.

Mr. Boldgett: "I had no information that the Senator from Virginia was opposed to the passage of the bill. I paired with him believing him to be in favor of its passage, and I want that fact to be distinctly understood."

On motion of Mr. Jones of Arkansas the Senate bill granting to the Big Horn Southern Railroad Co. right of way through a part of the Crow Indian Reservation in Montana was passed.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the bill to declare unlawful trusts and combinations in restraint of trade and production was taken up for consideration and was amended by striking out of the first section the words "that competes with any similar article upon which a duty is levied by the United States," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "in due course of trade." He then proposed that the bill go over till to-morrow to allow Mr. Hoar to offer some amendments to it.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Immediately after the reading of the journal the House went into committee of the whole (Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, in the chair) on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

THE CREMATORY FIRE.

Partial Destruction of the Building — The Furnaces Still Uninjured.

The Missouri Crematory, on Sublette avenue, was partially destroyed by fire at 9:30 o'clock last night. The watchman, Charles Ruppel, and some of the residents in the vicinity saved some of the urns containing the ashes of the dead, and those that could not be removed were not injured. Four were resting in niches so high that they could not be reached without a ladder. Two of them fell, but were unbroken, and the other two are still in their places. The crematory, which was composed of one large room and two ante-rooms located over the basement where the furnaces were erected, was completed in March, 1888, and cost $20,000.

Yesterday afternoon word was sent to the crematory to make preparations for the cremation of the remains of Peter F. Maas, who died at the Alexian Brothers' Hospital. At 3:30 o'clock the body was introduced into the furnace. The basement was visited at 5:30 and again at 6:30 o'clock. When it was found that the body was almost incinerated the fires were left to burn down. The watchman reports that at 9:30 the fire was nearly out when he discovered a blaze over the southwest corner of the building, which was on fire. Several neighbors were summoned and an alarm of fire was turned on from the Insane Asylum. The men who responded to the watchman's call rescued the urns, the organ and some of the furniture before they were driven off by the heat. It was fully twenty minutes before the alarm to the department was answered. On the arrival of the firemen they found that there was only a very limited supply of water in a cistern. This was pumped into the building almost without effect. The four walls were left standing, but they are sound and uninjured. There was but little combustible material in the building, and when it was consumed the fire had nothing more to feed on. The furnaces are likewise uninjured, and they will be ready for incinerations to-morrow. The watchman is of the opinion that the fire was caused by a defective flue into which some of the wood supports had been built and by which the flames passed into the space between the ceiling and the roof.

The crematory was built by a fund contributed by 430 persons. At present the officers of the society are as follows: Mr. Chas. Stifel, President; Dr. Emil Preetorius, Vice-President; Arthur Olshausen, Treasurer, and Otto Wilhelmi, Secretary. The crematory was insured for $2,000, which President Stifel says will cover the losses. Dr. Luedeking, one of the Directors, was seen to-day and he said: "The crematory will be rebuilt at once and the officers will spare no pains to put it in perfect condition again as soon as possible. I have met about town to-day some of the heaviest subscribers, and they all express a willingness to duplicate their subscriptions if necessary, to repair whatever damage has been done. During the short period of nine months there have been twenty-eight incinerations, and the supporters of the movement are found among the most intelligent people of the city. The movement is a success, and we do not intend to permit it to be retarded."

The first cremation occurred, May 6, 1888, and below is given a list of the people incinerated, the place of their nativity and the date of their cremation:

1888.

Elizabeth T. Terry, St. Louis, May 6.
Clara L. Olshausen, Germany, May 10.
Elise Stoehr, ——, May 16.
Dr. William B. Hazard, Vermont, May 17.
Robert Martin, Ireland, May 20.
Fred Grafenstein, Germany, May 20.
Richard Priber, Germany, May 29.
Louise Horn, Germany, June 7.
Harry F. Ernst, Germany, June 17.
Jacob Meister, Switzerland, July 24.
Edw L. Francke, Germany, July 30.
Alfred B. Nagel, St. Louis, August 3.
Christ Boenning, Germany, August 6.
Bernard Bloche, Austria, September 7.
Rud E. Katte, France, September 9.
Louis Foerch, Germany, September 20.
Frank Hartwig, St. Louis, September 24.
David W. Horton, United States, October 13.
Heinrich Vogel, Germany, October 24.
Rudolph Tessmer, Germany, November 1.
Blanch Berr, ——, November 24.
Josephine Schmala, Austria, December 1.
Gertrude Dryer, Summerfield, Ill., December 10.
Dr. Geo. Jno. Bernays, Germany, December 18.

1889.

K. Thos. Heaton, Vermont, January 4.
Julius Krummer, Germany, January 19.
Hugo Gollmer, Germany, January 20.
Peter F. Maas, ——, January 22.

St. Stephen's Mission.

The ladies of St. Stephen's Mission are endeavoring to sell 100,000 bricks at 10 cents each to build a mission-house in the spring. Any charitable people who wish to send contributions should address Miss Sallie Stephens of 810 South Eighth street, who is treasurer of the building fund. The room at 1204 South Seventh street, which is now being used by the mission, is entirely too small, and better accommodations are needed for the extension of the charity.

Kettering—Watson.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HANNIBAL, Mo., January 23.—A marriage in high life takes place in this city this afternoon at 4 o'clock, that of Charley Kettering, a leading business man, and Miss Mattie Belle Watson, one of the reigning belles of the city. They will be married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Van Brown, on North Fourth street.

GETTING AT THE FACTS.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY TO BE INVESTIGATED.

Champ Clark's Substitute for the Webb Resolution Adopted by a Unanimous Vote—A Similar Resolution in the Senate—Gen. Jamison's Successor—The Missouri Legislature—Illinois General Assembly.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., January 23.—When the Webb resolution, providing for the investigation of the State University and Agricultural College, was called up as the special order of the day, some half-dozen amendments and substitutes, all intended to perfect the resolution, were offered, and some time consumed in discussing them. Mr. Flanagan of Jasper County made an eloquent plea for an impartial inquiry and offered an amendment that no one be appointed on the investigating committee who had formed or expressed an opinion on the subject. Mr. Flanagan's amendment was voted down. The question was finally narrowed down to the substitute offered by Champ Clark of Pike County.

Mr. Clark said: "I believe that the amendment of Mr. Flanagan was a good one as a suggestion. I think that the investigation should not be a Sanborn committee or an anti-Sanborn committee, a Laws committee or an anti-Laws committee, but should be able to act as impartial judges. If the charges against the university authorities are not true we want it known, and if they are founded on fact we want a committee that will say so in no uncertain language."

THE COMMITTEE CLERK'S PAY.

The House stuck on the clause in Clark's substitute providing that the clerk of the committee receive $5 a day. It was urged by Mr. Moore of Laclede that clerks could not receive over $3.50 a day. Almost every member of the House had an amendment of some kind to offer, and a great deal of time was lost in disposing of them, and a vote was finally taken on Clark's substitute, which was adopted by a unanimous vote. Mr. Clark's substitute is as follows:

"Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Missouri as follows: That a committee of five be appointed by the Speaker of the House to act in conjunction with any committee to be appointed by the Senate to go to Columbia and thoroughly investigate all the public institutions therein located; to send for persons and papers; to administer oaths; to sit with closed doors and to make a report to the Senate and House of their doings; and that said committee shall be empowered to employ a clerk who shall be paid not to exceed $5 per day. Said committee shall be allowed actual traveling expenses out of the contingent fund."

Speaker Russell announced that he would like some little time to consider the appointment of the committee.

GEN. JAMISON'S SUCCESSOR.

Adjutant-General Jamison is reported as having stated last night that Gov. Francis has finally determined to appoint Col. J. W. Wickham of Gallatin, Mo., to the position of Adjutant-General. At the Governor's office this morning no definite information could be obtained about the appointment. Col. Wickham's appointment, it is said, will not be received with special favor in Kansas City, where he is reported to have made a number of enemies during the trouble in the Kansas City militia while summering at Sweet Springs, about three years ago, which culminated in an official investigation of the conduct of certain regimental officers.

The report that Wickham would be appointed brought Col. H. Clay Taylor and the friends of other applicants for the position of Adjutant-General to the Governor's office. The Governor is reported as having assured them that he had not finally made up his mind in the matter and would not do so for some time. Further inquiry about the Sweet Springs encampment trouble, in which Wickham was involved, brought to light a charge, credited to Gen. Jamison, that there was some question about the proper disposition of a surplus left over after the payment of the expenses of the encampment, a part of which was turned over to Wickham as the Colonel in command of the Second Regiment. It appears that the Adjutant-General divided the surplus among the commanding officers with instructions to apportion it among the different companies. Wickham received $126.83, which it is charged was not properly divided among the companies under his command. When asked about the matter Wickham is reported to have said that he gave the money to some of his officers but he failed to remember their names.

THE HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

This morning it was the House instead of the Senate that was seized with a spasm of retrenchment and reform. Mr. Church, the Republican member from Harrison County, introduced a resolution cutting down the clerical force of the House by one half. Bob Hicklin of Lafayette County, made the point that the time spent in discussing the question was worth more to the State than the cost of the entire clerical staff of the Chief Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper combined. After a tedious debate the consideration of the resolution was postponed until to-morrow morning.

Mr. Flanagan of Jasper County submitted a petition asking for the passage of a bill providing that text books for use in public schools be furnished scholars at actual cost.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. Shinneman: An act appropriating money for the construction of a club-house for the students of the Rolla School of Mines.

By Mr. Spangler: An act to authorize cities to establish public libraries.

By Mr. Smith: An act relating to Justices' Courts.

By Mr. Swain: An act providing for the compulsory education of children and to provide books for the same.

Mr. Flanagan called up his resolution to investigate the expenditure of money on the branch penitentiary. The resolution was defeated by a strictly party vote of 48 ayes to 76 noes. The House adjourned until 9:30 to-morrow morning.

THE SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

In the Senate this morning Senator Sebree introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the charges against the management of the State University and Agricultural College. The resolution was debated and made the special order for next Friday at 10:30 o'clock. On motion of Senator Clay the resolution was reconsidered, and instead of being postponed was adopted. The committee will be appointed to-morrow.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Mr. Smith: To change the date of the appointment of the investigating committees by the Governor from December to November 10.

By Mr. Major: A bill to provide for the appointment of stenographers in counties of 45,000 inhabitants.

By Mr. Allen: To prevent the filling up of water courses and providing a penalty therefor.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

ILLINOIS GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

A Stormy Session in the Senate—Cullom Elected Senator.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., January 23.—To-day's session of the Senate was a stormy one. Mr. Bogardus offered a resolution providing for the appointment of ten janitors, who had been selected by ten Republican Senators. Mr. Shutt of Sangamon objected to the list, because the usual courtesy of allowing the Democratic side to select the janitor of the Democratic cloak-room had not been extended. A long discussion followed, in which some warm language was indulged in. Mr. Shumway led the debate, and moved to amend the resolution by adding the name of Charles Nelson, a colored Democrat of Springfield. The amendment was finally rejected, and the original resolution adopted, the Democrats refusing to vote.

A resolution was introduced providing for the submission of the question of prohibition to the people of the State. Twenty-seven bills were introduced.

The House received about fifty bills, the most curious being one intended to prevent marriage by proxy. It grows out of the marriage of Nina Van Zandt and Anarchist Spies. The final adjournment resolution, fixing the day for April 27, came up, and the Republicans undertook to defer it to a later date, to refer it and to lay it on the table. The Democrats made an active struggle, and all these efforts to dispose of the matter failed.

While the adjournment resolution was pending the Senate came in. The result of the vote for United States Senator was announced: Cullom, 115; Palmer, 81; Kent, 1, and Cullom was declared elected.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

A St. Louis Drummer Shoots His Wife and Suicides at Quincy, Ill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

QUINCY, Ill., January 23.—Quincy was thrown into a state of excitement this afternoon by the report of a cold-blooded double tragedy in a flat at No. 7 Maine street. Lafayette Fredericks, a traveling agent for Simmons' Medicine Co. of St. Louis, who has been jealous of his wife's conduct for some time, shortly after dinner to-day shot his wife in their room and then sent a bullet crashing into his own brain. From the wounds upon Mrs. Fredericks it appears that she threw up her arm when he fired, the ball going through her wrist and into her ear, causing instant death.

LATER NEWS.

The Coroner's jury, in examining the bodies, found two bullet wounds in the woman's head and three in the man.

MR. ANDERSON'S FREAK.

It's a Dime Museum Affair But Is Not On Exhibition.

"Who owns this place?"

"Blest if I know."

"Suppose we try and find out."

"All right, I'm with you, but you'll find it a tough job."

"Well, who are we, anyhow?"

"I don't know whether I'm you or whether you are yourself."

This was the conversation which took place at noon to-day in the office of the Olive street Musee under Pope's Theater.

The speakers were Mr. J. P. Smith, the manager of the great living curiosity, Mlle. Millie Christine, the two-bodied lady, and Mr. J. T. Jukes, the manager of the museum. This wonderful lack of certainty as to their own identity and the proprietorship of the museum, as indicated in the short chat above, was due to the fact that on Sunday night M. A. Anderson, one of the partners in the museum left town without notice. About $900, it is said, which made up the receipts of the week, was, in some unexplained manner, attached to, or reposing in the folds of his clothing when he took his departure. Anderson's partner, Daniel Cone, effectually severed his connection with the museum on Monday morning, so that the place was left practically without a boss. In explaining his mental condition, Mr. Smith stated to a reporter for the POST-DISPATCH:

"About two weeks ago I drew up a contract with Anderson & Cone to come on here from New York and to show Mlle. Christine at this museum. They agreed to pay me $600 and expenses. At the end of a fortnight, which was last night, I had not received a cent. My bill, including expenses, was in the neighborhood of $140, and I was anxious for my pay. I saw Anderson, and he told me that he would settle up on Monday morning or that he wished to see me Monday morning with a view to settling up. Monday morning came, but no Anderson. I then learned that he had skipped out with the receipts. His partner, Cone, gave me a bill of sale for the place asked me to take the museum for my bill. I did this, but Cottrill, the bill poster, attached the place for his bill. My lawyer told me that the bill of sale guarranteed me from past debts and it was on this assurance that I took the place. If I can run it on this basis, I will stay and assume all future responsibilities but if not, I will let it go."

There is a number of freaks in the museum who will be forced to go without pay for their services during last week; also a number of star specialty artists who amuse the people in the theatorium. These, however, are willing to trust to Mr. Smith's management. He says the business of the museum has increased since Anderson's departure and that if let alone he will make the affair pay. The museum will remain under the management of Mr. Jukes.

POWELL CLAYTON'S CHANCES.

He Talks About the Possibility of Harrison's Cabinet.

Powell Clayton of Arkansas was in the city to-day. The object of his visit, he said, when found by a POST-DISPATCH reporter in Richard Kerens' office in the Equitable building, was entirely on private business, and he had no intention of visiting Indianapolis. Jefferson Chandler, who came in while Mr. Clayton was talking with the reporter, walked up to the Arkansas statesman, and taking his hand, said:

"General, I want to shake hands with you before you get into the Cabinet, because I suppose then you wont want to acknowledge us."

"Well, I haven't any idea that I will be given a Cabinet position," said Mr. Clayton.

"I don't know about that," said Mr. Kerens, addressing the reporter, "I think he stands a very good show of being chosen as the Southern representative in the Cabinet. He has been indorsed by his own State, by the Republicans of Texas and in fact I may say is the choice of the Republicans of the Southwest. His only opponent so far is Mahone, or at least if there are any other Richmonds in the field I haven't heard of them."

"What position are your friends desirous of securing for you?" asked the reporter.

"None. They have simply indorsed me as a fit Southern man, and I am very proud of the indorsement, I assure you, although I do not expect to receive an appointment. Such a position cannot be honorably canvassed for, and, consequently, I haven't any idea as to whether I stand the slightest possible show or not."

"What do you think of Mr. Blaine's chances of being appointed Secretary of State, General?"

"Really, I don't know anything about his chances, sir, no more than you do. I have not got any political news whatever. Mr. Kerens here can probably give you some."

The reporter thought he could also, but for obvious reasons did not ask him what he thought about Mr. Blaine's chances.

"Why, I have been trying to get out of the General whether or not he is going to Indianapolis, and he has not told me that yet," said Mr. Kerens.

"I tell you positively that I am not," said the General. "I wish I had some news to give you," he continued, addressing the reporter in his polite way, "but really I have not."

OPENING THE TERRITORY.

The St. Louis Delegation Leaves To-Night—The Delegates Who Will Go.

Mr. George D. Barnard, who undertook to attend to the transportation wants of the delegation to the Fort Smith convention, which will discuss the opening of the Indian Territory and which will go into session to-morrow, was very busy to-day ascertaining just who are willing to attend. After some work Mr. Barnard made a list of those who assured him that they would go without fail. They are: Messrs. R. A. Campbell, J. G. Prather, Samuel Hays, T. C. Fletcher, Hamilton Daughaday, J. H. Terry, A. J. Heath and Mr. Barnard himself. This delegation, while not as large as was expected, is still a representative and a good one, and can do good work. The gentlemen will leave the Union Depot on the 'Frisco road to-night for Fort Smith. They have not as yet elected a spokesman, but propose to discuss a plan of action on board the train.

Mr. E. C. Simmons and Mr. D. H. MacAdam decided at the last moment that they could not go.

A Lockout Ordered.

SEATTLE, W. T., January 23.—Knights of Labor have ordered a general lockout at the mines of the Oregon Improvement Co. to force the company to disarm the Miners' Union. The Knights charge the company with furnishing rifles to the Miners' Union. The Knights are also arming themselves. Bloodshed is expected at any moment. Sheriff Cochrane has wired Gov. Semple to come and investigate. The Oregon Improvement Co. has a force of railroad detectives and deputy marshals in readiness. Two of the mines have closed down. The *Post-Intelligencer* yesterday published a letter from Supt. McNeil of the Oregon Improvement Co.'s mine making concessions to the Knights of Labor, in which the company reconsiders the original intention to refuse employment to the Knights. The company will make no further discrimination. This will probably induce the miners to disarm.

TO SAVE THE CORN TRADE.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE APPOINTS A COMMITTEE TO GO TO OMAHA.

And to Confer With the Officers of the Union Pacific on the Proposed Abolition of the Corn Differential—A Big Meeting on 'Change To-Day—Members of the Committee—The Petition.

A meeting of the grain factors on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange was held in the reading-room of the Exchange this afternoon for the purpose of considering and taking immediate action on the proposed abolition of the differential rate on corn from the cornfields to St. Louis. The meeting was very largely attended.

President Cox acted as Chairman and Mr. George Morgan as Secretary of the meeting. When the meeting came to order Mr. Web M. Samuel arose and read a petition addressed to the Board of Directors. The petition was as follows:

THE PETITION.

To the President and Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis, Mo.:

DEAR SIRS—The members of this Exchange and the business men of this city have been informed through a "joint through grain tariff" of the Union Pacific Railway issued on the 14th of this month and taking effect on January 25 that the rates on all grain from their roads and consigned to St. Louis has been made 3 cents per 100 pounds less than to Chicago, thereby setting aside the differential rate of 5 cents per 100, as between St. Louis and Chicago which has prevailed for the past fifteen years or virtually advancing rates to St. Louis 2 cents per 100. The Wabash, Missouri Pacific, C., B. & Q. and 'Frisco Railway who have connections with the Union Pacific, have given assurance to the merchants who have called upon them that there is no disposition or intention on their part to change the agreed differentials between Chicago and St. Louis on grain.

But it is found that the Union Pacific, on account of some arrangement it has with its Eastern connections, which gives that company about 1 cent per 100 less on St. Louis than Chicago corn as its proportion of the through rate, and presumably being unable to get a change of their divisions with its connecting lines, proposes to overcome this difference at the expense of the St. Louis grain trade, by an arbitrary change of the differentials heretofore agreed upon without the assent of its connecting Eastern lines. If the Union Pacific desires and can advance its grain rates St. Louis will not complain, provided a similar advance made to St. Louis be applied to Chicago and other competitive markets. This action of the Union Pacific will not only seriously injure St. Louis trade in the amount of grain receipts from that railroad, but establishes the basis of rates for St. Louis as contrasted with Chicago, which will enable the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley, the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, the Sioux City & Pacific and other Northwestern lines of railway which have direct interest with Chicago to divert from St. Louis a very large portion of the grain trade which has sought this market. Even should this proposed change of the differential be confined to the territory referred it will largely diminish the receipts of St. Louis, as a considerable proportion of the corn reaching this market has come from that section, and, in considering it we must not overlook the fact that if

THE PROPOSED CHANGE

in rates is made effective it will only be one step further in helping lines terminating at Chicago to break down the differentials between St. Louis and Chicago on grain from territory further south. The St. Louis roads which are disposed to stand by and protect our market in this controversy should be strengthened by the support of all the mercantile and manufacturing interests of this city, and in fact by every one who has an interest in the prosperity of our city and every effort on the part of any road to accord unfair treatment to the interests of this city in any one of its multiplied branches of trade should be resisted by united action on the part of all interests represented in its general trade and commerce, and we earnestly appeal to this Exchange representing largely the great mercantile, manufacturing and export trade of this city, to take immediate and firm action in behalf of the interest of the grain trade of its merchants in the Northwest, which is thus rudely attacked.

That a railroad like the Union Pacific, which terminates at the Missouri River, and should have no greater interest in Chicago than in St. Louis should inaugurate a policy of this kind has not been anticipated, even remotely, and the reasons for it are, therefore, unaccountable, but believing that there will be found a disposition on the part of the management of that company to accord fair treatment to the shippers of this city who have heretofore patronized them so liberally, when the effect of their proposed action is shown them, it is recommended that a committee of representative merchants be appointed by this Exchange, to confer with the managers of the Union Pacific Railway at its headquarters at Omaha, and protest in behalf of the trade of this city against the unjust discrimination which would be made against it by the enforcement of the proposed new tariff of rates.

The petition was signed by Web M. Samuel and a large number of grain receivers.

A COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

After Mr. Samuel was through reading the petition, Mr. D. P. Grier arose and addressed the meeting. He went over the ground carefully explaining the situation. The statement he made in the case enlarged upon the facts already printed in full in the POST-DISPATCH. President Cox then informed those present that the meeting had adjourned and requested all to leave the room except the members of the board. The board then went into session and the following committee was appointed, in accordance with the petition: D. P. Grier, Chairman; Redmond Cleary, Web. M. Samuel, H. C. Haarstick, W. T. Langenberg, W. T. Anderson, J. H. Teasdale. This committee will leave for Omaha to-night.

Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GALESBURG, Ill., January 23.—James Brown, formerly a resident of St. Louis and a baker by trade, recently came to this city, since which time he has been buying iron and rags in order to support himself, not being able to obtain employment at his trade. Last evening he prepared to take his departure for Rock Island, and at the C., B. & Q. depot attempted to board the Rock Island train, which was in motion. His overcoat was caught in some way and he was thrown under the train. The wheels passed over his left leg between the foot and ankle. He was immediately taken into a carriage and conveyed to the Cottage Hotel, where he was attended by Dr. Judd, who this morning reported him as doing well.

Incorporated To-Day.

Articles of incorporation of the Sonnenfeld Millinery Co. were filed to-day. The capital stock is $80,000—800 shares, of which Herman Sonnenfeld has 399 shares; Adolph Rosenthal 399 shares, and Joseph Meyer 2 shares.

The Billington Furniture Co. filed articles of incorporation to-day. The capital stock is $30,000. T. Billington of San Francisco has 185 shares; Henry Chhn, Dallas, Tex., 1 share; R. C. Richs, Dallas, Tex., 109 shares, and James J. Ligon, 5 shares.

Accidentally Killed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., January 23.—Advices from Hampton, Ark., say that Robert Davis and Peter Cook went out into the swamps to find some hogs. The men parted, and Davis hearing a noise in the undergrowth some distance from him fired into the bushes, wounding Cook who had been hidden from view. Davis carried the wounded man to his home, some miles away, where he died.

A Policeman's Tough Boy.

GALESBURG, Ill., January 23.—Mike Morrissey, son of Policeman Ed Morrissey, was last night arrested for fast driving. He resisted arrest and fought the police. More help had to be called, and after a severe tussle the entire police force succeeded in taking him to the police station. He is 18 years of age.

The New Directory.

Persons who have made a change in their residence or business should report it to the Gould Directory office at No. 813 Locust street, at once. This will insure correctness in the directory, which is soon to go to press. Mr. Gould asks all citizens to him in this matter, as it is as much for their benefit as for that of the management.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Fair Market—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

Trading on call was not so brisk as it has lately been, but the cause evidently was that stocks were firmly held, as bidding generally advanced, and was for large blocks. This was most apparent in the lower priced stocks, the increase in value being most marked in these.

⁂

Frisco opened very strong, the first bids being 67½, with offers at 68¾. At the former price a sale of 500 shares was enough to force bidding up to 68¾, at which figure there were heavy sales, over 2,200 shares changing hands. The stock then fell back to 67½, the transfers at this figure being very heavy, amounting to over 4,000 shares. These large sales broke the market, and after 100 shares had been disposed of at 66½, bidding fell to 65. Here the friends of the property made a stand and checked a further decline; 2,500 shares were sold at this price, and trading closed at 65 bid, 66¼ asked. The news from the mine continues to be most encouraging. Superintendent Smith telegraphs that the vein is looking better, and that he entertains no doubt that it will be permanent. Arrangements for controlling the free flow of water are nearly complete, and little further inconvenience is expected from this quarter. Ore is being taken out and another shipment will be made within a short time, which is expected to be even better than the last.

⁂

Most unusual activity was exhibited in Pat Murphy. The opening bid was at 21¾, but contrary to the general rule a great many offers to sell at 22½ were accepted, and over 3,600 shares were disposed of at this figure. The price then rose to 23¾, but after 700 shares had been sold returned to 22½. Again buyers were eager, and when the transfers at this quotation had reached 2,000 shares bidding rose to 23¾, and on this occasion 2,500 shares were sold, and this price bid for more. A momentary pause ensued, but finally the stock rose to 25, at which 700 shares changed hands, and the market closed. The cause of the advance was currently reported to be the probability of the resumption of shipments within a short time. The mine is so situated as to render shipments practically impossible during the winter months, but the unusual mildness of the season has prevented the accumulation of snow in such masses as generally occur, the miners have been able to work, a large amount of ore has been taken out and it is hoped that the roads will be open enough to admit of shipments within a few weeks. The winter operations are stated to have uncovered a very large body of ore in the lower level, grading well, and the Superintendent is confident of the outcome of the property.

⁂

West Granite, like nearly all other stocks, showed a decided advance. The market opened at $1.15, but a purchase of 200 shares was sufficient to send it up to $1.17½. At this figure the sales were large, some of the brokers who had bought very heavily at lower figures letting go, while others whose holdings had not been large buying 4,500 shares sold, and 200 shares brought $1.20. This was the top notch, as the stock immediately dropped back to $1.17½ and closed at this figure, 3,500 shares changing hands.

⁂

Black Oak opened at 55 asked, 53¾ bid, but just before the close of trading 900 shares sold at 55, and this price was freely offered for 500 share lots, with no takers. The advance is due to the reports that stoping will soon commence. The excellent reports of the first two weeks of November were from ore taken out in drifting, and it is expected that since the connection has been made between the winze and the rich ore in drift No. 3 the output will be nearly doubled.

⁂

It is reported that the machinery of the Sidney will be sold under attachment, thus stopping work on the mine. Several of the stockholders, however, report that there is no danger of any such action being taken, as enough money is available to pay off the indebtedness under which the mine has been attached, and that as soon as certain legal questions are settled operations will be resumed. The stock was offered at 2½.

⁂

Encouraging reports from Superintendent Nicholson of the Yuma Copper gave rise to an active demand for that stock and 2,500 shares changed hands at 35.

⁂

Jumbo sold at 23¾, 200 shares being transferred, and more was offered at 25. Work on the upraise connecting the upper and lower levels is progressing as fast as the inclemency of the weather will permit, and but 23 feet of unpenetrated ground separate the two drifts.

⁂

Aztec was offered at 48¾; Adams was 33¾ bid, 36¼ asked; 7 was bid for Cariboo; Central Silver was 23¾ bid, offered at 30; 14½ was bid for Concepcion; Gold King was offered at 55; Hope was $5.50 asked; 12½ was asked for I X L, 12 bid; $2.90 was bid for Silver Age; 2,000 Mary Foster sold at 12; $1.70 was asked for Mountain Key, $1.30 bid; 1,000 M. I. brought 16¼; 100 Neath sold at 16¼; 1,500 Rena sold at 2, closing at 2½ bid.

⁂

The Mining Exchange will, unless the conduct of many of the members undergoes a marked alteration, be able to dispense entirely with the annual dues and rely on the fines for the necessary revenue. Ten dollars was assessed to-day against as many members for violations of the rules.

⁂

At the opening of call this morning the caller announced that at 1:10 a sale of seats would take place. The active and associate members were allowed to bid, the successful competitors being allowed to select seats in order. These seats will be reserved for the purchasers during the call, the purchase being good until the end of the fiscal year of the Mining Exchange, which is the first Thursday in November next. In case a change of quarters is made, which seems most probable, as the members of the Exchange find themselves cramped for room, corresponding seats in any room that may be selected will be assigned the holders of chairs in the present Exchange. Nothing could more plainly prove the success and remarkable growth that has attended the Mining Exchange than the sharp competition and the prices that were paid. After lively bidding the first choice was sold to P. J. McMorrow of the McMorrow-Louderman-Newell Brokerage Co., the price paid being $50. He selected seat 21, the first chair in the third row. Joseph J. Mullally paid $40 for second choice, Wernse & Dieckman $36 for third choice and A. J. Weil $30 for fourth choice. The fifth and sixth choices, bought by L. A. Coquard and Leon Goldman, brought more than the fourth, selling for $33 apiece. J. W. Donaldson paid $30 for the seventh choice, and John E. Mulford gave $35 for eighth choice. The next seven seats were sold at prices between $30 and $20, and were bought by R. O. Clark, W. S. Weil, McNair & McPherson, Matthews & Whitaker, and Charles E. Clarkson in the order named. The entire number of seats sold was forty-four, from which was realized the sum of $698 in cash. Additional purchases will considerably increase this sum.

⁂

Money was plenty, and paper was readily discounted at 6@7 per cent. New York exchange 50c premium. Clearances, $3,003,104; balances, $632,935.

Not the Man.

Ernest Baurmann, who was arrested on suspicion of being one of the trio of highway robbers who held up Manley R. Vandervoort on Tenth street on Monday night, appeared before Judge Cady to-day. The charge of robbery was dropped and Baurmann was allowed to take hours to leave the city. He says he had nothing to do with the robbery, and that the police simply took him because he looked like a man who was wanted for the crime.

The Coke-Workers' Grievances.

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 23.—A meeting of the 14,000 coke-workers in the Connellsville region will be held at Scottdale on Saturday to consider the advisability of striking if their scale is not accepted by the operators. The scale was presented to the operators several weeks ago, but no reply has been received by the workmen.

The Mail Closes Early.

On account of a change of the schedule of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway the mail for Memphis, the Memphis and New Orleans railway post-office, the Cotton Belt road in Arkansas and for points between Knobel and Helena on the Iron Mountain, will close at the Post-office at 5:35 p. m. instead of 7:15 p. m.

"OVERZEALOUS FRIENDS"

BLAMED FOR THE BRIBERY FEATURE OF THE MINNESOTA SENATORIAL CONTEST.

Report of the Investigating Committee—A Vote Taken and Gen. Washburn Elected—John Wanamaker at Indianapolis—The Deadlock in West Virginia—Senator McPherson of New Jersey Re-Elected—Political.

ST. PAUL, Minn., January 23.—Before 10 o'clock this morning nearly every member of the House of Representatives was in his seat ready for business. The Investigating Committee had been in session until midnight and started to work once more early this morning, and it was understood that a partial report would be submitted. After being called to order a short recess was taken to allow the committee further time. The business pending was the motion to elect a United States Senator. Mr. Lane moved to amend by first hearing the report of the Investigating Committee, and after various other amendments, substitutes, etc., it was decided to take a further recess until 10:40 to await the report of the committee. It is now thought the report will be brief and will recommend action. Judging by the report of the Senate Committee and the action taken by that body last night, there seems every reason to believe that the House will cast a vote for United States Senator before noon, at which hour the result in both houses will be announced in joint session. From all appearances at this hour (10:30) Gen. Washburn will go in without trouble.

The Committee on Investigation came in promptly on time and presented their report. It opens with the resolution appointing the committee and states that a large number of witnesses have been examined; that several persons were offered money or other things of value by over-zealous friends of the several candidates; but there is no evidence in any way whatever implicating either Gen. Washburn or Senator Sabin, nor is any member of either branch of the Legislature shown to have received any money or other bribe. The recommendation was the unanimous voice of the committee.

Mr. Lane called for the reading of the testimony to the House, and a lively debate was aroused by his motion. Mr. Ives (Democratic) thought the House ought to know the inside of the Republican caucus. Others thought the committee had judiciary powers and their report should be accepted as final. Mr. Sevaison, Chairman of the committee, supported the motion to have the evidence read. Mr. H. F. Stevens thought the law and the constitution demanded the acceptance of the report without wasting time on a tiresome mass of testimony. A call of the House was ordered and showed only three absentees. The amendment to hear the testimony was lost and the main question of accepting the report and proceeding with the regular business was carried. The roll was then called for the election of United States Senator. The ballot resulted: W. D. Washburn, 89; E. W. Durant (Dem.), 9; C. M. Start, 8; F. M. Wilson, 2; M. E. Clapp, 1.

The joint ballot of the Minnesota House and Senate for United States Senator resulted at 1:05 p. m. as follows: W. D. Washburn, 107; Durant, 20; Start, 9; Wilson, 2; scattering, 3. Whole number of votes cast, 141; necessary to a choice, 71.

Wanamaker at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., January 23.—John Wanamaker, the Philadelphia magnate, arrived at 12:30; the train was late. A committee from the local Wanamaker Club, which was uniformed by him, was at the depot to escort their patron up the city, but they missed him in the crowd. Mr. Wanamaker alighted unaccompanied, and quietly passed through the crowd at the gates without being recognized, took a carriage and drove direct to Gen. Harrison's, where he lunched. He will return to Philadelphia this afternoon.

The West Virginia Senatorship.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., January 23.—The two Houses of the Legislature met in joint session at noon, and ballotted for United States Senator with the following result: Goff (R.), 41; Kenna (D.), 25, with 23 scattering. After one ballot the joint assembly dissolved until to-morrow.

Senator McPherson Re-Elected.

TRENTON, N. J., January 23.—Both branches of the Legislature met in joint session to-day and Senator McPherson was formally declared elected United States Senator.

LADIES OF THE SACRED HEART.

They File an Answer to the Suit to Take Away Their Property.

The ladies of the Sacred Heart Convent filed their answer to-day to the petition in the quo warranto proceedings begun by the State of Missouri at the relation of Ashley C. Clover, attorney. It is claimed that by making a convent of the institution instead of an orphan asylum of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart have forfeited their title to the property they now occupy and that they have maintained a few orphans there simply for the purpose of setting up the claim that it is still used as an orphan asylum as directed by the will of John Mullanphy, who left them the property. The answer which the ladies made is simply a general denial of the allegations of the petition and an assertion that they have strictly carried out the provisions of the will and therefore their charter ought not to be forfeited.

INVESTIGATING DUNBAR.

The Deputy Coroner Asked to Answer Charges of Brutality, Etc.

At 2:45 p. m. to-day Coroner Frank opened an official investigation of the charges against Deputy Coroner Dunbar in connection with the suicide of Mrs. Georgie Knapp at the St. James Hotel. The substance of the accusations were printed in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH and included statements that the Deputy Coroner had acted in a brutal manner towards the dying woman, had insisted on a statement from her, when Dr. Wm. F. Kier, her physician had told him she was not able to speak, had searched her valise and carried off her property, and her bank book, etc. Police Sergeant Tom Boyd was the first witness called. His testimony was unfavorable to the Deputy Coroner, and in part substantiated the charge. Other witnesses will be Dr. Kier, Thomas Miller, proprietor of the St. James, and some of the attaches of the hotel. The Coroner did not intend to begin the investigation until to-morrow, and it may last several days.

Miscalculation.

From the New York Sun.

"John," said a wife who was supposed to be on her death-bed, "in case of my death I think a man of your temperament and domestic nature, aside from the good of the children, ought to marry again."

"Do you think so, my dear?"

"I certainly do, after a reasonable length of time."

"Well, now, do you know, my dear, that relieves my mind of a great burden. The little widow Jenkins has acted rather demure toward me ever since you were taken sick. She is not the woman you are, of course, a strong-minded, intelligent woman of character; but she is plump and pretty and I am sure she would make me a very desirable wife."

The next day Mrs. John was able to sit up, the following day she went down-stairs, and on the third day she was planning for a new dress.

A Penalty of Unconventionality.

From the San Francisco Report.

A young man who dared to break through stern custom and go to see an Oakland young lady during the eclipse last New Year's Day was, upon retiring, rewarded with a remark which must be regarded as rather mean if the young lady understood the full significance of her words. She said as she was closing the door. "I hope you will call again the very next time we have another total eclipse." Now he is waiting for an answer from Prof. Holden to know if it be a fact that we shall not have another such for 119 years.

AT LESS THAN HALF ACTUAL VALUE!

A Grand Purchase of KID GLOVES.

Penny and Gentles

HAVE PURCHASED

1000 Pairs KID GLOVES

Slightly damaged in fitting on. None worth less than 75c; some worth as high as $2.00. They are all colors, and all sizes. They will be on sale To-Morrow (Thursday) Morning at 10 o'clock.

PRICES WILL BE:

25c, 29c AND 39c a Pair!

You can save $1.00 to $1.50 a pair on some of these.

PENNY & GENTLES,

Southwest Cor. Broadway and Franklin Avenue.

THIRD WEEK!

Shovel-'Em-Out Clearing Sale!

CONFIDENTIAL—If, after you have visited some of the questionable Clearing Sales about town and got disgusted, you come to us, our prices will soon prove to you that OURS is a BONA FIDE CLEARING SALE.

Men's Overcoats at $1.00, to the finest Baltimore Tailor Made; $20.00 and $25.00 Overcoats at $12.75. Boys' Overcoats at 50c to the finest Tailor-Made; $15.00 Overcoats going at $6.75. Men's Good Suits at $2.65 to the finest Baltimore Tailor Made; $20.00 and $25.00 Suits at $12.75. Men's Union Cassimere Pants at 75c to the finest Tailor Made; $7.50 Pants at $5.00. Four-ply Linen Collars, 3 1-3c. Cuffs, 10c. Hats and Caps as low as 5c. $5 Silk Hats at $3. All-wool Flannel Underwear, 25c. $3.50 Men's Cassimere Pants, $2.15. Knee Pants as low as 15c. Ladies' $3 fine Dongola Dress Boots, $2. Men's $2 Shoes, $1.

All Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps & Furnish'g Goods

Shoveled Out at Never-Before-Heard-Of Low Figures.

GLOBE,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 FRANKLIN AV.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m. Send in your Mail Orders.

COMPETING WITH CANADA

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC ROAD ENGINEERING AN IMPORTANT SCHEME.

Securing a Route to Compete With the Canadian Pacific Railway—The Legislature of Quebec Asked for Important Charters—Americans Interested in the Scheme—Strong Opposition—The Scalpers—Railroad News.

QUEBEC, January 23.—The Northern Pacific Railroad has on foot a scheme by which it can obtain a thorough route through Canada to enable it to compete with the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Dominion Government being friendly to the Canadian Pacific, the Northern Pacific turned for assistance to the Provincial Legislatures of Quebec and Ontario, these Governments being opposed in politics to the Federal Government, for charters for short links, which, when combined with the Grand Trunk, will give the Northern Pacific a direct route from the Sault to the sea at Gaspe Basin. The bills of this kind were presented yesterday to the Quebec Legislature. The first of these is to incorporate the Peninsula & Gaspe Short Line Railway Co., with a share capital of $500,000. The promoters are Jacob Webber Thompson, Frederick Wilhelm Kraes, Chas. Eddy Fowler, Wm. Leavery and Josiah Nelson Rogers of St. Paul, Minn., and Achille Cartier and Chas. Langlier, members of Parliament, of Quebec, two local wire-pullers. The line is to run from Gaspe Basin to a point on the River Metapediac, north of the River Casupscull. Here it is to be joined by the Eastern Railway, which is to run to St. Jean Chrystome, opposite Quebec. The Inter-Colonial Railway has a bridge over the Casupscull which will probably be used to unite the two links. The share capital of this road will be $1,000,000. The promoters are Orlando F. Barnes of Lansing, Mich.; R. M. Gilbert of Columbus, O.; J. N. Rogers and Jacob Webber Thompson of St. Paul, Minn.; John M. Dusser, banker, of Mason, Mich., and Chas Langlier of Quebec.

The third link is the Northern Central Railway, which is to run from St. Jean Chrystome to opposite Ottawa, where the jurisdiction of the Quebec Legislature ends. The capital of this railroad is to be $1,000,000. The promoters are the same as in the other railways with the addition of Wm. Stevens of Detroit and Edward J. John Rogers and Henry Justus of St. Paul. These companies ask by their applications for a charter to hold mining and timber lands and work the same, to build wharves where necessary and sundry other powers which the local Legislature can not give. The rest lies with Ontario and corresponding measures will be introduced in that Legislature, which meets next week.

Another measure which is probably intended to counteract this scheme was introduced yesterday under the name of the Matane Railway. This is simply to build a line from the Inter-Colonial at Rimouski to Matane, and thence to Gaspe Basin. This measure is promoted by Mgr. Langevin, Bishop of Rimouski, Grand Vicar Langevin, both of whom are brothers of Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, and the leading business men and clergy of the district. By this means the Canadian Pacific will have access via the Inter-Colonial to the terminus of the Northern Pacific. The Conservative opposition in the provincial Legislature of Quebec intend to fight to the uttermost the project of the Northern Pacific Railway to secure a through route through Canada to the sea. The promoters of the bills are all Americans with the exception of Chas. Langlier, Achille Cartier, and J. P. Prevost. Now it has been decided by Bourinot and other parliamentary authorities that aliens non-resident in the dominion of Canada, have no right to petition a Parliament of Canada and the three Canadians named have no means of carrying on such a gigantic enterprise, being all poor men. The Opposition hopes to defeat the bills on these points.

After the Managers.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23.—When Interstate Commerce Commissioners Cooley and Morrison a few weeks ago laid down the law to the managers of the various roads centering in this city, they expected that their recommendations would be complied with and the illegitimate and unlawful practices resorted to in transacting their passenger business abandoned. They have learned, however, that the condition of affairs has but little improved since then, and that scalpers still continue to sell tickets at less rates than they are sold at regular ticket offices, and they have therefore decided to make another trip to this city and adopt measures that will compel the railroads to comply with the law. They are expected to arrive here next Monday, and will at once proceed with their investigation. The Commissioners also propose to thoroughly investigate the charges against the Iowa roads for discriminating against the packing-house interests in this city, by making rates on live hogs from the Missouri river unproportionately higher than the rates on packing-house products.

California's Wine Yield.

From the San Francisco Alta.

While the production of California's vineyards was not so great as had been expected early in the season, the total yield during the past year was 17,000,000 gallons, an increase of a million gallons over the previous year. At the beginning of the season the vines gave evidence of producing a very large yield, and in August it was estimated that the production would be 21,000,000 gallons. After that, however, the State was visited by two weeks of hot weather, followed by rain, with the result of a diminution of at least one-fourth of the crop. Of this amount at least 4,000,000 gallons will be distilled, producing about 600,000 gallons of brandy. The balance of 13,000,000 gallons will consist of dry and sweet wines. During the past year over 7,000,000 gallons have been exported, and there was a home consumption of 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 gallons. It will therefore be seen that there is no overproduction at the present time. The total shipments of wine, the value of which if approximated at 40 cents a gallon, from this city were 7,170,634 gallons, and of brandy 428,135 gallons. The shipments in 1887 were: Wine, 6,901,771, and brandy, 472,452 gallons. The heaviest shipments to one port were to New York, where 3,002,568 gallons of wine and brandy were sent. The shipments to the same place in 1887 amounted to 1,688,227 gallons. In 1887, 258,248 gallons were shipped to foreign ports, while the shipments last year increased to 398,879 gallons.

The American Bonaparte Family.

From a Washington Letter.

The *Diplomatic Corps*, while mourning for Lord Sackville and his daughters, and missing the hospitalities of the British Legation this winter, will be mourning for the Bonapartes next winter. Col. Jerome Bonaparte is considered quite as a member of the foreign colony here, and his household a French-speaking one. While an American by birth, he has always kept up his attachment and relationship for France. He fought in the French army in the war in Africa and in the Franco-German war, and has rank as a Colonel. He has spent half his life in France, counting in his annual visits, and is deep in Bonapartist councils and the most popular Bonaparte in the connection. In France he is always highly honored, and if Betsey Patterson's marriage is acknowledged he is the rightful heir of the Bonaparte pretensions. After this summer at their Newport home Col. Bonaparte will take his family to Paris to live, and intends to remain there from three to five years. His children are more French than American, and, although great-grandchildren of Daniel Webster, disdain their American blood and are proudest of being French and Bonapartes.

President's Names.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

It is a singular coincidence that there is only one exception to the rule that candidates for President whose name ended in N are elected. Tilden is the only exception. There have been a surprising number of Presidents with the N on the terminations of their names—Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, Van Buren, Harrison, Buchanan, Lincoln and Harrison. The Republicans had a double chance, because both of their candidates' names end with N, while the Democratic candidate for Vice-President, Thurman, could not overcome such heavy odds. The Presidents elected without an N at the termination of their names were not pitted against the unconquerable N. The President-elect, according to superstitious traditions, was lucky to have only one given name. This recalls the fact that fifteen of our Presidents, and Harrison will make the sixteenth, have had only one given name.

In the statement made yesterday that Mary Collins was granted a divorce from Martin Collins and the custody of four children the names were misplaced. The divorce and custody of the children were granted to Martin Collins.

DIED.

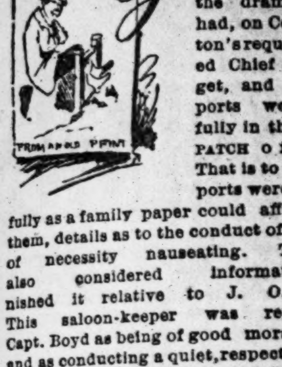
DOYLE—On Tuesday, January 22, at 4 p. m., MICHAEL, beloved son of Patrick Doyle, aged 19 years and 8 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 6300 South Seventh street, on Thursday, January 24, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

THE WORK PROGRESSES.

SEVEN DIVES IN A FAIR WAY TO BE CLOSED.

Action of the Police Commissioners on the Reports Yesterday—J. O. Jacobson's Saloon and Character to Be Further Investigated—Louis Lippe Kicks and Confesses—How the Kansas City Dives Are Closed.



YESTERDAY afternoon the Board of Police Commissioners received the reports on the dramshops they had, on Collector Sexton's request, instructed Chief Huebler to get, and which reports were printed fully in the POST-DISPATCH of yesterday. That is to say the reports were printed as fully as a family paper could afford to give them, details as to the conduct of dives being of necessity nauseating. The board also considered information furnished it relative to J. O. Jacobson. This saloon-keeper was reported by Capt. Boyd as being of good moral character and as conducting a quiet, respectable saloon. Jacobson was yesterday fined $100 for selling without a license during a ball at the Natatorium, and a warrant was taken out again him for perjury. He had sworn in the Police Court that he was not the bar owner but the bar-tender at the Natatorium, and his evidence was disproved. The board instructed Secretary Tate to hold back

THE REPORT ON JACOBSON,

but to forward the other reports to Collector Sexton with the request that he detach them from the applications and return them after possessing himself of their contents to the Secretary of the Board.

The Chief was instructed to investigate Jacobson further, and to-day Col. Huebler instructed Capt. Joyce of the Central District, in which district Jacobson's offenses were committed, to make an investigation of him.

COLLECTOR H. C. SEXTON

said: "I shall refuse licenses to all the dramshop keepers against whom the board reports unfavorably. I can do nothing else then grant licenses to those the board says are worthy. I am preparing another list of saloon-keepers against whom complaints have been lodged, and I will send this list to the board in a few days."

The collector was asked if he did not think the granting of a licence for the operation of John "Davis'" dive at Sixth and Elm streets was not legalizing the perpetuation of a den. He said "I have letters from some of the finest men in St. Louis indorsing John W. Salmering who has bought the place. I have the best of testimony that he is a man of good character. He brought a good petition from the block and furnished me with an affidavit as strong as I wanted it that John Dietring, alias Davis, nor Charley Dietring nor any of the Dietring family would have anything to do with the concern. He promised to run a respectable saloon, but how he is going to do it in that neighborhood I don't see. If he doesn't his business will come to an end next anuary."

LOUIS LIPPE,

who keeps the saloon al No. 613 Wash street, about whom the following report from Police Captain Samuel J. Boyd was published in the POST-DISPATCH yesterday, to-day called at this office and asked for at correction: "I herewith report, in regard to the attached application of Louis Lippe for a dramshop license at No. 613 Wash street, that the moral character of said Louis Lippe is bad, he cannot be believed under oath, and the saloon now kept by him at No. 613 Wash street is the resort of thieves and lewd women, and its (the saloon's) character and surroundings are bad."

The above report was taken directly from the reports to the Board of Police Commissioners.

Mr. Lippe said: "I am a man with a family, and have married daughters. I was never as black as I am made out in that report. I keep a saloon and may be the neighborhood is bad, but there are other bad neighborhoods. Take Pine street and Olive street and all of them. I get a license to run my business and then I can't refuse to sell my goods when people come in to buy them. A little disturbance now and then is not my fault. The hoodlums get drunk somewhere else and then come to my place and make trouble. I don't say I am so good a man that I am sure of going to heaven, but I am not a bad man and I don't keep the place they say I do. I think the Police Commissioners are wrong. They ought to change the police oftener on the beat. I can't support the police. I have a family to support. They all got gloves from me on Christmas and come in and get drinks and cigars whenever they want to but I can't give them pocket money, with my large family. I can't afford to do that. They get everything they want almost but I can't give them money. My neighbors may do it but I cant. If you will send a man to my place he can stay there as long as he wants, and see everything that is going on. Then I will take him and show him the places around me that are not interfered with, and it will make him open his eyes. There's Flynn's place in the alley. Flynn has a license, and I have none. Does Flynn keep a better place than I do? Yes, I gave the policemen gloves on Christmas. I gave both the men on the beat gloves. May be that wasn't right, but you have to do it."

A KANSAS CITY SUGGESTION.

A telegram from Kansas City says: "The Jackson County Court yesterday revoked the licenses of all the saloons on the Levee, from Broadway to the city limits, a distance of two and a half miles, and all the saloons in what is known as the Italian quarter. Of the fifty and odd revocations, all are of places in which crimes have been committed."

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. Edwards and daughter have returned home.

Miss Josie Thatcher left last night for Florida to be absent until May.

Mrs. J. C. Ellis will spend next week with friends on Dickson street.

Mrs. J. H. Bixler is the guest of her sister, Mrs. North of Dayton street.

Miss Hauk entertains the S. I. Musicale on next Tuesday, not to-day as announced.

Mrs. Dr. W. G. Moore left Saturday for Lynchburg, Va., to be absent several weeks.

Mrs. Wette of Cincinnati, who has been visiting Mrs. Bent, leaves for her home Saturday.

Mesdames Edward and Fred Paramore hold a large reception this afternoon at their residence on Lucas place.

Mrs. J. Nieding of St. Ange avenue left for California Monday, and will spend the remainder of the winter there.

Mr. and Mrs. Hull left for New York Monday night, where they expect to remain, making New York their future home.

Mrs. F. Baumann, nee Miss Minnie E. Oliver, of 2710 Locust street who has been so ill for the past ten days, is very much better.

Miss Davis, who has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Maizie Walker, has returned to her home at Bloomington after a charming visit.

Miss Essie Haas has left the city, for Chicago, to attend the wedding of her cousin, Miss Lottie Levy. Miss Haas will continue her visit for month.

A serenade was tendered Miss Nellie Sullivan of Lockport, N. Y., who is the guest of Miss Minnie Mullaney of 1807 Biddle street on Saturday evening.

The second entertainment and hop of the St. Joseph Light Guards will be given at Social Turner Hall, corner of Thirteenth and Monroe streets, this evening.

Mrs. Wm. B. Thompson and Miss Camilla Thompson of Easton avenue leave for New York Saturday to place Miss Camilla at school there. Mrs. Thompson returns home by the end of the week.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Gannon tendered them a pleasant surprise party. Dancing was indulged in until a late hour. At 12 o'clock repast was served. During the evening there was some vocal selections.

The Enterprise Club is composed of the following young men: Mr. Chas. Hotze, Will Hotze, Harry Waldon J. Shisler, W. Shisler, Edward Florreich, Frank Cornell, Geo. Zimmerer and a number of others. They give their first party on February 22, 1889.

Hon. L. B. Mizner and wife arrived yesterday from San Francisco en route for Washington City, where he goes to deposit the electoral vote of California. The day was spent with their sisters, Mrs. Ashley D. Scott and Mrs. Lucy V. S. Ames, where there was a family dinner party last night prior to their departure for the East.

Mrs. Walter S. Bartley entertained the West End Ladies' P. E. Club on Monday evening in the absence of Mrs. Edwards, who was called away. The first prize, a white gauze fan, delicately embroidered and edged with marabout plumes, was awarded to Mrs. A. E. Spiers. A handsome Russia-leather portfolio, lined with satin, was awarded to Mrs. Bartley. At these entertainments only chocolate and cakes are allowed. The guests numbered sixteen, Mrs. J. Hemphill, Mrs. W. Morrison, Miss Morrell, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Cosby, Mrs. J. W. McCullagh, Mrs. Allen Trail, Mrs. A. E. Spiers, Mrs. R. Arthur, Mrs. Dr. Greno and daughter, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Sawyer, Mrs. J. R. Christian and Mrs. Walter S. Bartley.

Mrs. Cowles entertained the P. E. Club Tuesday night at Hotel Beers. Mr. Cowles was telegraphed for from Kansas City, so had to leave, much to the regret of all. His nephew, Mr. Blanchard, made up the required number. First price, a Holland pitcher, was awarded to Mrs. M. Lyle. The second prize a Carlsbad Pot-pourri jar, was awarded to Mrs. Cowles. The first gent's prize, a silver cup and saucer, was won by Mr. O'Reilley. The second prize, a handsome box of silk handkerchiefs, was won by Mr. E. Clifford. Refreshments were served in the ladies' dining-room of the hotel. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. Christian, Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Bartley, Mr. and Mrs. M. Lyle, Mr. and Mrs. Kurtzeborn, Mr. and Mrs. Pond, Mr. and Mrs. Owens, Mr. and Mrs. T. Shelton, Mr. and Mrs. G. Wilde, Mr. and Mrs. Condell, Mr. and Mrs. O'Reilley, Mr. Blanchard, Mrs. Cowles, Mr. and Mrs. E. Clifford.

Mr. and Mrs. Koehler of St. Ange avenue gave an elegant pink domino euchre at their residence Monday evening. The parlors and dining-room were handsomely decorated with plants and flowers. There were ten tables. The tallies were very unique, each having a hand-painted mask on the face of the tally. The prizes were very elegant and were won by the following: Mrs. H. C. Gempp, first lady's prize, a beautiful silver urn of Roman design; Mrs. Nellie Busch-Weber, second prize, a handsome tete-a-tete set of Dresden china; Miss Krausnick, consolation prize, an artistic drum gayly decorated in bright ribbons. The first prize for gentlemen went to Dr. O. Forster, a plush toilet case; the second to Lewis Schnaider, a cut-glass bottle of perfume; the consolation prize went to Edward Faust, a gent's traveling companion. A lunch was served at 12 o'clock, after which dancing began. The ladies were full dress and some elegant costumes were worn. Among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Faust, Mrs. H. E. Gempp, Mrs. Elizabeth Schnaider, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Conrades, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Teichman, Mrs. Arthur Merrill of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. R. Limberg. Misses Anna Bang, Ida Gempp, Edmee Busch, Lee Schnaider, Nellie B. Weber, Tillie Koehler, Lilly Conrad, Clara Forster, Susie Forster, Edith Krausnick, Anna Teichman and Messrs. Otto Teichman, Arthur Gempp, Dr. O. Forster, Gussie Busch, Dr. Wm. Teichman, R. L. Gempp, Eddie Busch, A. E. Faust, Lewis Schnaider, Marquardt Forster, Otto Koehler, Edward Faust, Ed Krausnick, R. Smith.

Houser—Barlow.

A wedding of more than usual importance occurred this afternoon, the high contracting parties being Mr. D. M. Houser of the *Globe-Democrat* and Miss Agnes Barlow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen D. Barlow. The ceremony was quietly celebrated at the old family mansion on Chouteau avenue by Rev. Dr. Green of St. John's Episcopal Church, with only the immediate families of both parties in attendance. The bride, one of the most beautiful of the many fair women who have graced St. Louis society, a blonde of the purest type, with slight graceful figure, discarded the conventional wedding gown with bridal veil and wore instead a charming dress fashioned after the style of the directoire, in which she made a perfect picture. It was of white faille of the softest, richest quality, made with deep pleats, extending to the bottom of the demi traine, and over it a directoire coat of white broadcloth, with wide pointed revers and slashed sleeves, with deep cuffs. Frills of finest point d'Alencon lace filled the opening at the throat and finished the sleeves, falling over the tan-colored mousquetaire gloves, which were matched by her slippers. A large directoire hat, trimmed with white plumes, was the fitting finish to the costume and from a satin ribbon passed over her arm was suspended a large ball of roses, while in her hand she carried a prayer-book in white and gold.

Mr. Houser was attended by his son, Mr. D. M. Houser, Jr., and the bridemaid was her niece, Miss Lucy Turner, who also wore a directoire gown of the palest blue faille with cloth coat of the same delicate hue, with finish of lace at the throat and wrists. She also wore the broad brimmed directoire hat of pale blue felt, trimmed with blue plumes, and carried in her hand a large bunch of pink roses. The old fashioned parlors were gay with flowers, and grouped with plants, which formed a pretty setting for the bridal party and guests. Mrs. Barlow was assisted by her married daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Turner. Among those present were Miss Ida Houser, Mr. and Mrs. Will Houser, Mr. and Mrs. Will Adderton, Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Ray, Mr. J. B. McCullagh, Mrs. Eliza McKee and her daughter, Miss Ellen McKee, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stevenson, Mrs. James L. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Barlow Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Wainwright, and Miss Estelle Dickson.

Mr. and Mrs. Houser leave this evening for California and a tour of the Pacific Slope which will occupy two months.

Clark—Cunningham.

Another interesting and pretty wedding of to-day was that of Miss Lleia Cunningham, niece of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Freeman, to Mr. Charles C. Clark, which was celebrated at 3 o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman, No. 3509 Morgan street, Rev. Dr. Brank of the Central Presbyterian Church officiating. There was no one present at the ceremony except the near relatives and the reception which followed was limited to the relatives and intimate friends. Later when the pair return from their wedding journey cards will be issued for two receptions in February. For this occasion the halls and parlors were very elaborately decorated with flowers, the main salon was wainscoted with plants forming a semi-circle in the bay window, over which was spread a canopy of smilax, from which was suspended a birch canoe three feet long, filled with the choicest roses. All of the mantel pieces were banked with flowers, filling the air with fragrance. The floral garniture of the table was also very elaborate.

An orchestra stationed under the stairway played the "Wedding March" as the party descended and took their appointed places beneath the canopy. The bride wore a very elegant bridal robe of pure white faille Francaise with long princess train, the front covered with a superb flounce of round point lace. The corsage was made high with long sleeves, richly trimmed with the same fine old lace, and at her throat she wore a brooch set with diamonds. Her veil was of tulle confined to her hair by pearl pins, and in her hand she carried a bunch of bride's roses.

Her bridemaids, Misses Rosa Harbison of Louisville, Ky., and Sadie Brank, were costumed alike in white silk slips, covered with white point d'esprit, finish around the bottom with several rows of white moire ribbons. The bodices were made low and worn over guimps of the point d'esprit, drawn close about the throat and puffed sleeves reaching to the elbow, met by long gloves. They both carried large bunches of pink roses. The groomsmen were Mr. Cameron and Mr. T. W. Freeman.

After the ceremony there was a reception, which lasted from 4 to 6 o'clock, after which Mr. and Mrs. Clark will leave for the Eastern cities. Mrs. Freeman received her guests in an elegant gown of black Lyons velvet, made with a long court train and finished with point lace at the throat and wrists; diamonds at her throat and sparkling in her ears.

Eleven O'Clock Club.

The Eleven O'Clock Progressive Euchre Club was entertained last night by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Duncan of Pine street. Besides the club members, there was a visitor's table. Mr. and Mrs. Raynor, Mrs. Warrell and Mrs. Survors were the guests of the evening. The first lady's prize, a handsome gauze fan, was won by Mrs. Duncan Kehlor, and the lady's consolation prize was won by Mrs. Duncan, the hostess. The first prize for gentlemen, a choice box of cigars, was won by Dr. William S. Green, and the consolation prize, a corn thermometer, was won by Mr. Henry Meier. The next entertainment of the club will be by Dr. and Mrs. T. S. Green of Washington avenue.

She Wants Her Husband.

Mrs. A. L. Doyle of No. 31 Park street, New York City, writes to Chief Huebler, asking him to assist her in finding her husband, whom she thinks is in this city. His name is James Doyle, and he is an electrotyper and printer by trade. He was in Chicago when she last heard from him last September.

A WIFE NOT OLD ENOUGH.

MRS. FRANKIE HUFFINGTON CANNOT COME INTO HER PROPERTY NOW.

Judge Withrow's Decision To-Day in a Case Which Is the Second of the Kind Ever Tried in This Country—A Bull Terrier's Reputation in Court—Legal Notes and Doings in the Courts.

Judge Withrow rendered a decision this morning in the case of the State to the use of Frankie Huffington and George B. Huffington against Charles F. Walther et al., a case which has become somewhat celebrated because of its curious complications and the fact that there has been only one other case like it in this country. Mrs. Huffington was Miss Menges and one of her father's heirs. She married before she was of age and is yet a minor. The administrator has settled the estate and desires to pay her her portion, but she is still an infant and cannot release him from liability on his bond, and being a married woman, a curator or guardian cannot be appointed for her. This suit was brought to see if a way could be found to close the affairs of the estate by giving her her portion and releasing the administrator. Judge Withrow's opinion was as follows:

The petition in this case sets forth substantially the following state of facts: That the plaintiffs are husband and wife; that Mrs. Frankie Huffington is the daughter of John J. Menges, deceased, and that the defendant, Charles F. Walther, is the administrator of her father's estate. Mrs. Huffington is a minor and will not attain her majority for nearly two years. A final settlement of said estate was made in March, 1888, and the Probate Court ordered the administrator to pay over to her certain personal property of the value of $3,633.66. The defendants have interposed a demurrer to this petition on two grounds:

First. That plaintiff Frankie Huffington has not the legal capacity to sue, and second, that the petition does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

Under the common law, by the marriage the husband acquired an absolute, unqualified right to his wife's personal property, to her choses in action when reduced to possession and to the possession of her real estate. [II. Keat's Commentaries, Chap. 28.]

But this rule has not prevailed in Missouri since the passage of the act of 1875, which was intended to secure the property rights of married women. [R. S. Mo. 1879, Sec. 3,296. Acts of 1883, Pennsylvania, 113.]

It provides that "Any personal property including rights in action belonging to any woman at her marriage, or which may have come to her during coverture, by gift, bequest or inheritance, or by purchase with her separate money or means, or be due as the wages of her separate labor, or have grown out of any violation of her personal rights, shall together with all income, increase and profits thereof, be and remain her separate property and under her sole control and shall not be liable to be taken by any process of law for the debts of her husband. This section shall not affect the title of any husband to any personal property reduced to his possession with express assent of his wife; provided, that said personal property shall not be deemed to have been reduced to possession by the husband by his use, occupancy, care or protection thereof; but the same shall remain her separate property unless by the terms of said assent in writing full authority shall have been given by the wife to the husband to sell, incumber or otherwise dispose of the same for his own use and benefit." * * *

The adoption of this section worked a decided change in the law and a married woman (upon attaining her majority) may now dispose of any such property in the same manner as if she were a femme sole.

But the marriage of Mrs. Huffington did not remove the disability of infancy. This disability attaches as well to infant wives as to unmarried infants. [II. Bishop on Married Women, Section 513.]

If owing to her minority she cannot receive or receipt for her portion of her father's estate for the same reason she cannot give a valid consent to its receipt by any one else.

When she becomes of lawful age the administrator must settle with her, or with her duly authorized agent in the same manner as if she were a single woman. Cummings appeal, 11 Penn., State R., 272.

The administrator and his sureties are not in default. Having no duly appointed curator or trustee of her separate estate, plaintiff cannot recover in this action. The demurrer will, therefore, be sustained.

A Horse and a Dog Case.

Judge Dillon tried the case of Frances Boechet against Tom Kelly, the pugilist, this morning. It was a suit for damages to recover the value of a horse. Mrs. Boechet claims that Kelly's bull terrier bit the horse and it died of lockjaw as a consequence of the bite. Tom Kelly was put on the stand to testify as to the character of the dog.

"How long have you known that dog?" asked Mr. Davis, Mrs. Boechet's attorney.

"Oh, I've known 'im a long time."

"What kind of a dog is it?"

"A bull-terrier."

"Is it a peaceable dog?"

"Yes; I've seen drunken men pick 'im up in their arms and bring him over to the counter."

"Has that dog ever been fought?"

"Well, not that I know of; but bull-terriers is the kind of dogs that will fight."

"They will fight till they die, wont they?"

"Well, I don't know. I'd like to get a good pup that'd fight till he died."

Judge Dillon laughed and granted the motion of Mr. Delano, Kelly's attorney, to nonsuit the case.

Other Cases and Legal Notes.

Judge Withrow this morning remitted one-half of the damages allowed John O'Connell against the St. Louis & Western Railway Co. for injuries received. The amount allowed by a jury was $10,000. Judge Withrow says in his decree that $10,000 is excessive, and if the plaintiff will, within five days, file a stipulation consenting to a judgment for $5,000 the motion for a new trial will be overruled, otherwise it will be sustained.

In the divorce case of Augusta Strohdieck against Henry Strohdieck Judge Withrow granted an order for alimony pending trial, and requiring the defendant to pay to the plaintiff $35 per month.

Judge Valliant heard this morning the case of Dwight Tredway against Josiah A. Parker, a suit on a promissory note for $754.31, which was made by the Excelsior Electric Light Co. Both the parties were endorsers, and the plaintiff claims that he was only an accomodation endorser and that he had to pay the note when it fell due.

In the case of William A. Lemma against the Globe Printing Co. for $50,000 damages for libel the jury gave the plaintiff a verdict for 8 cents.

In the case of Randolph A. Haney against Herman Mootz before Judge Dillon, a stipulation was filed, and judgment entered for the plaintiff for $180. Execution was stayed for two months.

Judgment was taken, by consent, in the case of William Mannheim et al against Isaac L. Rothan et al in the sum of $486.60.

F. W. Soeher, a native of Germany, was naturalized by Judge Fisher this morning.

The jury in the case of the St. Louis Illuminating Co. against A. Boyce, for damages on account of crossing electric light wires, failed to agree, and a mistrial was declared.

LOCAL NEWS.

There will be a service of song at St. James' Episcopal Church on Goode avenue at 7:30 p. m. to-morrow.

St. Louis retail dealers in wall paper had a banquet at the Lindell last night. P. Loire presided and H. A. Geraghty was toast master.

C. H. Coggs, liquidating clerk of the office of the Surveyor of the Port, read a paper on "Tariff and Importations" to the Office Men's Club last night.

Twenty men walked out of the Freeman Wire Co.'s works in East St. Louis yesterday, protesting against a reduction of 2 to 8 cents on each reel. A compromise was effected later on the basis of a 2-cent cut, and the men returned to work.

Struck by the Bridge.

Dan Koop, an 18-year-old boy, living at 1868 Lynn street, got on a freight train in the Missouri Pacific yards, at 7:30 this morning, between Twelfth and Fourteenth streets, to ride down town. He was struck on the head by the Twelfth street bridge, he having neglected to stoop. The boy received a severe wound across the forehead. He was taken to the City Dispensary, where his injury was dressed, and then he was taken to his home. It is not a dangerous wound.

THE BOSTON'S CRUISE.

An American Consul Imprisoned by Order of a Jeffe Politico.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The recent cruise of the Boston, it turns out was fraught with diplomatic incidents fully as important as her investigation of the seizure of the Haytien Republic, but concerning which the public have been so far ignorant. The Boston was first ordered to Livingston, Guatemala, to investigate the imprisonment of the American Consul at that place and to demand an apology for the outrage. It seems that the Jeffe Politico, or civil governor of the province, in which Livingston is situated, came to that city on a tour of inspection and drank freely of the flowing bowl. The American Consul there owns a boat and the Jeffe Politico took a notion he would like that boat and thereupon demanded it. The American Consul explained that while he would like to oblige his serene inebriatedness he had use for the boat and must refuse to give it up. Thereupon the Jeffe threw the Consul into a most horrible and filthy calaboose and made sundry threats against him in more or less coherent Spanish. There are about fifteen Americans in Livingston, and when they heard of the outrages they remembered the good old customs of their land, and arming themselves, started out to tear down the calaboose and lynch Jeffe. He had with him a guard of twenty or thirty native soldiers, whose annihilation the Americans considered would only be an incident in the evening's entertainment. But some of the more conservative of the Americans prevailed upon the rest to try to reason with the Governor before committing any overt act. This was done, and owing to the strong respect for the Smith & Wesson revolver entertained in Guatemala the force of the Americans' argument was seen and the Consul liberated after three hours' imprisonment. But the insult to the flag from under whose folds the Consul had been dragged, was not atoned for, and the Boston was sent down to see about it. When the cruiser arrived and her guns frowned threateningly at the town, the Governor made a most full and ample apology. He would have saluted the flag in token of his sincere repentence only he had no guns or powder to do it with.

Things being satisfactorily settled at Livingston, the Boston was ordered to go at once to Corn Island to attend to important affairs there. Corn Island lies off the coast of Nicaragua and is owned by that nation. It is the key of the proposed Nicaraguan canal from a military point of view. Information was received at the State Department that the United States of Colombia had set up some antiquated claim to the island and had entered into a secret compact with France to take possession of it and cede the French Government a coaling station there. This would enable France to command the eastern entrance to the Nicaraguan Canal, a thing which manifestly could not be allowed by the United States. When the Boston reached Corn Island it was found that the Nicaraguan Government had also heard of the intended seizure of the island and had sent a garrison there with instructions to the commanding officer to forcibly resist any attempt to occupy the place by a foreign power. The Boston stayed there for some time and then went to Jamaica to communicate with Washington. Thence she was ordered to Hayti. The rest of her eventful cruise is well known. The garrison which the Nicaraguan Government sent to Corn Island has been withdrawn, but whether the French still cherish a scheme of establishing a coaling station there and controling the Nicaraguan Canal is known only to those who are possessed of "that little wisdom which rules the world."

REAL ESTATE.

An Active Market—Sales Made To-Day—The New City Hall.

The real estate market continues to be active enough in the way of inquiry, and some extensive sales of property have been made, but there appears to be an unavoidable but nevertheless unusual delay in closing the deals. These transactions, which are good as consummated, pertain chiefly to business sites and properties in the north end of the city. The Merchants' Bridge is stimulating an inquiry for North St. Louis realty and it is not confined to ground which may be used by the railways or for warehouse purposes, but extends beyond those prospective uses out west of Broadway upon the high ground which is devoted almost exclusively to residence purposes.

Heath & Co. report the sale of 35x135 feet of ground on the south side of Westminster place, situate 460 feet west of Cabanne street, at $73, from Nathan Cole to Wm. A. Stephens, who is going to improve the site with a residence.

Festus J. Wade, who purchased 130x600 feet of ground on Eighteenth street, between York and Kentucky, for $3,500 a few days ago, reports the sale of it for $3,700.

Twelfth street property owners have worked themselves up to a high degree of expectation over the probable construction of the new City Hall on the site of the present building. A proposition is being considered to have the new building cover the entire block, with a main front on Twelfth, providing the interested property owners will contribute an adequate amount of money to pay for the improvement, which will add very much to the value of abutting lots on either side of the street. To partially compensate lot owners for their contributions, the idea of making Twelfth street narrower is advocated, such portions of the street as may be essential for that purpose to be given gratis by the city to the adjoining lots, which will thereby be made so much deeper.

BEFORE JUDGE NOONAN.

A Number of Cases of Interest Which Were Disposed of To-Day.

Dan Morris was examined before Judge Noonan to-day on a charge of assaulting to kill Dr. Wm. Waybright and was held for the Grand-jury in $1,000 bond. Both parties are colored.

Wm. Dillon got six months and Wm. O'Hearn four months in the Work-house for stealing a pig valued at $5 from William D. Grant.

William G. Gellowhouse and John Giblin, charged with burglary and larceny, pleaded guilty to petit larceny and were sentenced to thirty days each in the Work-house. They broke into Seelig Weinberg's and stole $40 worth of clothing.

Peter Stokesberry was fined $5 and costs for an assault and battery on Stephen Dyer.

William Althoff, examined for assault to kill, and James Smith, tried for assault and battery, were discharged.

The case of F. A. Brady, charged with assault and battery, and John Wiggenhorn, with abandoning his wife, were dismissed for want of prosecution.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the case of James Cronin, charged with assault and battery.

Amusement Notes.

The last performance of Aronson's Comic Opera Co. in "The Yoemen of the Guard" at the Olympic will be given to-night. The opera is picturesquely staged and its quaint and witty libretto and charming music make it enjoyable. To-morrow evening the company, which will be greatly strengthened vocally by the addition of Bertha Ricci and W. J. Broderick, will appear in a rich production of "Erminie." This most entertaining opera will run for the remainder of the week. The company contains some exceptionally clever comedy people.

"A Brass Monkey" is keeping up the pace it started on at the beginning of the week. The audience last evening was immense and the fun of the play kept it in hilarious humor. "The Monk" has made a genuine hit.

Newton Beers and his company are giving "Lost In London" to appreciative audiences at the People's.

Lizzie Evans will appear for the last time this week at Pope's in "The Buckeye" to-night and to-morrow night and for the rest of the week will be seen in "Our Angel."

Austin's Australian Novelty Co. is giving an excellent entertainment at the Standard.

Nelson Roberts, manager of Kate Claxton, is in the city preparing for the appearance of his star in "The World Against Her" at the Olympic next week.

Advance sales will open to-morrow for Kate Claxton at the Olympic, Joseph Murphy at the Grand, Thatcher, Primrose & West at Pope's, "Hearts of Oak" at the People's, and "The Old Oaken Bucket" at the Standard.

THE PARISIAN CLOAK CO.

Northeast Cor. Broadway and Washington Avenue,

Wish to submit a little Private Matter that may Interest the GENERAL PUBLIC.

THE LETTER:

F. SIEGEL & BROTHERS,

BRANCHES:
PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,
DETROIT, MILWAUKEE, MINNEAPOLIS, SAN FRANCISCO, DENVER.

CLOAKS and SUITS,
261 AND 263 FRANKLIN STREET.

CHICAGO, ILL., January 19, 1889.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO., St. Louis.

GENTS—Our entire surplus stock is at your disposal, consisting of over 3,200 garments. The extraordinary mild season has caused us to carry over an unusually large stock. Have to-day shipped by United States Express a lot for you to dispose of. We assure you that no DRY GOODS CONCERN can dare compete with you, as we give you "carte blanche," to dispose of same to the BEST ADVANTAGE. Under no circumstances don't take cost of manufacture in consideration. We want THEM SOLD. YOU KNOW WHAT THAT MEANS.

Yours respectfully,
F. SIEGEL & BROS.

THE TELEGRAM:

FORM 2. THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

NUMBER	SENT BY	RECEIVED BY		CHECK.
20	S.A.	M.S.	4	PAID.

Dated, Chicago, Ill., January 19. *Received at* 618 1-2 Washington av., 12:35 p.m.
To A. A. AAL, January 19, 1889.
Manager Parisian Cloak Co, St. Louis:

GOODS SHIPPED TO-DAY; HAVE YOUR SALE ON THURSDAY.

F. SIEGEL & BROS.

In accordance with instructions in the above LETTER and TELEGRAM FROM OUR FACTORY, we propose to

ANNIHILATE ALL COMPETITORS.

HERE GOES:

The *$5.00 NEWMARKETS* we offer would bring $10.00 at auction; choice of 23 styles.

The *$10.00 NEWARKETS AND RAGLANS* we offer have been *jobbed all season for $16.50.*

The *$7.50 NEWMARKET* cannot be duplicated in America for less than $12.50.

You can have your choice of the BEST NEWMARKETS in existence at *$15.00.* Among them are styles that jobbed at $37.50.

The *BEST ENGLISH PRIZE MEDAL PLUSH SACQUE at $15.00.* (ENOUGH SAID.)

All *SILK HEAVY NAP SEAL PLUSH MODJESKAS,* regular *$30.00* goods, at *$14.75.*

We have 4 lots of *CHILDREN'S CLOAKS* at *$2.00, $3.00, $4.00* and *$5.00.* Come and see them. If you have a child it will pay you to purchase one and lay it away for next season. "Their like you ne'er will see again."

The Handsomest *BEAVER AND LYNX TRIMMED MODJESKAS* in our Factory at *$15.00.*

It is useless for us to enumerate any more Bargains, as we know we shall have no trouble to dispose of all we have AT THE PRICES.

FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED

Please come in the Morning. We can give you better attention.

THE PARNELL INQUIRY.

INFORMER FERRAGHER'S REFUSAL TO BE CROSS-EXAMINED CAUSES AMUSEMENT.

The Question of the Letters to be Broached in Parliament—Timothy Healy's Denial—London's New Council—The German Emin Bey Expedition to Start in February—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, January 23.—The Parnellite counsel have been given to understand that the question of the letters will be broached in the Commons next week, but after so many intimations, more or less precise, of this kind from the *Times'* solicitors to a similar effect, it is not believed that absolute reliance can be placed on this one. Meanwhile, the evidence of the informer Ferragher yesterday visibly increased the languid interest in the commission proceedings. The man's story was first listened to with absorbed attention, but he so completely broke down on cross examination, virtually declining, in fact, to be cross-examined at all, that the incident ended in general laughter, which the Judge at length had to protest against. To-day Timothy Healy writes in contradiction of Ferragher's evidence that he never was a member of the Executive Land League and never attended any of its meetings in Dublin. Parnell's Scotch action will come on again next Tuesday in the Scotch Courts.

LONDON'S NEW COUNCIL.

Public Men Suggested for the Post of Aldermen—Pellegrini Dead.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, January 23.—Many names of prominent public men are suggested for the post of Aldermen in the new London Council. These, according to an act of Parliament, need not have been elected members of the Council. The proposal finds favor in some quarters to elect an Alderman from among the members and thus practically defeat the Government plan, so much criticised when Ritchie's bill was before Parliament, of having one-sixth of the entire number of the members without representative authority from the rate-payers. The Aldermen, moreover, sit six years, twice as long as the ordinary members. The suggestions hitherto made of outsiders suitable for nomination as Aldermen do not include Churchill, although it was mainly through his exposure of the frauds of the Board of Works that London secured municipal self-government.

PELLEGRINI DEAD.

Pellegrini, the carricaturist, died yesterday.

Germany.

THE EMIN PASHA EXPEDITION.

BERLIN, January 23.—A meeting of the Emin Pasha Relief Committee was held to-day. Dr. Peters, President of the committee, announced that the expedition would start in February. He stated that he had secured the services of many scientists and military men, including Lieuts. Rust and Tiedmann. The meeting adjourned until January 31, when full details of the expedition will be submitted.

THE EAST AFRICA BILL.

The debate on the East Africa bill in the Reichstag will take place on Saturday.

WILL RESIGN.

It is reported that the resignation of Gen. Von Schellendorf, Prussian Minister of War, is imminent. A bill increasing the artillery forces will be presented to the Bundesrath shortly.

Russia.

A MINISTER REWARDED.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 23.—The Czar has granted M. Visnegradski 4,000 roubles extra annually in recognition of his services as Minister of Finance.

THE SLAV SOCIETY.

The membership of the Slav Society is increasing rapidly. One hundred Moscow merchants and manufacturers have joined the organization.

Italy.

THE COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH SWITZERLAND.

ROME, January 23.—The commercial treaty between Italy and Switzerland has been signed by both governments.

Spain.

A GENERAL AMNESTY.

MADRID, January 23.—The Government has issued a decree granting amnesty to all press and political offenders, and to the soldiers who took part in the rising in Madrid in 1886.

Stealing Brasses.

Private Watchmen Ketchum and Kanstein of the Missouri Pacific road arrested Charles Lowe and Tom O. Waller at 8 o'clock last evening for stealing brasses from the Missouri Pacific road. About 3,000 pounds of brasses have been stolen from the road in the past eight weeks. A warrant for petit larceny was issued this morning against the boys.

HERE'S ANOTHER DEEP CUT

Every Pair MUST BE SOLD, and this is the way we knife them:

Ladies' Best Bright Dongola Button, patent leather tip, From $4.50 to $2.75

Ladies' Best Bright Dongola Button, all styles of toes, from $4.00 to $2.50

Gents' Best Goodyear Welt, Button, Bal. and Congress, from $5.00 to $3.50

Gents' Best American Calf Bals., From $3.00 to $2.00

Boys' Goodyear Welt Button, from $4.00 to $2.50

Heavy Reductions on Entire Stock of Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes to close up partnership at the old stand of

CARTER & PARRISH,

N. W. COR. SEVENTH AND OLIVE STREETS.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

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WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1889.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—"The Yeomen of the Guard."
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"A Brass Monkey."
PEOPLE'S—"Lost in London."
POPE'S—"The Buckeye."
STANDARD—Austin's Australian Novelty Co.

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Generally fair weather; colder, preceded in Southeast portion by rising temperature; winds becoming northerly.

DROP a quarter into the POST-DISPATCH Parnell Defense Fund and see it grow.

SECRETARY WHITNEY should present Germany with a Pittsburg steel gun. This would be a peace offering which would do effective work on the German navy in case of war.

CORONER FRA[illegible] should sit on Deputy Coroner DUNBA[illegible] that the point of regularity [illegible] may be emphasized [illegible] other Deputy Coro[illegible] recapitulate him.

THE Po[illegible]PATCH Parnell Defense Fund took a long stride upward yesterday. The fund is not only growing rapidly in amount but its popularity is spreading and increasing at a wonderful rate.

THE Tippecanoe Club has presented Gen. HARRISON with a magnificent copy of the Bible. While it would undoubtedly be less beneficial to the General's moral nature, a dictionary of cuss words would afford far greater relief to his lacerated feelings before he gets through with the Presidency.

IT would be fair and reasonable to deal with the local gas companies as competitors with outside gas companies in the matter of supplying a plant for use and subsequent purchase and control by the city. In this transaction, however, the difference between a new plant and an old plant should receive due consideration.

IT would be interesting to know how many Senators who voted solidly to maintain high tariff rates are directly concerned in the production or sale of the various articles mentioned in the Senate tariff bill. Some instructive information about self-interest legislation may be gleaned from the facts in the case.

IF the city authorities should find it advisable to purchase the old plants of the local gas companies, we insist that they refuse to pay for the water in the gas stocks. It is bad enough to assume the burden of old-fashioned works and worn-out pipes without assuming stock enormously inflated on the basis of monopolistic prices and profits.

MR. BLAINE is reported to have replied to the question of an interviewer as to whether he would be Secretary of State, that he could find out more about that at Indianapolis. This may be taken as an indication that the matter rests entirely with Gen. HARRISON, and that Mr. BLAINE has not yet received his invitation.

THE charges against the management of the State University are in such shape that investigation to the bottom of the institution is absolutely necessary. If Missouri is to continue to support a State University it cannot afford to have it handicapped by bad management nor by the suspicion of bad management. If the officers of the university have clear consciences they will welcome a thorough inquiry into their conduct.

DR. H. S. CHASE'S petition in behalf of the dentists of the United States has been presented to the Senate by Senator VEST, and asks for a bounty of $1 on each tooth filled "in order to encourage an honest "industry, lower prices to patients and "bring dentists hither from all parts of "the world, thereby making a better "market for all the agricultural and "other products of home industry." This petition stands square and firm on the logic of the protective policy. But the advocates of that policy do not propose to protect carpenters, bricklayers or those who follow any calling that cannot be controlled by corporations, or cornered by great combinations of capital organized on the trust plan. Protection goes only to the fat-frying limit. It confers the facilities for frying fat out of the public on no industries but such as are organized in a way to have fat fried out of them by campaign committees.

THE NEED OF AID.

There is no country on the globe where political changes are effected so directly by educational processes and where public opinion rules so completely as in England.

The struggle of the Irish party under the guidance of Mr. PARNELL and of the Home Rule party in England under the leadership of Mr. GLADSTONE has been conducted entirely on the basis of intelligent discussion and legal agitation. The horrors of the coercion policy pursued by the present and by former British Governments have been brought vividly before the English people. The sufferings of evicted tenants and the hardships, even to cruel death through brutal treatment in prison, of representative Irishmen for daring to advocate the cause of their country, have appealed strongly to Englishmen who love justice and liberty. The merits of the cause have won them. But among the most potent influences in favor of home rule have been the recognition of the justice of the cause and the active sympathy of the American people with its aims. Intelligent Englishmen have come to look at the question through the unprejudiced views of intelligent Americans. The result is the marvelous growth of home rule sentiment in Great Britain, which is shown by the Liberal victories in the bye elections.

If Mr. PARNELL, through lack of funds to defend himself before the commission now trying the charges against him, should be compelled to succumb to his enemies, the splendid work already accomplished would largely be nullified. The money subscribed for the use of the Irish party is entirely inadequate to keep the suffering Irish people from starving and to defend Mr. PARNELL. He must have voluntary help from the generous friends of liberty in America or he must fall.

It is to supply this help and at the same time to emphasize the sympathy and indorsement which home rule commands in this country that the POST-DISPATCH Parnell Defense Fund has been established. It appeals to every American citizen and offers an opportunity for all to express sympathy with and give material aid to the Irish cause.

TRIBAL LANDLORDISM.

There is no end of misleading bosh about the violation of Indian treaties by the United States Government and its disregard of the land titles it has conferred on Indians.

Tribal patents to lands in the Indian Territory are not more valid in law nor more sacred from a moral point of view than the white settler's title to land he has bought from the Government and paid for with his money and improved with his labor. But when the settler's land is taken from him for public use, against his will, and he is compelled to part with it at a price fixed, not by himself, but by a jury to whom the question of compensation is referred by legal process, nobody denounces the process as an invasion of his rights or sheds tears over his wrongs.

It is only when a tribal patent covers a vast body of fertile land, and keeps it a great game preserve for a few idle Indians by excluding people who would cultivate and improve it, that an exercise of the sovereign power of eminent domain is denounced as robbery or as a criminal and cruel disregard of an inviolable title.

If a white man or an incorporated company of white citizens now held possession of the Indian Territory by a title as valid as any Government can confer, would it be good policy to let that title remain forever a bar to settlement, to civilization and to the extension of our system of State Government over every foot of our soil? What principle of law, public policy or public justice would forbid the rescue of that land from a "dead hand" tenure, by fair purchase or even by taking for public use at a valuation fixed by a fair process?

This is the whole Indian Territory question in a nutshell. It is only a question of acquiring unused Indian land for public use and paying the Indian owners a fair price for it, while securing them ample homesteads within it and making better provision for their welfare and civilization than they can ever acquire for themselves under their tribal government and communal system of land tenure.

IF OATES' bill to amend the naturalization laws is correctly reported in the dispatches, its principal effect will be to deprive unnaturalized denizens of the rights and claims to United States protection, which they now acquire by a simple declaration of intention to become citizens. It will be remembered that our Government sustained Capt. INGRAHAM in compelling an Austrian vessel to surrender MARTIN KOSZTA, who had proceeded no farther towards naturalization than the formal declaration of his intention to become an American citizen. The Oates bill repeals the requirement of a previous declaration of intention, and simply provides for the naturalization of persons who can prove five years' residence in the United States and a good moral character. One effect of this provision might be to restrict suffrage to fully naturalized citizens where State law, as in Missouri, confers suffrage on persons who have recorded the declaration of intention. But this effect could be evaded by changing the State law so as to permit a continuation of the old declaration formality in the State courts for State purposes.

THE bill introduced in the City Council giving the Street Commissioner the power to enforce repairs of sidewalks within the flagging district is not only good as far as it goes, but it is good for the entire city. The municipality is responsible for accidents from imperfect sidewalks and often dangerous holes and worn-out sidewalks go unrepaired for weeks. The Street Commissioner should have full power to keep the sidewalks in perfect repair all over the city.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Schools as Baby Farms.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The sundry comments and communications on the subject of the death of little Willie Bermel through the alleged neglect of his physical wants at school being now apparently all concluded, it is time, before the subject is dismissed, to bear the other side. All, or nearly all the comments, so far, have tended towards criticism of the teachers in this regard. This I hold to be rank injustice. That baby had, and many hundreds like him have, no business at school or away from their mothers. One-half the attendance at the kindergartens is brought about by the desire of mothers to be relieved of their cares through a public nursery. But the greater evil is in the primary departments of the schools. It is this desire on the part of mothers to have their little children taken care of that fills the rooms of girl teachers each with forty to seventy little ones, while the gross impossibility is expected of those teachers not only to force these young minds beyond their natural scope, but to look also after the physical well being of their young charges. This matter generally has assumed such serious proportions that a statement of it, the writer was informed by a physician, will shortly be laid before a medical society for discussion. The statement of little Willie Bermel's previous sickness and frequent physical infirmities, as made by his mother in the POST-DISPATCH, is enough of itself to show that the little fellow should have been kept at home for the sake of his future health. B.

St. Louis, January 23, 1889.

Blind Tiger Saloons.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

You are supremely correct on the saloon question as regards restrictions of licenses to a certain favored few. In other words the idea is conveyed to all reasonable people that it would take a small fortune to procure a license in the City of St. Louis. This of course would cut off or shut out small fish. Then, what would be the result? To come right down to brass tacks it would simply organize a "blind tiger" on every corner in the city, for the logical and legal reason that their fines, as a rule, would be less than their licenses. Excuse me, if you please, from blind tiger business. I can tell more about them if any "feller" wants to know. Oh, no, we don't want them. Kick them out, and let men sail under their own colors, and if they don't behave make 'em do it. This is my idea. FOX.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A. and T.—The next Leap Year will be 1892.

T. G.—Dealers do not quote foreign money.

THEATRICAL.—Miss Kate Gilbert of the Aronson Co. is married.

A FRIEND.—Mary Anderson appears in this city during February.

J. W. KELLY.—There is but one admiral in the United States service.

S. N. H.—"The Brass Monkey" has not been played in this city before.

A SUBSCRIBER.—St. Louis contains 61½ square miles, New Orleans 150 square miles.

O. H.—We print the addresses of gentlemen who fill teeth in the advertising columns only.

JAMES REAVIS.—It is not against the law for a dealer in sportsmen's goods to sell air guns and pistols.

A. A. W.—1. Lotta has played in Chicago this season. 2. Henry E. Dixey has no date in Chicago this season.

TECUMSEH.—The case of Eagan, for violating election laws, was tried before Judges Brewer and Thayer jointly.

E. C.—The paying of another dividend by the Provident Savings Association depends on the outcome of litigation new pending.

J. N. KING.—The Southern Hotel is owned by the sons of the late Thomas Allen. There are no persons such as you mention among the owners.

READER.—Your question is very fully answered in the WORLD Almanac for 1889, for sale at the POST-DISPATCH counting-room at 25 cents a copy.

A. B. C.—The preposition "to" is not used in the credit column in book-keeping. "To" belongs to the debit column, and "by" to the credit column.

STRANGER.—We would, if necessary, write for the answer. The usual way would be to give you the proper address in this column and let you do the writing.

A. REED.—Miss Flora Walsh is the wife of Mr. Charles E. Hoyt, the author of "The Brass Monkey" and other plays. She was with "The Hole in the Ground" party.

B. H. R.—It is impossible to tell you at this time where to apply for positions in the postal service under the Harrison administration. Nobody knows that yet.

JUMBO.—The word "merito" is the Italian and the Spanish noun for the English "merit" or "desert." It is also the Latin verb, "merito," meaning "to deserve."

AN ENQUIRER.—There is no ordinance directly covering the case, but they could be prosecuted for malicious destruction of property. They do destroy the sewer or the traps.

HATTIE.—1. Minnie Palmer is about 26 years of age. 2. Lizzie Evans was born in Mt. Vernon, O., in 1864. 3. There is a young lady in the Brass Monkey Co. named Miss Hattie Waters.

CONSTANT READER.—For full information about the present Court-house and the previous building, see the article entitled "Court-House Memories" in the last SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

O. R.—There are no daily papers published in Vandalia, Ill., but there are the *Fayette County Democrat*, published every Wednesday, and the Vandalia *Union*, published every Thursday.

D. J. L.—1. To pronounce the word "pronunciation" as if it were written "pronounciation" is wrong. 2. Webster's Dictionary is regarded as the authority on pronunciation in the United States.

A YOUNG MARRIED LADY.—A stamp placed upright in the lower right-hand corner means "I desire your friendship" to any persons who attend to such frivolity, but it should mean nothing to you, if you sign yourself properly.

READER.—Write to John R. Rogers, manager of the Minnie Palmer Co., at Indianapolis, for the title of the songs Miss Palmer sung at the Grand Opera-house last week. The company will be there on the last three days of this week.

EAST ST. LOUIS READER.—Among strangers and mere acquaintances it is not allowable for a husband and wife to refer to each other as "My husband" or "My wife." They should always be referred to as Mr. or Mrs. ——. Among very intimate friends it may be allowable for each to refer to the other by the Christian name.

JOHN F. HUNT.—Mason and Dixon's line forms the southern boundary of the State of Pennsylvania, separating it from Delaware, Maryland and Virginia. This term acquired a celebrity during the anti-slavery agitation as the line between free and slave territory. It gets its name from Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, surveyors, who went over the line and verified previous work. The position of Mason and Dixon's line was last determined in 1849. In consequence of the accidental removal of the stone at the northeast of Maryland, the three States appointed a commission which confirmed the work of Mason and Dixon, and Maryland gained about two acres of land.

MR. SANBORN'S SALARIES

THE PROFESSOR OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY SPEAKS IN HIS OWN DEFENSE.

He Says Legislator Kneisley Is Fighting Him on Personal Grounds, and He Is at a Loss to Account for Other Parts of the Attack—News and Notes Among the State Legislators.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, January 22.—The appearance of the printed report of the committee which investigated the State University and the Agricultural Farm and the presence here of Prof. J. W. Sanborn, resulted in the introduction of resolutions in the House this morning, which created the greatest excitement of the session thus far. In addition to the Webb resolution to appoint a committee of inquiry there were no less than three others, written by Democratic members of the same general tenor which would have been presented had the one mentioned failed of its object. If there is one thing on which the House appears to be a unit it is on the advisability of investigating the State University and the Agricultural College and farm. The debate on the subject in the morning will probably be lively and entertaining. To say "Sanborn" to Capt. Kneisly of Boone County is like shaking a red flag at a mad bull—the effect is sure to be striking.

Prof. Sanborn was seen in his room at the Madison House by your correspondent this evening. He said:

"So far as Capt. Kneisly is concerned, the attack on me is from purely personal motives. Kneisly talks like an Anarchist. I don't think what he says has much weight."

"How about the report of the investigating committee?"

"I don't wish to be placed in the attitude of reflecting on the work or on the motives of the members of the committee, but in justice to myself I must say that their report contains a number of inaccuracies, as can easily be proven on inquiry."

"You are charged with coming here to lobby for an additional appropriation for the Agricultural College?"

"I came here for the purpose of obtaining the use of the hall of the House of Representatives to-morrow night in which to make a speech to the members in reply to the charges which have been made against me. I am anxious to be investigated. I sincerely hope the General Assembly will appoint a special committee to go to Columbia to visit the institution, and make the most searching inquiry into the management of every department. All we ask is that fair-minded men be placed on the committee—men who have no interest or prejudice in the matter."

At the request of your correspondent, Prof. Sanborn pointed out some of the inaccuracies in the report of the Legislative Visiting Committee to which he referred.

"To begin with," said the Professor, "I have never drawn but one salary from the University—that of Dean of the Agricultural College. That salary, up to within a short time ago, amounted to but $1,900 a year. The Board of Curators of the University have increased it to $2,500 a year, which sum was offered me by the Perdieu College of Indiana for the same kind of work. The committee also make a mistake in charging that I draw $1,200 as Secretary of the Board of Agriculture. My pay as Secretary of the board was only $600 a year. I resigned the position in last November to take effect at the beginning of the year. The statement that bids for work on the farm and college were opened in secret session is also incorrect. The report says that $3,500 was expended for cattle in Massachusets. The truth of the matter is only two of the cattle were bought there, and they were from the most famous breed of Jerseys in the world, and could not be bought in Missouri, as the report states. The committee says the agricultural station is run on the basis of absorption instead of production. Now the money expended at the experimental station is appropriated by the United States and the law makes it obligatory on us to expend it for experimental and not for producing purposes. We make a report of the expenditure of this money to the Secretary of the Treasury every February.

"Now, so far as the funds of the Agricultural College are concerned, I have no voice in their use. If they have been wrongly applied it has been by the university authorities. I am merely their agent. The legislative committee report that the agricultural farm and its management under its present control is a very expensive luxury to the State. Now the farm has been, and is self-supporting, and is not a sink hole as the report would lead one to suppose. The committee appears to have confused the farm and the college proper. The report also says that there is no agricultural college in Missouri, but that it has been transformed into the Missouri Agricultural experimental station. Now that statement is simply incomprehensible to me—I—I—don't care to give my opinion of it in English. Why an act of Congress makes the experimental station part of the college—it is absorbed in the college instead of the college being merged into the station as the report states.

"As I said before, I cour't an investigation into my management of the Agricultural College and I believe that the university authorities will demand that they be given an opportunity of being heard."

⁂

The numerous bills which have been introduced providing for the regulation of telephone charges and fixing a maximum rate to be charged by the companies, brought a telephone company lobbyist to the capital to-day in the person of W. W. Smith of Kansas City. Mr. Smith appeared before the House Committee on Banks and Corporations and asked for information concerning the present status of the Castleman bill. He was informed that the committee would consider the bill in about two weeks and would listen to him when the measure came before them.

⁂

Mr. Gallemore of Newton County evidently reads the POST-DISPATCH with profit and to some purpose. He introduced a bill providing that the office of coal oil inspector shall be a salaried position in all cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over. The bill fixes the salary at $2,500 per annum and turns the fees collected by the inspector into the State Treasury. In the cities of less than 100,000 inhabitants the fees collected amount to a comparatively small sum; no changes are contemplated in the present law relating to them.

Senator Sebree of Carroll County, who favors the license system in the regulation of saloons, and who is anything but a Prohibitionist, introduced a bill, which contains most of the provisions of the original Temperance Alliance or Deering bill, which was omitted in the bill finally indorsed by the alliance and introduced in the House last Friday by Jewett of Shelby County. It prohibits the collection or congregation of a crowd in a saloon; displaying of the results or returns of elections, base ball games or races, or the keeping of billiard or pool tables in saloons, and provides that the entrances and windows of saloons shall be so constructed as to give a full view of the inside of a saloon to a person passing by or standing on the outside.

Mr. Harlan, the Republican Representative from Caldwell County, was loaded with resolutions directed at Democratic office-holders which he fired in the House. His first set forth that the Democratic Sheriff of Macon County was disarmed by a country youth named Joe Huston in broad daylight in the presence of fifty persons at the County Court-house, and provided for the appointment of a committee of five to ascertain if it was necessary to send the Adjutant-General of the State and a force of State militia to Macon County to protect the Sheriff. The resolution created a great deal of amusement and was ruled out of order.

Mr. Harlan's second resolution was to the effect that Prof. J. C. Blanton of the Kirksville State Normal School was in Jefferson City lobbying for appointment as Insurance Commissioner, to the neglect of his duties as a State officer. This resolution was also ruled out of order.

Swain of the St. Louis Union Labor delegation introduced a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, to instruct the Missouri Senators and requesting the Missouri Congressmen in the National Congress to vote for the Cowles bill reducing the tax on tobacco.

Champ Clark introduced his bill providing that the death penalty shall be inflicted by electricity instead of hanging.

⁂

The serious illness of Representative Bodine places Mr. Dunn of Lincoln County at the head of the Committee on Appropriations. This is the most important standing committee in the House, and the appropriation bills which it frames and reports are of the most important measures of the session. The State Constitution provides that appropriations shall be made in the following order: First, for the payment of all interest upon the bonded debt of the State that may become due during the term of the General Assembly; second, for the benefit of the Sinking Fund, which shall not be less than $250,000 annually; third, for free public school purposes; fourth, for the cost of the assessment and collection of the State revenue; fifth, for the payment of the civil list; sixth, for the support of eleemosynary institutions; seventh, for the pay of the General Assembly.

For the first item, the payment of interest on the bonded debt for the ensuing two years, the sum of $750,000 will be required, as against $1,060,000 appropriated for that purpose two years ago. Interest on State School fund and seminary certificates will amount to $426,000, making a total of $1,176,000 for interest-paying purposes for the next two years.

In the ensuing two years bonds to the amount of $960,000 will mature and an appropriation sufficient to pay them will have to be made.

Under the Constitution, 25 per cent of the State revenue must be set apart for public school purposes. The last Legislature increased this to one-third of the revenue. The total amount turned into the school fund within the last two years was $1,161,555 out of the revenue and $365,955 out of school interest fund. The State civil list will require about $400,000. The amount needed for the payment of costs in criminal cases is estimated at about $500,000, and about $300,000 will be required for the assessment and collection of the State revenue.

The estimated appropriation for the eleemosynary and educational institutions of the State is $1,000,000 in round numbers. The contingent expenses of the General Assembly are placed at $250,000. Money will also be asked for the construction of a branch Penitentiary and for improvements in the State Capitol. Not less than $200,000 will be required for the first item, and the last may be estimated at any figure from $10,000 to $250,000.

The Thirty-fourth General Assembly appropriated in the neighborhood of $8,500,000 for 1887 and 1888. It is estimated that the appropriations for 1889 and 1890 will aggregate not over $7,500,000, and with due economy on the part of the Legislature may be half a million less than that sum.

⁂

In the political gossip among the members around the Madison House wood stove, the name of State Treasuer Siebert is frequently mentioned in connection with the Democratic nomination for Governor four years from now. Siebert is the special favorite of the politically famous Southeast. In the event of his candidacy he would receive the unanimous support of his section of the State and the experience of past political conventions shows that when the Southeast delegation unites on one man for a particular nomination they generally pull him through.

In the membership of the House there is considerable congressional timber. Harry Shaw of St. Genevieve would like to succeed Kinsey in the Tenth district; Flanagan of Webster County is after Farmer Bill Wade's seat; Speaker Joe Russell of Mississippi County wants Walker's place in Congress, and Champ Clark of Pike County thinks he will have little difficulty in following in the congressional footsteps of Toss-up-Dick Norton.

⁂

A rumor is current in political circles here to the effect that Warden Morrison of the State Penitentiary promised Governor Francis to appoint ex-Warden Willis of St. Louis his chief deputy in place of Capt. Bradbury, who has occupied the office for the past twenty years. This report is emphatically denied by the friends both of the Governor and the Warden, and the POST-DISPATCH is assured that there is no truth in it. Capt. Bradbury will not be removed and the ex-Warden will not be appointed Chief Warden.

THE ARBEITER BUND.

Agitator Currlin Lets Himself Loose Again—Anarchists Excited.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23.—A meeting of members of the Arbeiter Bund for the purpose of talking over its affairs and electing officers was held last evening. Albert Currlin addressed the meeting in German, devoting his attention mainly to rebutting the charges made against the Bund by Chief Hubbard and Inspector Bonfield, and declaring its purposes to be in strict conformity with the Constitution. T. H. Garside made a long address. The Bund, he declared, was not created to destroy the rich, but to equalize the rights and privileges of the whole people. The Bund had no right to make war upon the statute books. Some of the laws are good. It was public opinion that had to be fought. If public sentiment had its way, Schwab and Fielding would be out of Joliet to-morrow. This statement was greeted with wild applause. Mr. Garside predicted that before another Christmas the Bund would not be so largely a German movement. Americans would be in the majority.

The Anarchists and their sympathizers in the city are greatly wrought up over a communication made to the stockholders of Waldheim Cemetery by its Superintendent, in which he says: "It is absolutely necessary that the Anarchistic nuisance which occurred November 11, last, the anniversary of the execution of the convicted Anarchist conspirators, buried in Waldheim, be stopped for the future. On that day some 4,000 persons were present in the cemetery and were addressed by speakers in violent harangues, and the owners of many of the burial lots have made serious complaint that such excesses should have been permitted. The cemetery ought not to be permitted to serve the Anarchists for a place of meeting and assembly. They must not be allowed to enter it in ranks, nor to assemble there one by one. The commemoration exercises of each succeeding year ought to be restricted so as to allow the friends and relatives of the deceased only to decorate their graves."

The communication was referred to the Executive Committee and the Anarchists are anxiously awaiting its decision.

WILL BE LYNCHED.

A Woman and Her Child Brutally Murdered at Riley, Kan.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., January 23.—For some time past Samuel Hatton, a railroad employe at Riley, Kan., had tried to force his attentions upon the wife of W. H. Beal, his foreman. Monday Beal notified Hatton that his services would be needed only half the time. Monday night Hatton and Beal talked together a few minutes, when Hatton went into the house. In a few minutes he returned with a shotgun and, seeing Mrs. Beal standing at her back door with her 2-year-old child in her arms, he fired both barrels full at her. Both charges took effect. Mrs. Beal was shot in the left breast and her left hand horribly mutilated. The little one was fatally wounded in the body and face. Mrs. Beal died in a short time and the child yesterday. Hatton escaped. A posse of men is hunting for him and he will be lynched when caught.

Judge Tuthill's Visitor.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23.—Sunday afternoon a rough-looking man called at the house of Judge Tuthill and demanded an explanation of why the Judge had sentenced him to the Penitentiary two years before. Judge Tuthill, on looking at him closely, remembered him as a man whom he had sent to Joliet for an attempt to kill his employer. The man at the time was said to be an Anarchist. Judge Tuthill quietly sent for a policeman and then sat down and discussed the matter with the man, who appeared to be in anything but a pleasant mood. When the policeman arrived he was taken to the station. Monday Judge Tuthill went there and had a long talk with him. The man realized that he was wrong and expressed deep penitence for what he had done. Judge Tuthill learned that he was working steadily and had him discharged. The story was not made public until this morning.

Interesting Figures.

BOSTON, Mass., January 23.—Some interesting figures showing the tendency of Massachusetts on the question of licensing the sale of intoxicating liquor, were submitted to the Legislature yesterday by the Secretary of State. In 1886, out of 349 cities and towns, only 74, or 21 per cent, voted to grant licenses. The popular majority against license showed 50.9 per cent of the people of the State to be in favor of the policy of prohibition. In 1887, with the same number of cities and towns, 63 voted yea. The majority against license had become 51.58 per cent of the total. The total vote was 16.6 per cent greater than in 1886. In 1887, when the number of cities and towns was 351, 85, or 22 per cent, voted yes. The total vote increased 2.5 per cent in this year, and 53.45 per cent was in favor of license. This is quite a setback for the Prohibitionists.

THE ST. JAMES SUICIDE

A SENSATIONAL STORY ABOUT MRS. KNAPP'S MARRIAGE VEHEMENTLY DENIED.

The Body Shipped to Poughkeepsie, N. Y., to Relatives of the Deceased—What Is Known About the Woman—Coroner Frank Begins an Investigation of Deputy Dunbar's Conduct in the Case.

The body of Mrs. Georgie Knapp, who shot herself at the St. James Hotel on Saturday evening and died there Monday morning, was to-day shipped to Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where her relatives live. Attempts have been made to magnify this case, and, indeed, from the mysterious air maintained by every one possessed of any information concerning the case, there has been justification for the suspicion that Mrs. Knapp was connected, either through marriage or otherwise, with people of consequence. Who this husband of hers is has been so much a matter of conjecture, he not appearing, that suspicion has led in odd directions. Mrs. Knapp's maiden name was Elliott, and her relatives live in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. These facts have been squeezed out of the receptacles for her entire history. To supply missing links a morning paper to-day prints a story which by inference rather than by direct statement connects George Knapp, a son of the late proprietor of the *Missouri Republic*, with the woman. Mr. Knapp could not be found this morning, as he had gone to Carondelet. His brother,

THOMAS M. KNAPP,

Assistant United States District Attorney, said: "I met a reporter of the morning paper on Sunday. He told me of this story, connecting my brother with the woman who had shot herself at the St. James. I told him then and I tell you now that there is nothing whatever in the story. I told him he could find George at 818 Gratiot street, and when I saw my brother later I told him about the reporter's visit. He was very indignant. I advised him to talk to the reporter about the case if one should call on him. But no one went near him from that paper to get a statement or give him a chance to deny the story."

VERNON W. KNAPP

was seen at his residence. He said: "No reporter called to see George about the matter. I room with him and would have known if any one had called. Beside, when I saw that infamous lie in the paper this morning, I inquired and ascertained that no one had called about the matter. The story told in the morning paper doesn't positively say that my brother was that woman's husband, but that is implied, and I am free to say that the story in so far as it relates to him is a malicious lie. He would deny it if he was here and I am sorry that he is not at home. Beyond the fact that my father had a son named George there is not a word in that article relating to him that is true. The paper had that story on Sunday and the woman did not die until Monday, yet it doesn't appear that any attempt was made to get her statement on it."

AS TO DEPUTY CORONER DUNBAR.

"I have determined to start in immediately to investigate the action of my deputy, Edward Dunbar, in connection with the case of Mrs. Georgie Knapp who committed suicide at the St. James Hotel," remarked Coroner Frank this morning. "I have already summoned one witness for to-day and intend summoning and examining a number of others. The statement made to me of the case by Mr. Dunbar differs materially from the story that reaches me from other sources. I think it no more than right that he should be given an opportunity to vindicate himself if he can. If he has only been guilty of overzealousness in his anxiety to perform his duty, then I think his punishment has already been extremely severe, but if he has been guilty of the conduct that some people allege, then it is altogether a different matter."

DR. CHASE'S SATIRE.

He Has a Petition Introduced in the Senate for a Bounty to Dentists.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Mr. Vest presented the following unique petition in the Senate yesterday from one of his constituents:

To the Senate of the United States:

I, Henry S. Chase, a resident of St. Louis, Mo., in behalf of myself and other dentists of United States, who may think as I do, respectfully ask you to grant a bounty of $1 on each tooth filled by dentists for the preservation of those teeth, in order to encourage an honest industry, and thereby encourage competition among dentists, which will lower prices to patients; and, moreover, encourage immigration of dentists from all parts of the world to this country, thereby making a better market for all the agricultural and other products of home industry, the cost for this purpose to be taken out of the general Treasury of the United States for the purpose aforesaid.

A Dentist's Joke.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called on Dr. Chase this morning and broached the object of his visit by saying:

"That is rather a curious petition which you had presented to the Senate yesterday through Mr. Vest, doctor?"

"It is, is it," said the pleasant old gentleman, "well, I tell you sir that it is not a bit more singular or less sensible than some of the petitions for protection and encouragement to industries which have been presented to the Senate. Why don't you reporters ask Congress for a bounty to encourage men to engage in that profession. Confound me, sir, but I think you are just as much entitled to it as some of those who are petitioning for it to help sustain themselves and their infant industries. I am so tired about hearing of infant industries and the protection which ought to be afforded them by the government that it makes me sick, sir," continued the facetious gentleman. "Why, do you know that there is a tariff of nearly 80 per cent on all dental materials which come into this country, and that the result of this exorbitant tariff has been the formation of a trust and the exaction of most outrageous prices? I am so sick of this tariff business that I sent that petition to Senator Vest as a satire on the whole thing. I hope I will live to see the day when the people will see what folly this protection is, and we will have absolute free trade."

A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

Legislative Employes Acting as Members of the Indianapolis Grand-Jury.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., January 23.—The discovery was made yesterday afternoon that tw of the members of the Grand-jury are on the pay roll of the General Assembly as assistant door-keepers, although they have been there only a few times. The court was informed of the fact, and will make an investigation. The law has not been carefully examined, but it is believed that evidence supporting the charge that they have been holding political positions to which they were appointed after becoming members of the Grand-jury will invalidate all indictments that have been returned. Judge Woods did not receive information regarding the matter until late in the afternoon. It is understood that he will make inquiry into it, and may take some action at once.

AN ANONYMOUS LETTER-WRITER.

Abuse of a Child Being Investigated by the Police.

The police have been investigating a cowardly, contemptible act committed by some malicious person. One of the beautiful children of St. Louis whose picture was published in last Sunday's POST-DISPATCH was sent a clipping from the paper containing the cut of herself and on it was written a lot of abusive and threatening language. Her mother turned the matter over to the police and they are positive they have located the anonymous writer. Should the offense be repeated the party will be arrested and prosecuted for sending a threatening letter through the mails, which is a penitentiary offense. It will come before the United States courts which deals very severely with offenders.

The Speediest Typewriter.

Frank E. McGurrin, who has the reputation of being the speediest typewriter in the country, will arrive in this city Friday morning and in the afternoon will give an exhibition under the auspices of the Missouri Stenographers' Association in room No. 307 of the Commercial Building. McGurrin has been engaging in matches in many cities of the country recently and the contests have excited considerable interest.

AN INTERESTING DIVORCE CASE.

The Queer Experience of a Young Wife With a Stingy Old Husband.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, Mont., January 23.—An interesting divorce case is in progress in this city. The plaintiff was formerly the beautiful Miss Hattie Williamson of Fonda. She married Francis M. Vedder of Fonda, aged 70, who is worth $100,000. The union was soon broken up by Vedder driving the young wife out of doors. She related her experience in court as follows:

"I live at Fonda in this county; am stopping temporarily for a few weeks in Amsterdam. I am 22 years old, was married to the defendant by Mr. Brown at my adopted father's house in Fonda, May 24, 1884. I had no parents living. I had known the defendant since I was 7 years old. We went to housekeeping in a house owned by him. Defendant told me that he was in his 40th year when I married him. We lived together until October 1, 1884, when the defendant told me to leave his house.

"I had been married only two weeks when he began to find fault about my asking him to provide. He got a dozen eggs and left four in a pan and locked the others up in his bookcase. He got a pound of raisins and locked them up and when he saw fit to give me some he did so. He got lard and forbade me to use butter to warm up potatoes. I went down home one evening and when I came back he wanted to know where I had been. I said I had been down to my home and he said 'you have been out with some d——d canal driver' and he raised a chair at the same time.

"When I asked him for any money he would tell me to go and earn it. He said I was flirting with a man whenever I spoke to one. He would rattle the window blinds in the day time from the inside and say men were flirting with me. One day I wanted some meat. He said: 'Don't get over a pound.' I went out to see what the butcher had. He had lamb chops. I asked him how much they were. He said 20 cents a pound. I told him I would have to ask Mr. Vedder if I could get any. I did ask him and he told me that he could not pay that price. He told me a piece of stewing of beef was good enough. Most of the meat he got for the house was liver. He got a large liver and a heart once and before the liver was used up the heart spoiled and he said I left it lying there and spoiled it. When I would be cooking he would stand over the stove and say 'are'nt you putting too much seasoning in there?' The coffee he would make himself as he could be more economical. He took a spice cup and cut it in two and that was the measure for coffee. His pies he wanted sweetened with molasses. He would not allow washing to be done oftener than once in four weeks. Twice I took it home, and once he did his own washing. He gave me $25 the morning of the day I took my things away—the morning he drove me away. I asked him to come and sit down and see that I took nothing that belonged to him. He went to the piano and played 'Yankee Doodle.' I went to packing my things up. When I got all through, I told him I supposed he was happy now, and he said, 'How can I give you up?' I went and told him what he had said the night before, and he said I was crazy. I have supported myself since by dressmaking."

IN HARD LUCK.

A Runaway Marriage Gets the Young Groom Into Serious Trouble.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., January 23.—The town of Fulton, on the Ontario & Western Railroad, was the scene the other day of a runaway marriage which already makes business for the courts. Denning Hall, a well-to-do farmer, has a pretty daughter named Maggie, not yet 14 years old. James Mulnix, a young man of the neighborhood, wanted to marry Maggie, who was willing, but the old folks thought she was too young and would not consent. So the pair eloped together and after a long drive over the hills crossed into Pennsylvania, where they expected to be married. But the rigid marriage license laws there balked their expectations and they were compelled to return to Hales Eddy, N. Y., where they found a minister to tie the nuptial knot. Then they started back toward home, trusting to luck for obtaining parental forgiveness. Meantime the girl's father had obtained a warrant for the arrest of the bridegroom on the charge of abducting a child of non-marriageable age, and accompanied by an officer, was scouring the country for the fugitives. They came upon the runaways at Cannonsville, when the officer arrested the groom while the father bundled the hysterical bride into his wagon and carried her back home where she will remain.

The bridegroom was arraigned before Justice Marvin of Walton, on the charge of abduction. After hearing the testimony the Justice took the lenient view of the case that the girl was a heartily consenting party to the escapade and was old enough to know what she was doing and discharged the accused. The girl's father immediately began an action in the Supreme Court for a dissolution of the alleged marriage on the grounds of the nonage of the bride and that her consent was secured by force and deceit. The unhappy bridegroom, meanwhile, is looking around for a lawyer who can tell him how to get possession of his child bride.

A SERIOUS CAVE.

The East Earth Wall of the Houser Excavation Gives Way—A Horse Killed.

This morning a serious cave occurred in the east wall of the excavation for the new Houser building, on the northwest corner of Broadway and Chestnut. The cave in took place without any warning and while a number of workingmen were engaged at that spot in filling up a wagon. The horse on the inside was struck by the mass of earth and his right foreleg was broken just above the knee. Louis Hess, a laborer, was also struck by the falling earth and partially buried beneath it. When taken out he was sent to the dispensary, but had sustained no injuries. He was, however, greatly shocked. Several of the other men narrowly escaped being caught by the fall. Humane Agent Holmes, whose office is across the street from where the accident occurred, examined the injured horse and ordered him shot. A police officer performed the act. The earth gave way right beneath the board walk which had been put down for pedestrians on Broadway, but fortunately the walk did not collapse. Had it done so several lookers-on would have been precipitated into the excavation. The contractor, who has charge of the excavating gave it as his opinion that the constant tread of pedestrians on the temporary sidewalk had loosened the earth underneath and caused it to split.

A Small-Pox Scare.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., January 23.—A student in the School of Pharmacy at the University is down with small-pox. He was vaccinated the day that he was exposed to the disease, and it is hoped that the case will not be serious. He has removed to the pest-house, and every possible precaution taken to prevent a spread of the disease. A great scare exists among the students, and the doctors are overrun with applications for vaccination.

Ex-Alderman Cleary's Trial.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The dull routine of securing a jury for Boodler Cleary's trial was resumed to-day. The first panel of 100 was exhausted this morning, after the first name was called. In the new panel were the names of Jay Gould and Herman Oelrichs. They did not answer, and are liable to be fined. Over thirty talesmen were examined in the first half hour, but still the first juror had not been obtained.

A California Pioneer Buried.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The funeral services of Wm. H. Hampton, a California pioneer, were held in St. Ann P. E. Church this morning. The organization of California pioneers and the Society of Exempt Firemen were largely represented. The interment was at Greenwood.

A Merchant's Suicide.

SCRANTON, Pa., January 23.—Andrew Schoen, aged 50 years, a well known merchant, committed suicide this morning by blowing out his brains with a revolver. Drink and business reverses led to the deed.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

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POST-DISPATCH. Telephone [illegible]

A MUCH-NEEDED REFORM.

QUEEN VICTORIA TO RELAX THE RULES FOR DRAWING-ROOM DRESSES.

The Betrothal of Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia and Princess Louise of Augustenberg a Blow to the English Royal Family—Dullness at Monaco—Mme Patti—Labouchere's Letter.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, January 23.—The Queen has intimated her intention of relaxing the strict rules about the low-cut dresses of the ladies attending the drawing-rooms, so far as the early spring functions are concerned. So they will not be required to expose themselves when half naked to the bleak air of a February day. Even, however, if a little more clothing is permitted delicate women run a great risk in attending the early drawing-rooms.

A BLOW AT ENGLISH ROYALTY.

The betrothal of Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia to Princess Louise of Augustenberg is a nasty blow to the royal family of England. Several years ago there was a tacit understanding that Prince Frederick Leopold should seek a bride in England. The journey of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught in Germany in the summer of 1887 was connected with this matter.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S WILL.

Several erroneous statements have recently appeared in the papers about the Queen's will. The real truth is that Her Majesty's will was made in 1876. It is a document of portentous length, being engrossed on vellum of quarto size, is bound up together in a huge volume, which is secured by a lock, and at the ends are several blank pages of codicils of which, up to the present, the Queen has made three—one early in 1879, after the death of Princess Alice; another in the summer of 1884, after the death of the Duke of Albany, and another recently, which deals exclusively with the jubilee gifts.

THE QUEEN'S SEVRES SET.

I gave an account a fortnight ago of the Queen's celebrated Sevres dessert service, which is kept in the green drawing-room at Windsor Castle. Mr. Goode, who is the most eminent expert in such matters, informs me that no fewer than twenty-eight pieces of the service were lost or stolen during the reign of George IV., when it was it was in daily use at Carlton House for his majesty's private table. Mr. Goode, during the last fifteen years, has managed to buy back nineteen of these pieces, which are identical in every respect with those in the cabinets in the green drawing-room. Mr. Goode values the service which belongs to the crown, and is not the private property of the Queen, at fully $500,000. One piece alone, the famous punch-bowl, was valued a few years ago by a well-known auctioneer at $50,000, while Mr. Goode himself vainly offered $2,500 to the present owner of one of the missing plates. The late Lord Dudley's superb vase, which was bought by Mr. Goode at the sale of his china, was originally a piece of this service, and had probably been removed from Windsor Castle at the time of the confusion which prevailed there during the last months of the life of George IV., when, as one of the pages told Charles Greville, loaded wagons were sent away nearly every night. I understand that Mr. Goode offered the pieces which he recovered to the Queen in order that the Windsor Castle service might be completed, but presumably Her Majesty did not care to expend $50,000 in making a present of china to the crown. The value of the china at Buckingham Palace in the private apartments at Windsor must considerably exceed $1,000,000.

DULLNESS AT MONACO.

The proprietors of the Casino at Monaco must be trembling for their profits. Everything at the tables seems lifeless. Such a thing as the maximum stakes has not been seen this season, and no large sums have been lost or won.

MME. PATTI.

Mme. Patti has arranged to leave Bordeaux for Buenos Ayres on the steamer sailing Tuesday week.

AN EMPEROR FREDERICK MEMORIAL.

It is proposed to establish a home for German invalids at San Remo as a memorial to the Emperor Frederick. HENRY LABOUCHERE.

LAWLESSNESS IN MISSISSIPPI.

Two Sheriffs and Posses After the Gang of Firebugs.

JACKSON, Miss., January 23.—Gov. Lowry is in receipt of communications from the Sheriffs of Kemper and Noxubee Counties, in which they assure him that they have had a posse of men in the vicinity where the violations of the law were committed. Three vacant negro cabins were burned in Noxubee County on the night that the Nicholson residence was burned in Kemper County. This house belonged to J. M. Edwards of Shuqulak. Suspicion rests on certain parties and they are being shadowed. The two Sheriffs met on the county line and both are trying to ferret out the guilty parties. The following is taken from a letter received by the Governor yesterday from one of the Kemper posse:

''I was with our Sheriff and the Sheriff of Noxubee on the mountain on the line of the two counties last Friday and Saturday, and I must say that I never saw men more willing and anxious to do their duty than they were. I am satisfied that the parties who burned J. M. Edwards' house in Kemper and two cabins of Maj. Mills in Noxubee last Monday were a set of lawless men who have some personal grudge against the owners. But we could get no proof that would justify their arrest, and, I assure you, we did not require very much evidence, as the Sheriffs and their posses were anxious to crush out lawlessness on the border of the two counties. The Sheriffs now are watching night and day for the law-breakers and will bring them to justice if possible.''

Gov. Lowry, in response to these communications, telegraphed to the Sheriffs urging them to continue their efforts and to leave no stone unturned to catch the guilty parties. He said to them: ''While no further outbreaks may occur, you will honor yourselves and do your county a substantial service by arresting and bringing to justice the men who have already outraged society and violated the law.''

SAFE IN BAGDAD.

Progress of the Babylonian Exploration Commission of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 23.—Rev. H. Clay Trumbull, editor of the *Sunday-School Times*, yesterday received a dispatch from Dr. H. Hilprecht, a member of the Babylonian Exploration Commission of the University of Pennsylvania, announcing the arrival of the expedition in Bagdad. Great difficulties were experienced by the explorers in reaching that city, but as they are now in the Valley of the Tigris and Euphrates, within a comparatively short distance of the site of ancient Babylon, it is expected that excavations will be begun at once. The Sultan's firman, it is stated, at present only grants them permission to dig for antiquities, but does not allow them to be carried out of the country.

A County Treasurer in Trouble.

SANBORN, Dak., January 23.—It has been learned that there is a deficiency in the Barnes County treasury of over $14,000. Treasurer Benson has turned over all his available assets to his bondsmen and they and the county are amply secured. Benson was placed under arrest yesterday, but was immediately released on bail. Some of his creditors crowded him hard at the close of the year and having assured the bondsmen that he could replace it when the time for settlement for the county arrived he used some of the public funds to meet his private obligations. When the hour for settlement came and he wanted to get the money he was startled to find that he could not get it, though it is said abundant security was offered.

1/2 CLOAKS 1/2

Previous to stock-taking we have inspected our stock and have Marked Down our Entire Line of

PLUSH WRAPS AND CLOTH NEWMARKETS

To ONE-HALF (1-2) of the original price. We do not mean simply "window leaders," but our entire stock of these goods MARKED DOWN ONE-HALF.

FAMOUS BROADWAY AND MORGAN. FAMOUS

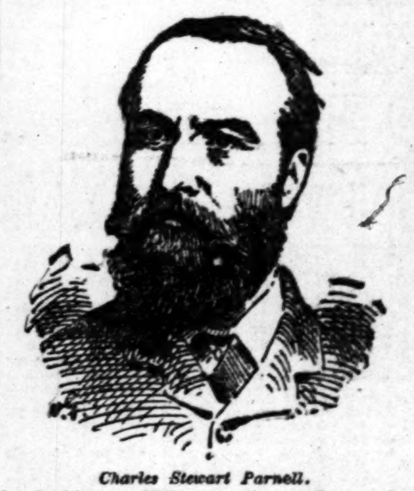
PARNELL DEFENSE FUND.

AN APPEAL FROM THE GREAT LEADER FOR A HELPING HAND.

What the London "Times" Hopes to Accomplish Before the Parliamentary Committee—Evictions of Fifty Years Ago—Contributions From Sympathizing Englishmen—Instances of the Tyranny of Landlords—Contributions To-Day.

When Charles Stewart Parnell in his published interview with T. P. O'Connor explains to the world the need of financial help from those who sympathize with him in his struggles, every citizen, who enjoys the blessings of a liberal government should contribute his share. This was an appeal. He made no attempt to play upon the patriotic feelings of the sons of Erin, who had sought homes in other climes. He made a simple statement of the needs of the trying hour. Mr. Parnell's bitterest political enemies have never accused him of being theatric.

Mr. Parnell recognizes that this is a crisis. The London *Times*, which has been relentless in its persecution of champions of Irish rights, has had its vindictiveness imposed upon by some shrewd knave, who, for money, placed in the hands of that journal forged letters purporting to have been written by Mr. Parnell and incriminating him in the unlawful acts which he had condemned in public time and again.



Charles Stewart Parnell.

Mr. Parnell has been before the world for years, but his enemies have not been able to find a spot on his character. To smirch the champion of home rule has been the ardent and diabolical desire of his traducers. The author of the forgeries agreed to do this for the London *Times* by showing that, though regarded as a spotless champion, Mr. Parnell was in reality leagued with assassins. Letters purporting to be from Mr. Parnell and apparently containing evidence of his negotiations with assassins were turned over to the London *Times* and, in its blind hate, published by that organ. Mr. Parnell has challenged the London *Times*, and the English Government now stands bottle-holder for his accusers.

It is not Mr. Parnell who is on trial. It is the cause of home rule. He stands as the champion of Irish rights. The London *Times*, with its governmental backing, hopes to deal death to him and his cause in the same blow. It is to successfully withstand this effort that Mr. Parnell asks for aid. The funds of those who are working to effect his political ruin and to defeat home rule thereby are unlimited.

To counteract their efforts Mr. Parnell must rely on the prompt assistance of Irishmen and the lovers of liberty of all nations.

On his published appeal the POST-DISPATCH Parnell Defense Fund was inaugurated. It bids fair to amount in all to a large sum—a substantial contribution to the general fund, and a testimonial of the residents of a representative American city.

To-day the following communications and subscriptions were received:

RECOLLECTIONS OF OUTRAGES.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Just a few items from one who has been there. It is pleasing to me that I can notice considerable progress as regards the affairs of the tenant farmers of Ireland. I can remember when they used to drive the stock from one estate to another to avoid the tithes collector, who would take them to get his church rates out of them. Well, by agitation this is gone forever, and this new law benefits the minority outside the State church as well as the great majority. Just think for a moment tithes from about 6,000 or 7,000 people in my parish for the support, not that, but to enrich the few, and no service in return. This parish in the south of Ireland and adjoining that of Mitchelstown, had about twelve or fifteen families who belonged to the State Church. This job for the bailiffs is gone. Now as to eviction they used to accomplish it on the quiet in those days. About fifty years ago my father first tasted of it in the next townland to where we lived. He was evicted and not for nonpayment of rent, but to give this land to some one who never put one cent's worth of improvement upon it, but who privately made a higher bid and presented the landlord with some of the precious metal. Later on, about ten years, father had to take this same bitter medicine, with the rest of the family, from the town land on which we resided. This last farm, a large portion of it being bog or wet wild land that was never in cultivation until father, with the aid of his children, made it productive. This was like a garden, and so much the worse for those who dwelt on that townland, for what the agent had not already, he received now as soon as the lease ran out, and although he had already hundreds of acres as far as the eye could reach with what voracity he snatched this also. This land was within gunshot of the landlord's demesne, and so much the worse for us, for we had to leave it, and not for the nonpayment of rent, but the agent's eye rested on this whole townland and he got it regardless of the hardships and misery it brought on the inhabitants of the two townland. They had to go at the nod of the tyrant. What if there was no United States to go to. Well, as for myself, the landlord said he would get me on the police force or employ me as plowman on his demesne. I did not choose either, but made choice of these United States instead, and am not sorry for it.

That same landlord is the son of Gen. Henry Green Barry, a noble tyrant, who was magistrate, landlord and tyrant at the same time and who figured in the war of 1812, if I remember rightly, and who died of some loathsome disease.

Still we can with pleasure report progress. The landlord would be most happy to get his rents now, but he finds it difficult and also some difficulty in eviction, but those troubles are of their own making.

Much more might be said of this same Gen. Barry. Acting as Magistrate, he was one of the three who gave orders to fire at Gurtroe in the south of Ireland in the days of O'Connell, killing some and wounding others. He often rode his charger over a heap of winnowed wheat which he chanced to light upon. Clubs of fifty of such men riding over grain fields at this season and later on in March was quite common, in chase of the game, without caring for the damage done. This, too, is played out. J. MOAKLEY.

COLLECTED BY MR. WM. BAKER.

Mr. Wm. Baker of No. 817 North Ninth street forwards $3 subscribed by the following persons:

Dan Brown,
James Hendley,
John Baker,
Mike Handley,
John Byrmingham,
Fred Ferber,
Pat Winters,
Dave Ogelby,
Jerry Reardon,
John McCue,
John Keeher.

AN ENGLISH FAMILY'S CONTRIBUTION.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please find inclosed $1.25 handed me by an English sympathizer with the cause of Gladstone and Parnell, contributed by himself and family:

Alfred Trigg, Sr.,
Catherine A. Trigg,
John J. Trigg,
Lucy Trigg and
Alfred Trigg, Jr.

Also $1.75 from the undersigned and family, bearing his contribution to the good cause, to wit:

Wm. C. Kennedy,
Emmett J. Kennedy,
Agnes Kennedy,
Eva Kennedy,
Kate Kelly and
Thos. and Jas. Foley.

WM. C. KENNEDY.
3621 North Eleventh street.

FROM FOUR YOUNG PATRIOTS.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Inclosed please find $1 for the Parnell fund. We are four little boys whose papa says that instead of buying candy with our nickles we must save them and give them to you for poor Mr. Parnell, who, he says, is fighting the whole English Government. God save Ireland. Bernard Sherman Parnell Purcell, Joseph Patrick Kennett Purcell, Thomas Emmett Purcell, Willie Sarsfield Purcell.

TO DOWN THE TORY GOVERNMENT.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Inclosed find $1.75, seven subscriptions to the POST-DISPATCH Parnell Defense Fund to help overthrow the London *Times* and to down the Tory Government:

Pat Hopkins,
Mary Hopkins,
Maggie Hopkins,
Aney Hopkins,
Aney Hopkins,
Mike Karney.

INDIVIDUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

To-day the following individual contributions to the fund were:

Martin Troy (4),
Ellen McCabe,
Maria O'B.,
M. Feeney,
Thos. Barr,
Mrs. Annie Barr,
Mrs. Lizzie Schilling,
H. C. Taylor.

"Post-Dispatch" Parnell Defense Fund.

The following is the summary of the amounts received for the POST-DISPATCH Parnell Defense Fund up to 12 m. to-day:

Previously acknowledged	$320 25
Bernard Purcell and brothers	1 00
Wm. Baker, 817 North Ninth street (collected	3 00
Per Wm. C. Kennedy	3 00
Patrick Hopkins and others	1 75
Individual subscriptions	2 75
Total	$331 75

THE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

The Council and the House Get Through With Considerable Work.

The Council held its regular meeting last night.

The first matter taken up was the bill increasing the salary of the Chief Dispensary Physician, which was recalled from the Engrossing Committee and referred to the Sanitary Committee for necessary corrections.

Several private railroad and switch bills were disposed of.

Mr. Duross introduced a bill giving the Street Commissioner power to enforce the repairs on pavements in the district bounded by Elm street, Franklin avenue, Twelfth street and the river.

The bill providing for an additional Dairy Inspector and regulating the management of dairies in the city was passed.

The bill extending the franchise of the Missouri Railway Co. was taken up and amended so that the road shall pay after 1910 $8,000 per annum to the city.

Several amendments were made in the Newstead avenue extension bill and it was ordered to engrossment.

Twenty-four members of the House of Delegates were present at the meeting of that body last night. Speaker Bannerman was in the chair.

Mr. Stone from the Ways and Means Committee reported a bill amending the meat shop license ordinance so as to make the rate $15 per annum. The bill was defeated and the matter allowed to stand as it is at present, the license being $50 a year.

The bill fixing the amount to be paid the city by the St. Louis, Oak Hill & Carondelet Railway was passed.

A number of street improvement bills were passed.

The House then adjourned until Friday.

On Ingalls' Plan You Get

A watch with the money you now spend foolishly. Ingalls, 1007 Olive street.

AN ODOR OF GASOLINE

THAT IS DISTURBING THE RESIDENTS ALONG WASHINGTON AVENUE.

Sewer Commissioner McMath Is Trying to Locate the Source—The Bill to Increase the Dispensary Physician's Salary Strikes a Snag—The Mayor Appoints the City's Representatives to the Fort Smith Convention.

The following letter was received at the POST-DISPATCH office this morning and was submitted to Sewer Commissioner McMath:

Can the POST-DISPATCH enlighten a reader as to the cause of a terrible stench along the line of the Washington avenue sewer? The odor reminds one of some product of gas or gasoline. It has been noticed in small quantity now and then for a long time, but last (Monday) evening toward 10 o'clock it became almost unbearable in two buildings—one near Eighteenth street, the other near Garrison avenue—that were visited by the writer, in one of which, at least, the plumbing was supposed to be in repair. Between these two points every sewer trap along the street emitted a volume of the same fetid gas that was simply nauseating.

If this indicates only a disagreeable substance, nothing more, it is a nuisance that ought to be abated. If it shows that the traps do not cut off the emanations from our sewers, even when they are pronounced in good order, the Board of Health ought to stimulate sanitary engineers to produce something safer and better. READER.

After reading the communication the Sewer Commissioner said that on the day mentioned in the letter he had noticed the same peculiar smell of gasoline for several squares in the western part of the city and along the line of the Cable & Western road. The conductors and gripmen on the cars also noticed the smell and examined their lamps carefully to see that the leakage was not there. The smell cannot come from the sewers direct, but can be from gasoline that has been thrown into a sewer probably some distance away. If gasoline in any quantity had been thrown into Mill Creek sewer the natural tendency of the gas would have been against the stream of the sewer which would then carry it toward the place where the smell was most noticeable. There are no defects in the sewers where the smell was strongest and the Sewer Commissioner is at a loss to explain the cause.

The Doctors' Bill.

The chief Dispensary physician will have to wait a little while longer for his increase in salary, and the two assistant physicians will have to wait a little while longer before they can get another doctor to help them with their work. The cause of the delay is simply a technicality which was discovered last night by the Committee on Engrossed and Enrolled Bills. The bill reads: ''An ordinance regulating the management of the City Dispensary, defining the officers and fixing their salaries.'' Then it goes on to state that the officers of the Dispensary shall be appointed by the Health Commissioner, by and with the approval of the Board of Health.

Sec. 2 of the ordinance reads:

''Sec. 2. The City Dispensary shall be under the immediate management of the Chief Dispensary Physician, who shall receive a salary of $150 per month. There shall be also two assistant physicians, who shall receive a salary of $100 a month each.''

This section was amended so that it should read three assistants and $75 a month each. When the bill had gone through as far as engrossment it was found that it was all wrong, having been incorrectly drawn up. As it stands it interferes with the existing ordinance, which provides for the appointments of the Health Department, including the Dispensary physicians. To make the change properly the section to be amended should be quoted in the bill, and the part of it to be changed specified.

A newly constructed bill is being prepared and will be put through the regular course followed by deserving bills, as quickly as possible.

To Represent the City.

The Mayor has appointed R. A. Campbell, Thomas C. Fletcher, John G. Prather, Samuel Hays and Hamilton Daughaday to represent the city at the convention to be held at Fort Smith, Ark., to-morrow. The convention is to held for the purpose of discussing the project of opening Indian Territory for settlement. The party leaves to-night over the St. Louis and San Francisco and will arrive there to-morrow. Comptroller Campbell said this morning: ''I am afraid that we will arrive after the organization of the convention, but that will not matter much, as I think we ought to move slowly in this matter, and not do anything until we are thoroughly posted on it. This move is of the greatest importance to St. Louis, as it has a tremendous trade in that country and a break of any kind would have a very bad effect.

Will Be Dismissed.

Mr. Bernard Klouber, with his attorney, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, yesterday made a statement in connection with the complaint lodged against him in the United States Circuit Court, and in the light of this it was decided to dismiss the proceedings growing out of the fact that a lot of iron bolts taken from the River Improvement Works opposite Jefferson County were purchased by him. He has been in business for twenty-five years and showed that his connection with the matter under investigation was simply that he purchased the bolts when offered, not having any information beyond the representations of the parties selling the iron.

Texas' Presidential Vote.

Hulling Robertson, messenger of the electors of Texas to Washington, passed through the city from Washington to Austin last night to have an error in his record repaired. He arrived at 6:40 o'clock over the O. & M., and left at 9:15 on the Missouri Pacific Texas train. He expects to get the vote of Texas in Washington in proper form by Monday, which is the day the returns will be canvassed.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Gathered From the Adjacent Towns.

Bethalto, Ill., January 22.—Bethalto Post, No. 509, installed their officers on last Thursday eve at Keisler's Hall, after which the post and the invited guests listened to Comrade E. H. Dunbar of St. Louis, who entertained those present by a few well-timed remarks and by the recitation of several well-chosen poems.——The roads are in such bad condition that business is at a standstill.——Supervisor Cult attended the County Board this week.——Mr. Emanuel Youngworth buried his oldest child last week. It died at Kansas City, where the family have been living for the last three years.——Mr. M. Pruitt is back again.

Centralia, Ill., January 23.—Mr. Henry Clayton of Odin was in this city on Monday.——Hon. Mat Telford has returned from Springfield.——Mr. S. M. Price is in St. Louis to-day (Wednesday).——The work on the tower and engine-room for the gas well goes rapidly on and boring will soon be commenced.——The charity entertainment given last night at the Opera-house was a grand success in every way—a full house, all the parts well rendered and splendid receipts. The receipts amounted to $111.63.

Charleston, Mo., January 22.—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist Church gave an entertainment to-night at the Opera-house, with booths representing the ''Seven Days of the Week,'' which was attended by about five hundred people. It was a grand success, financially and otherwise.

Frederickstown, Mo., January 22.—J. M. Bain of Zanesville, O., is spending a few days here.——I. A. Buckner returned from Southwest Missouri this week.——A. Richey was in this morning from mine La Motte and informed the people of this town that he had struck a good vein of lead and is sinking on it as fast as time will permit.

Nokomis, Ill., January 22.—County Treasurer Freeland of Hillsboro was on our streets last week.——Miss Johnson of Pana has been the guest of her cousin, Miss Rena Brown.——David Diamond has gone to Fairfield.——John H. Paddock was at Pana Sunday.——Mrs. Geo. Bliss has returned home from Hot Springs, Ark.——Frank M. Dulin of Hopkinsville, Ky., has been the guest of his uncle, J. W. Thompson.——Ben F. McGrew has accepted a position in a mill at Pittsfield.——Rev. Dr. Springer of Springfield filled the pulpit at the Lutheran Church Sunday morning.——Mr. and Mrs. Carstens were guests of relatives at Springfield recently.——Chris Runge of Kansas is here, called by the sudden death of his father.——Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Pufeles, in company with their guest, Miss Flora H. Walters of Newark, N. J., attended the United Hebrew ball at St. Louis, Mo., Thursday evening.——John Garrasine of this place has been appointed janitor in the House of Representatives at Springfield.——Addison Armentrout has received $1,100 as back pay from the Government, besides a regular monthly allowance.——Rev. J. M. Driver has commenced holding protracted services at the M. E. Church.——Frederick Runge, Sr., aged 68 years, an old resident of this place, died at his residence January 15 of congestion. The funeral, conducted by Rev. J. M. Driver, was held at the M. E. Church January 16 and was largely attended.

North Springfield, Mo., January 22.—One of our oldest citizens, Mr. L. A. Newton, died night before last at his residence on Campbell street. Mr. Newton had been an invalid for several years and only very lately sold out his business, so well assured he would not long survive the cold weather coming on.——The New Ozark Hotel Co., represented by the Hon. John O'Day, have sold their large hotel building to Mrs. Mary Chapin, who purchases the property for investment.——Miss Olive Degnan of St. Louis is visiting at the house of M. Ford.——Gen. George H. Nettleton, General Manager, and W. W. Fagan, General Superintendent of the Memphis route, were here yesterday and inspected the work on the new Gulf shops. Many rumors about the city indicate that their visit had a deeper meaning; that they were looking after the route spoken of.——Saturday there were some eighteen deeds recorded, amounting to over $28,000, and for the week there were real estate sales of a little over $77,000. This is about an average of what sales have been all winter.—The ladies of St. John's Episcopal Church gave one of the most brilliant and successful socials of the season at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Atwood on Washington avenue.——The Komuk Club of this city will give one of their popular beau and dame receptions this evening at their new and elegant rooms in the Sprinkle block.

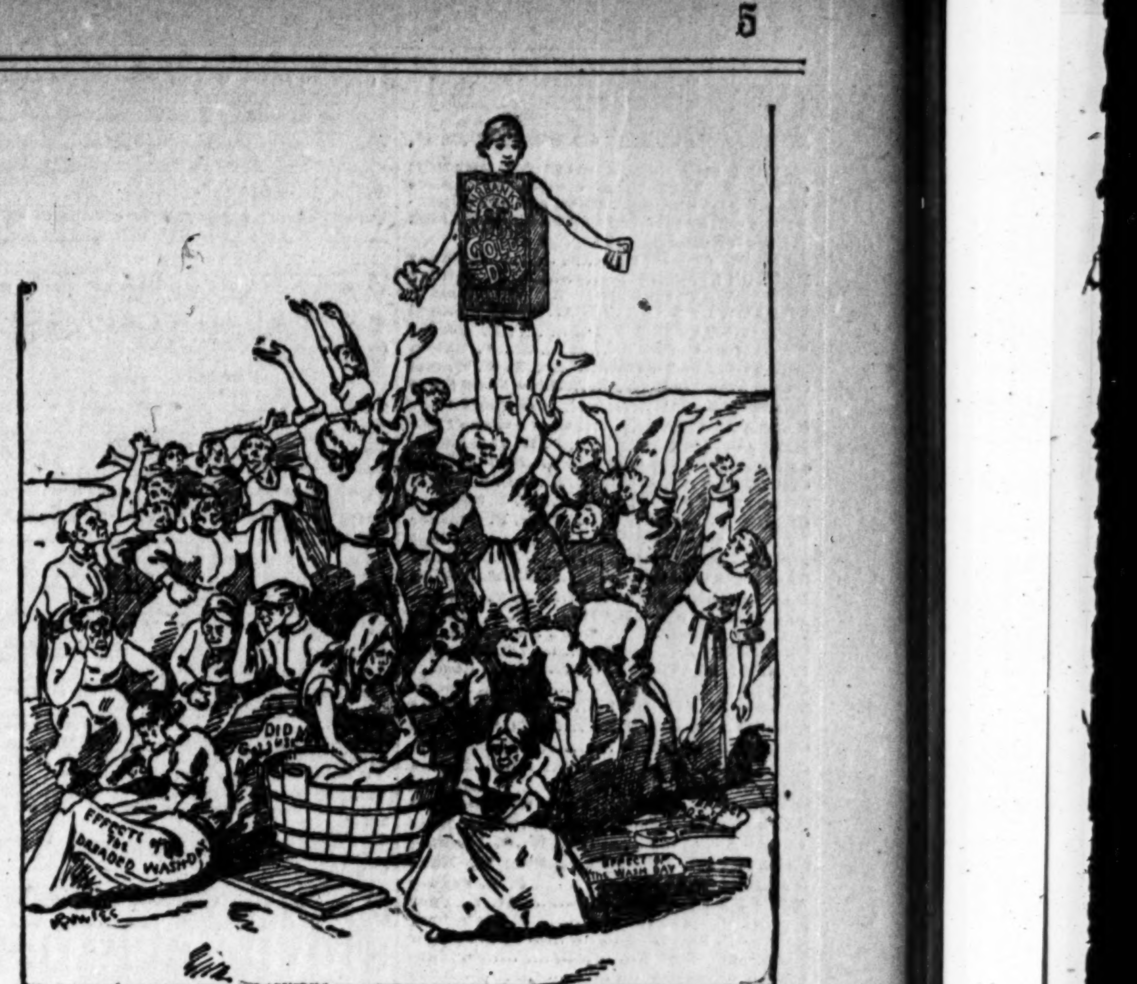
St. Charles, Mo., January 22.—Miss Wippern of St. Louis is the guest of Miss Ida Meyer of this place.——Mr. and Mrs. August Reser left to-day for an extended trip to Baltimore, Harrisburg and other Eastern points.——Mr. J. B. Pritchett arrived yesterday from Salt Lake City.——Mrs. E. C. Hayward of this city is visiting friends in Jacksonville, Ill.——Mrs. M. I. Hardy, after an absence of several weeks spent in Boston, returned to Lindenwood College yesterday to take charge of her vocal class.——Miss Kilpstein of St. Louis will be the guest of Miss Kate Linnemann this week.——Miss Julia Falkerson leaves Wednesday to accompany her father to New Orleans by boat.——Mr. Edward Cunningham of St. Louis visited friends here this week.——Mrs. Urilla Orrick and her grandson, Master Geo. Johns of St. Louis, are spending some time with relatives here.

Taylorville, Ill., January 22.—Four deaths occurred in and near the city Sunday night as follows: W. W. Meador, an old and highly esteemed farmer living about six miles southwest, in Bear Creek Township, of appoplexy, aged 68 years and 8 months; in the same township Mr. Vancel, aged about 45 years; in the city, Mr. Poland, an old soldier, aged about 65 years, and Elsie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Overand, aged 4 years, of membraneous croup.——J. F. Harner and family have moved to Pana.——Col. George Spencer of Bloomington, Assistant Inspector-General of the Illinois Brigade, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, was here Friday night and inspected Mystic Division, No. 37.——The new engine for the coal shaft has arrived and is being placed in position.——The continued mild weather is causing great uneasiness among the icemen, and the prospects now are that they will be compelled to buy last year's ice at a high price or do without entirely.——Attorney David M. Sharp has returned from an extended visit in Iowa.

A Young Business Man in Trouble.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

APPLETON CITY, Mo., January 23.—L. A. Barnes, a young business man of this place, recently sold his stock of goods to W. B. Nally, and yesterday was arrested by a Cincinnati firm for obtaining goods by making false representations of his business affairs. His friends claim that it is a bulldozing scheme to collect a bill.



EFFECTS OF THE DREADED WASHDAY
EFFECT OF THE WASH DAY

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Is welcomed everywhere. Thousands of our toil-worn mothers and sisters are daily using it, because it saves clothes, labor and expense. The hard rubbing and bobbing up and down over a washboard is what drags the woman worker of America down to misery and sickness. TRY GOLD DUST.

FREE SAMPLES AT YOUR GROCERY.

☞ ASK FOR ONE. ☜

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

OFFICE STATIONERY,
COMMERCIAL PRINTING,
BLANK BOOKS.

STRAIGHT GOODS and WORK at RIGHT PRICES.

Robt. D. Patterson Stationery Co.
316 and 318 N. Third St.

DIED.

DALE—January 22, at 1:15 o'clock a. m., of consumption, JOHN DALE, aged 39 years, 6 months and 18 days.

Funeral on Thursday, 24th inst., at 1 o'clock from residence, No. 17 Center street, to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

SCHUTZ—On Wednesday, January 23, 1889, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., ELLA M. A., beloved daughter of William and Caroline Schutz, aged 7 years and 8 days.

Funeral private from family residence, 3001 Rauschenbach avenue, Thursday, at 2 p. m.

THEOBOLDT—On Wednesday, January 23, 1889, at 12:35 a. m., GEORGE G., son of Gustav A. and Aggripina Theoboldt, aged 1 year, 5 months and 11 days.

The funeral will take place Thursday, January 24, at 2 p. m. from family residence, No. 528 South Twenty-third street. Friends of the family invited to attend.

WHITSETT—UNDERTAKER. opp. Exposition, 1304 Olive st.; reasonable charges. Tele. 1478.

THE FIREMEN'S BALL.

Everything in Readiness for the Big Event This Evening.

The big annual event for the benefit of the Firemen's Relief Fund, known now familiarly as ''The Firemen's Ball'' has become a fixture almost as permanent as the Fair or the Exposition. It is looked forward to with much eagerness by the brave ''boys'' themselves and for months before it takes place they and their friends are busy with the preparations. Since the first ball was given the affair has been a pronounced success, and it is one of those things which, like the proverbial thing of beauty, will be a joy, if not forever, for at least a long time to come.

The ball this year will occur to-night in the splendid hall of the Merchants' Exchange, a hall that is unsurpassed in its advantages for affairs of this kind. Everything is ready for the feast. The work of decorating the ball-room was begun yesterday and continued to-day, and by the time the readers of the POST-DISPATCH read this, the work will have been completed, and the hall will be ready for the festivities. The galleries are decorated with red and white bunting. These colors are those of the Fire Department. Nearly 1,000 gas-light globes have been placed above the railing of the gallery, and the light which will stream from them to-night will fall upon banners descriptive of all the companies in the department. The flag of the United States and national banners drape the rostrum. The imposing fountain in the middle of the floor will be beautiful with a profusion of evergreens and natural flowers and plants of all kinds which will perfume the room. No supper will be given in the ball-room this year, but arrangements have been made with a neighboring restaurant by which those guests who desire refreshments may be able to secure them. Two firemen from each company have been detailed to look after the details of the ball, and a detachment of twenty-five policemen will be at the door to show the guests the proper courtesies and keep out objectionable people.

The work of decorating the hall was done by Geo. C. Hutchins of Engine Company No. 16, assisted by Thos. Callahan, Captian of No. 16; Thos. Shea, engineer of No. 25, and John Finnegin of No. 4 truck. The ball promises to be the most successful of those yet given.

Chess.

The match between Haller and Hodges has now reached a most interesting point. Hodges won the even game Saturday after four hours' hard play, and also the pawn and move game last night. This game proved the shortest of the series, lasting but twenty-three moves. Contrary to the usual routine this game opened up very soon. Both castled at the eighth move, and at the eleventh black had assumed the offensive. At the thirteenth white sallied out with his queen to break up black's pawns on the Queen's side, and at the twentieth, with a clear draw in hand, played for a win. This gave black his coveted opportunity, and at the twenty-first he announced a pretty little mate in two moves. The next game is on even terms, and will begin Saturday at 7:30 p. m.

Sash and Blind Factory Burned.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., January 23.—Frank Swansolis' sash and blind factory burned this morning. Loss, $12,000; no insurance.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S—TO-NIGHT.
★ LIZZIE EVANS ★
In her brilliant new comedy,
THE BUCKEYE.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, OUR ANGEL.
Next Sunday—Thatcher, Primrose & West.

STANDARD THEATER!
To-night. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.
AUSTIN'S
Australian Novelty Co.
Next week—Gray and Stevens' new comedy, "The Old Oaken Bucket."

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
TO-NIGHT. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Great hit of
NEWTON BEERS'
Grand lyric spectacular production, LOST IN LONDON.
Sunday night, January 27—Jas. A. Herne's Hearts of Oak.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
EVERY EVENING
HOYT'S
Great Character Study,
--A-- BRASS MONKEY
(A SATIRE ON SUPERSTITION.)
Matinee Saturday.
Next Week—Joseph Murphy.

OLYMPIC.
RUDOLPH ARONSON'S
Comic Opera Co.
To-Night, Last Presentation of
THE YEOMEN OF THE GUARD.
Thursday, Friday, Saturday Matinee and Night,
ERMINIE.
Sunday—Kate Claxton.

OLIVE ST. MUSEE,
MILLIE CHRISTINE,
2-HEADED LADY.
1 Body, 4 Feet, and host of other attractions. Fail not to see her.

BURNS'
ANNIVERSARY CONCERT,
Under the Auspices of the
Scottish Clans of St. Louis.
—AT—
ENTERTAINMENT HALL,
(Exposition Building.)
FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1889. Commencing 8 p. m. sharp.

Firemen's Ball,
—AT—
Merchants' Exchange Hall,
Wednesday, Jan. 23d, 1889.

A. P. ERKER & BRO.,
OPTICIANS,
617 Olive Street.
Spectacles and Eye-Glasses accurately adjusted. Shell Lorgnettes, Opera Glasses, Spy-Glasses, Drawing and Surveying Instruments, etc.

Radiant Home
Base Burner Stoves.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
608 N. Fourth St.

THE POST-DISPATCH

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501	O. Sutter
BENTON ST.—2573	A. H. Verdick
BROADWAY—2001 N	O. D'Amour
BROADWAY & ANGELICA	W. J. Kehrumel
BROADWAY—2613 S	E. Geisler
BROADWAY—3907 S	F. Hemm
BROADWAY—7331 S	L. F. Waibel
CARR ST.—1393	Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2231	Crawley's Phar
CASS AV.—1090	Cass Avenue Phar
CASS AV.—1327	C. W. Tomfohrde
CHOUTEAU AV.—1801	H. F. Spilker
CHOUTEAU AV.—2354	C. Schaefer
CHOUTEAU AV.—2837	W. E. Krueger
CLARK AV.—2136	Chas. F. Ochsner
DODIER ST.—2248	B. Vogt
EASTON AV.—3180	F. C. Pauley
EASTON AV.—4161	Fischer & Co
EAST GRAND AV.—1928	T. T. Wurmb
ELEVENTH ST.—3701 N	T. T. Wurmb
FINNEY AV.—3837	P. E. Fiquet
FRANKLIN AV.—1600	C. Klipstein
FRANKLIN AV.—3342	J. B. Baseler
GAMBLE ST.—2631	A. Braun
GARRISON AV.—1016	D. S. Littlefield
GRAND AV.—1400 N	F. Sehn & Co
GRAND AV.—1926 N	W. D. Temm
GRAND AV.—2745	Thos. Layton
GRAVOIS.—2946	B. Jost
HICKORY ST.—800	Ferd. W. Sennewald
LAFAYETTE AV.—1800	Philip Kaut
LUCAS AV.—1700	W. S. Fleming
LAFAYETTE AV.—2601	Paul M. Nake
MARKET ST.—2031	C. G. Penney
MARKET ST.—2846	St. L. Phar
MENARD.—1434	G. Weinsberg
MORGAN ST.—3930	J. S. Procter
NINTH ST.—2625 N	O. Claus
OLIVE ST.—1500	R. Riley
OLIVE ST.—2800	J. L. Royston
OLIVE ST.—3000	J. Guerdan & Co
OLIVE ST.—3201	Louis Schurk
OLIVE ST.—3500	Adam B. Roth
PARK AV.—1937	G. H. Andreas
SALINA ST.—2870	A. P. Kaltwasser
TAYLOR AV.—1900	G. H. Wagner
WASHINGTON AV.—1328	Primm's Phar
WASHINGTON AV.—2338	T. S. Glenn
WASHINGTON AV.—2800	J. Weiner
WASHINGTON AV.—3901	F. W. Conradt

SUBURBAN.

KIRKWOOD	L. P. Hemm
WEBSTER GROVES	Livery Stable
EAST ST. LOUIS	O. F. Kresse
BELLEVILLE ILL.	Kaercher & Stelberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast-mail train, advertisements for the SUNDAY MORNING POST-DISPATCH must be in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE—To graduates: Parsons makes a special offer; extra finish Rembrandt cabinets at $1 less than regular price. This is the finest class of work made in the city. Parsons' new studio finest in America, 1407 Market st. 33

HYDE PARK COUNCIL, No. 4, Legion of Honor, will meet this evening at 8 o'clock at Wenzel's Hall, n. w. cor. Franklin av. and 8th st. Initiation and work in first and third degree. Visitors are always welcome. By order
O. G. BALMER, Sec. M. A. CARROLL, Chancellor.
33

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A position as bartender; first-class reference. Address J 68, this office. 38

Cooks.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Situation by man and wife; first-class cooks, in restaurant or hotel. Ad. D 68, this office. 40

Boys.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A smart boy of 16 years wishes a situation of any kind; has reference. Address Jos. Sims, 1704 Chestnut st. 42

Miscellaneous.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A situation as porter; best of reference. Address No. 42 Targee st. 43

WANTED—Situation by young man 18 years old, work of any kind or to learn trade. Address A 68, this office; references furnished. 43

WANTED—Situation as deliveryman; will furnish own horse and wagon; also furnish buggy for collector, etc. Address or call at 1923 O'Fallon st.

WANTED—A situation by a sober, reliable German to attend to horses and work around the house; sit. to make himself generally useful. Add. F 67, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Jewelry salesman; must write good hand; must work long hours. Address M 68, this office. 54

The Trades.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A good barber at 2334 Washington av. 58

WANTED—First-class cutters for ladies' fine shoes. B. Gannon, 811 N. 2d st. 58

WANTED—Two hand burnishers on silver-plated work; call at once. Cor. Lasalle and Ohio av. 58

Boys.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Boy about 15 years; must be neat and give good reference. Apply 111 N. 6th st. 61

Waiters.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Good tinner at 4113 Easton av. 58

WANTED—Dining-room man. 2601 Pine st. 57

Miscellaneous.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A porter who can make himself useful in the kitchen. Apply, with reference, P 68, this office. 62

WANTED—A houseman, well recommened, familiar with driving and willing to be generally useful. Apply 3601 Lindell av. 62

WANTED—You to buy the W. L. Douglas and the James Means $3 shoe for $2 a pair, at C. E. Hilt's Sweep Sale, 616 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—Three young men to take positions at Union Telegraph Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines; $75 to $125 monthly soon as qualified. Apply immediately Teligraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—A competent dressmaker will work by day or week; can cut and fit children's clothes. Apply 221½ Channing av. 46

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—By lady, situation in office. Address E 59, this office. 44

WANTED—By a young lady, copying to do at home. Add. T 68, this office. 44

Stenographers.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A position by a lady stenographer; uses Remington; will do any kind of office work; $9 per week. Add. E 67, this office. 45

Housekeepers.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman as housekeeper in small family of children, or to care for an invalid. 2834 Papin st. 47

WANTED—Position by a No. 1 hotel housekeeper; thoroughly experienced; willing to go any distance; best of reference. Address, for one week, M 66, this office. 47

General Housework.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

WANTED—Situation to do housework. 2312 Wash st. 48

WANTED—A girl wants situation to do general housework. 4110 Prairie av. 48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl for general work. Address 734 S. 7th st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a colored girl to do general housework. Apply 1311 Franklin av. 48

WANTED—1,000 children to buy rubbers at Hilt's sweep sale at 5c a pair. 616 Franklin av. 48

WANTED—A girl wants place at general housework in small family; references. 1418 Singleton st. 48

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do house or dining room work. Call at 2549 North Market, no postals 48

WANTED—A young girl wants a place for housework or general housework. Apply 1208 Montgomery st., Mrs. Peterson. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation as cook and housegirl. Address 2573 Warren st. 49

WANTED—Situation by a competent cook in a private family; good refs. 18 S. 15th st. 49

WANTED—A respectable girl, competent cook, desires permanent situation. Call or address 3107 Easton av. 49

WANTED—A situation as first-class cook, washer and ironer in a private family; good references. Address F 68, this office. 49

Nurses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Situation by a girl of 16 to do nursing and light housework. 1011 Sidney st. 50

WANTED—Woman wants situation as nurse or to take care of child; can do plain sewing. 917 N. 13th st. 50

WANTED—A situation as experienced nurse; wants full charge of a baby; first-class references. Address R 68, this office. 50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing to take home by an experienced laundress. Ad. 3011 Rutger st. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Saleslady; one who understands book-keeping. Add. A 69, this office. 63

General Housework.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A girl, for general housework. 3207 Chesnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 3150 Locust st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1222 Dolman st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 2631 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at 1116 Monroe st. 66

WANTED—Situation to do general housework or cooking. Apply 2232 Scott av. 66

WANTED—Immediately; a good girl for general housework. 207 N. 8th st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. Apply at 4245 Evans av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 4060 Delmar av.; small family; good wages. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no cooking. Apply 2926 Olive or 506 St. Charles. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family; no children. 2910 N. 21st st, 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, German preferred; good pay for good services. Call with references, 3625 Cook av. 66

WANTED—A strong German girl to do housework and take care of a child 3 years old: must be able do plain sewing. Apply to No. 4036 Delmar av.

WANTED—A strong girl to wash, iron and assist in housework; also a cook; good wages; at Delmonico's, Lindell and Taylor avs.; take Olive st. car.

Laundresses.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Wash woman for to-morrow. 1222 Dolman st. 67

WANTED—Girls of 16 to help in laundry; wages $3. Imperial Laundry, 1115 S. Jefferson av. 67

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

IF you want work, advertise in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Hand and machine girls on pants. 2921 Lemp av. 69

WANTED—Lady in small family to do plain sewing; must be good cutter and fitter. Address or call at 615 Poplar st., up stairs. 46

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—A cook at 2713 N. Broadway. 68

WANTED—A cook; reference required. Apply at 3531 Washington av. 68

WANTED—Experienced cook, to wash and iron also for small family. Ap. 3211 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—At 3863 W. Pine st., a well recommended German girl to cook, wash and iron. 68

WANTED—2 girls; one to cook, wash and iron, the other to nurse and do housework. 3117 Easton av. 68

WANTED—A German girl to cook and assist in laundry Mondays and Tuesdays; reference required. 2713 Washington av. 68

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron for family of two; good wages. Call or address A. C. R., care 703 Pine st. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Nurse girl to assist in housework at 3329 Laclede av. 70

WANTED—Girl for nurse and to assist in housework. 1621 N. 19th st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two good hotel chambermaids at Lafayette Park Hotel. 71

WANTED—A good experienced chambermaid. (colored) at 103 N. 9th st. 71

WANTED—1,000 men to buy Self-acting Rubbers at 25c a pair at C. E. Hilt's Sweep Sale, 616 Franklin av. 71

WANTED—Three young ladies to take positions at Union Telegraph Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines; $75 to $125 monthly soon as qualified. Apply immediately Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Lady agent of good address and appearance to solicit orders for our "Star Cones," an absolutely indispensable article for ladies. Business is respectable, profits large and sells readily. Address Sheres Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O. 73

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—A man as a partner with $400 to $1,000, in a good paying business. Address Brown & Reeves, 1034 Market st., St. Louis, Mo. 23

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—A young lady would like a room in private family, with or without board. Add. B 69, this office. 20

WANTED—To rent, a nicely furnished front room, 2d story, with board for man and wife, would prefer parties owning their own house, with use of parlor and piano; will be permanent if suited, terms not to excede $50 per month. N 68, this office. 20

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements of two lines and over in this column FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Elliott: To-night, 6:30. E. 1

PERSONAL—G. A. R.: Will meet you this evening. R 65. 1

PERSONAL—Kay: You are cruelly unjust. You certainly said Tuesday. Ever ***. 1

PERSONAL—Maty, meet me Friday night same time and place you met me last Saturday. 1

PERSONAL—Young widow wishes acquaintance of gentleman; object matrimony. L 68, this office.

PERSONAL—Acquaintance of two gushing young ladies desired by two timid gentlemen; object, social amusement. Ad. D 68, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A young gent, aged 25, who has a good paying business, desires to correspond with a lady of same age of means with a view to matrimony; medium height; none but respectable need answer. Address S 68, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will the lady who took Blue Line car at 5th and Washington av. at 4:30 yesterday afternoon and got off at Jefferson and Chouteau and noticed gent who put her fare in box by request and admired her, who also got off at same place, give him an appointment to become acquainted. Address C 68, this office. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

PARTIES declining housekeeping can realize the highest cash prices for their surplus furniture and effects, in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., AUCT'RS, 1005 Olive st. 74

500.000 XX No. 6 Envelopes at $1.65 per 1,000, printed. H. B. Crole & Co., 813 Locust.

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of death, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure: operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office, 517 Olive st. 74

ELEGANT MASQUERADE

Costumes for rent at reasonable rates.
NEW YORK COSTUME DEPOT,
1730 Franklin av.

IVORY-LEAF

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES.

FLEXIBLE GLASS SIGNS.

Manufactured under pending patents exclusively by

Chas. Galle, 619 Chestnut St.

Blotter-pads, book-marks, erasable calendar-tablets for the vest pocket, cards, measuring-rules, needle-books, paper-weights, show cards, transparent signs, illustrated souvenirs, etc., etc. Fine programmes and call cards. Orders filled in ten days. Will call with samples. Drop postal card.

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,

No. 615 Olive st., next to Barr's (formerly 802 Washington av.) The only place in the city where they make the very best sets of teeth for $7, and no charge for extracting. Gold fillings from $1.50 to $2; silver, platina and other fillings, 75c. Extracting teeth with vitalized air or gas, 25c. All work guaranteed first-class. DR. J. H. CASE, Manager.

DIVORCES

For abandonment, cruelty, drunkenness, indignities, infidelity and all statutory grounds; advice confidential and free; easy payments. Ad. P.-O. box 795. 74

BLIND Fortune Teller, 1519 Morgan st.; ladies, 25 cents; spiritual magnetic treatment for chronic diseases. 74

MME. ANNA, the Fortune-Teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851. 74

MRS. L. MASSOCK, ladies' physician; ladies boarded during confinement; ladies in trouble call 1204 St. Ange av. 74

MRS. LYONS' Institute, scientific massage, magnetic and medicated baths; alcohol rubbings; new female assistants. 1307 Chestnut st. 74

MME. RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female complaints treated; ladies received at the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 1629 Morgan st. 74

MRS. DOSSEN—Practical and competent midwife and lady physician; business strictly confidential; receives ladies during confinement; best place in the West for good care and home comfort; charges reasonable. Call at 1332 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, 1405 Washington av., is unequaled as fortune teller, business adviser and spiritual healer. Her advice and aid invariably insure luck and success in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lottery, races, journeys, lawsuits, speculations, etc. She unites lovers and friends, causes speedy, happy marriages, removes family trouble, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property. Treats all diseases spiritually. Send stamp for illustrated circular, containing sworn testimonials and newspaper recommendations. Manufactures the only genuine "Magic Belt," stamped with her signature. 74

MRS. G. LUBY,

The great fortune-teller, business adviser and spiritual healer; tells name and age of callers and future husband; sells New Orleans charms and mesmeric belts which will give good luck in your business, breaks evil influence and those who forsake you to return. 209 N. 14th st., between Olive and Pine. 74

Mrs. C. Wilcus

1400 OLIVE ST.,

Entrance on Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. Truest Fortune-teller, Business Adviser, Spiritual Healer. Tells your Past, Present and Future. Charges $1 and upward, and only Manufacturer of the New Orleans Magic Belt and Lucky Charm. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 74

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

YOUR advertisement in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will be read by everybody.

MONEY WANTED.

Deposits, 8 per cent.

Persons having idle money can procure 8 per cent interest by depositing it with the People's Building Association, office 221 (2d floor) Commercial Building, southeast corner Sixth and Olive sts.
25 J. B. FOLLETT, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A diamond ring, must sell cheap; address H 68, this office. 26

WANTED—A 4-horse power gas engine. Claes & Lehnbeuter, 127 S. 7th st. 26

WANTED—Bargain in gents' hunting case gold watch. Address O 68, this office. 26

E. A. SKEELE, 1009 Locust st., wants for cash office and household furniture, pianos, organs, safes, etc. 26

$25 REWARD—We will pay $25 reward for a novel and original advertising scheme to be used in increasing the sale of our "Boiler Compound." Address May & Co., Commercial Building, St. Louis. 26

YOUR advertisement in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will be read by everybody.

DANCING.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

WANTED—Competent lady teacher wishes to give private lessons in dancing; waltzing a specialty. W 68, this office. 76

THEATRICAL.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

GRAHAME'S School of Acting, Elocution and Stage Dancing, 921 Franklin av. Send stamp or call for terms. 75

EDUCATIONAL.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—A young lady employed during the day would like some competent lady teacher to instruct her a few evenings in the week. Address B 68, this office. 29

BOOKS.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

WANTED—Books. All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th st.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

20 TARGEE ST., near Market st.—One neatly furnished room for one or two gents; cheap. 13

101 CHANNING AV.—Cor. Chestnut—Rooms fur. or unfurnished, for family or gents. 13

207 N. 8TH ST.—Neatly furnished room on 2d floor with every convenience. 13

511 S. 4TH ST.—2 rooms. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two or four furnished rooms for gents or light housekeeping. 13

622 N. BEAUMONT ST.—Two nice rooms to respectable woman; will take washing as part pay. 13

707 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping or two gents. 13

822 PINE ST.—Elegant rooms opposite Hotel Moser Restaurant; day, week or month; steam heat. 13

840 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely fur. room, with or without board; home comforts; priv. fam. 13

1004 PINE ST.—First and second floor, nicely furnished rooms. 13

1007 PINE ST.—A neatly-furnished front parlor for gentlemen; southern exposure. 13

1418 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished front and other rooms reasonable. 13

1607 FRANKLIN AV.—Elegantly furnished front room for man and wife; gas, bath and privilege of kitchen. 13

1714 WASH ST.—Two nicely furnished parlors; other rooms $8 to $12; light housekeeping.

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Pleasant 2d-floor rooms, well heated and well furnished, with board.

1908½ OLIVE ST.—Suit of rooms for four or five gentlemen. 13

1925 OLIVE ST.—Nicely-fur. 2d floor front room; fire, gas, bath; very reasonable to two gentlemen, 13

2002 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d story front room, very reasonable. 13

2119 EUGENIA ST.—Two or three rooms. 13

2129 WALNUT ST.—One nicely furnished room for one or two gentlemen. 13

2601 CHESTNUT ST.—Barnett Flats—Neatly furnished rooms. 13

2613 CHESTNUT ST.—Newly furnished front room; southern exposure. 13

2741 MORGAN ST.—Extra nicely fur. double parlor for two; everything first-class; private family. 13

3817 PAGE AV.—New house, 3 large and hall rooms and bath. 13

A RARE chance for doctor or dentist or four single gentlemen wishing two splendid connecting rooms on first floor, fur. or unfur., modern improvements, stationary washstand and water closet; private entrance; can board with family if desired; best ref. req.; two cable lines in two blocks of house; best location in city. Add. B 67, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished parlor cheap. 1807 Wash st. 13

FOR RENT—Four rooms, with all conveniences. Apply northwest cor. Easton and Sheridan avs.

ROOMS are quickly rented by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 13

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

2015 OLIVE ST.—Six rooms, bath, etc., to a small, quiet family; rent $35 per month; no lodging or boarding-house keepers need apply. Call at premises from 1 to 2 p. m. or after 6 p. m. 15

BOARDING.

1118 PINE ST.—Single front room, with board, $4 per week; handsome 2d-story front for two or more gentlemen. 18

1431 LUCAS PLACE—Desirable room with board. 18

1504 PINE ST.—Two connecting rooms; also hall room; room with board $4 per week. 18

1603 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms at moderate rates; first-class board.

1706 LUCAS PLACE—Large, handsomely fur. 2d story front room; first-class board. 18

2328 PINE ST.—Pleasant 2d-story rooms with every convenience; with or without board.

2617 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegantly-fur. back and front parlors, with or without board. 18

2619 PINE ST.—Front and back parlors and other rooms, all elegantly furnished, for gentlemen, with or without board. 18

2628 CHESTNUT ST.—Two newly fur. parlors, single or en suite, with or without board. 18

2722 THOMAS ST.—Second-story front room, with board; private family. 18

2727 CASS AV.—Nicely-furnished room for gent and lady, or 2 gents, with board; reasonable.

2821 OLIVE ST.—Back parlor neatly furnished, with good board. 18

2920 CHESTNUT ST.—One single room for gent; one front double room for two gents or man and wife; good board. 18

FOR RENT—At Lambert Hotel, 2930 Locust, elegant rooms; also day boarders accommodated. 18

BOARDERS are secured by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

3015 CAROLINE ST.—Near Lafayette Park—Detached brick house, with bath; rent, $16; owner pays water license. Apply 3011 Caroline st.

FOR RENT—Three-room cottage, 1811 N. 18th st. Inquire Meagher & Nagle. 14

FOR RENT—Desirable house 8 rooms, 6215 Virginia av. Carondelet; apply L. R. Woods, 515 N. Main. 14

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Half a store on Olive st. for laundry office. Address G 68, this office. 17

FOR RENT Two and three rooms on Cass av; one store. 1405 N. Broadway. Apply 1333 N. Broadway. 17

TEMPLE BUILDING.

The new Hale elevator and other improvements being fully completed we are now prepared to rent offices in this building, singly or in suits, and request parties desiring first-class, large offices, possessing all conveniences and at reasonable rates to give us a call. LANCASTER & TIERNAN,
17 202 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT.

Buildings 515 and 517 Market St., with or without fixtures. Apply at office of POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive St.

IMP'VED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—Very desirable 9-room residence, southwest part city, one block from cars; lot, 250x200; stable, vineyard, orchard, etc. Address J 66, this office. 7

POSTMASTERS and Government clerks anticipating a change of business should investigate the "Dayton Plan" for home and savings associations. Permanent and profitable openings for good men. A. T. Stevens, 19 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo. 7

FOR SALE OR FOR LEASE.

BUILDINGS

515 and 517 Market St.

Apply at 513 Olive st. POST-DISPATCH Office.

LACLEDE AV.,

near Grand av., choice 10-room detached house, only $7,000.

WASHINGTON AV.,

west of Grand av., modern style 11-room house, only $10,500. This is a bargain.

COOK AV.,

west of Grand av., 8-room detached house, lot 30-feet front, only $7,500.

I make a specialty of houses and lots in western part of the city. CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
7 713 Chestnut st.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$5 PER MONTH

Buys a lot in ELMWOOD PARK.
FRANKLIN REAL ESTATE CO.,
7 Room 45, Turner Building.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

J. F. Lansing, Real Estate,

Fire Insurance and Loan Broker, Lincoln, Neb. I have for sale a large list of desirable city and farm property, improved and unimproved: stocks of goods on exchange; store rooms and dwellings for rent; money loaned on approved security and investments safely made for Eastern capitalists. Population of our capital city 50,000, with all modern improvements. Climate and educational privileges unsurpassed. Correspond or come and see me. Best of reference. 6

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Upright piano for cash; must be cheap. Address K 68, this office. 27

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

TO OWNERS OF PROPERTY.

I have a large demand for investment property, also for houses in western part of city, ranging from $5,000 to $10,000. Have Eastern capital seeking investments. Will be pleased to list any property in my late bulletin which I am now publishing. You will make money by calling on
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Real Estate and Financial Agent,
31 713 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN—In amounts to suit on St. Louis city and county real estate at lowest rates; security all that is needed; building loans a specialty; loans made on undivided interests in property.
31 CHAS. C. NICHOLLS, 713 Chestnut st.

YOUR advertisement in the Sunday Post-Dispatch will be read by everybody.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY

BORROWERS are found by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount, lowest rates, no com. chd. 621 Chestnut.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods or any other good securities, in sums to suit, for long or short time; can be returned in installments if desired; no publicity; our terms the easiest in the city. M. E. Dougan & Co., 803 Pine st. 31

$15 TO $500 loaned on furniture and pianos without remov.; can be returned in w'kly payments if desired; lowest rates. O. C. Voelcker, 714 Pine st.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furn. and pianos, without removal; also horses and wagons; weekly paym'ts taken and costs reduced in proportion; no com.; lowest rates. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN

In Sums from $1 to $10,000.

On watches, chains, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, musical instruments, merchandise or first-class personal property of any description. All loans made at the lowest possible rates of interest and on the most advantageous terms for the borrower. Business strictly confidential and all negotiations in strict privacy if so desired.
S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. Fourth st.
☞ Special rates given on large loans. 31

MONEY TO LOAN

$10, $20, $30, $50, $100, $1,000, $10,000. Do you want to borrow money? If so, call on the

Missouri Mortgage Loan Co.

Before going elsewhere.

They will loan you money on household furniture, horses, wagons, pianos and personal property of all kinds, without removal with strict confidence.

Money loaned at the lowest possible rates and on the most advantageous terms for the borrower.

This company is incorporated under the State law and is the only properly organized loan company in the city.

Loans so arranged that payment may be made on the principal at any time, reducing the cost in proportion. MISSOURI MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
524 Pine st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

COAL—Twenty-one bushels $2; by the large load 9c per bushel at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 and 2806 Franklin av. Send postal. Telephone, No. 2824. 5

O. K. Coal Dealer delivers coal and coke to any part of the building; eight bushels, $1; fourth and fifth floors extra; office, 922 N. 12th st.; orders by mail or telephone 2,881. C. F. Wuesteney, prop.

WANTED—You to buy the W. L. Douglas and the James Means $3 shoe for $2 a pair at C. E. Hilt's sweep sale, 616 Franklin av. 5

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

LOOK! LOW RENT! LOW PRICES!

Cheapest house for Furniture; cash or time payments. Special inducements to house furnishers. Mulvihill's, 112 N. 12th st. 5

FOR SALE!

Counters and office fixtures; also a lot of shafting, pulleys and machinery; all in first-class condition. For terms, apply at counting-room

POST-DISPATCH, 513 Olive St.

THOSE who wish a wide circulation for their wants should try the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

FOR SALE—or rent—A restaurant, first-class in every respect; everything new; doing an excellent business; West End. Ad. P 59, this office. 4

BUSINESS WANTED.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post Dispatch."

A BROKER doing a good money-lending business desires to represent additional capital; big interest; good security, and principal and interest guaranteed. Address P. O. Box 523. 3

LOST AND FOUND.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

LOST—A silver gray Scotch terrier dog; return and receive liberal reward. 1402 Grand av.; flat 4.

LOST—A brown leather pocket-book, between Mellier's drug store and Frank Bros.; return 1106 S. Cardinal av. and reward. 30

LOST—Friday morning, 18th inst., dapple gray English coach bitch. Liberal reward paid for return of same to 1712 Chestnut st. 30

LOST—$10 reward; pocket-book containing house rent receipts, with name of owner and residence, and $23 and some change in money. Call at residence, 2415 Dickson st. or C., B. & Q. freight-office, East St. Louis. 30

FOUND—On the morning of the 22d inst. a small colt; owner can get same by calling at Ed Butler's horseshoeing shop, 1807 Pine st., proving property and paying reward. 30

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

STORAGE.

ADVERTISE your wants in "Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch."

STORAGE—Furniture, pianos, baggage, etc., safe, reliable; rooms and separate apartments; money loaned; moving, packing and shipping (with care) a specialty; warehouses, Jefferson av. and LaSalle st.; send for our pamphlet containing full details; get our rates. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

STORAGE! MOVING!

Furniture, Pianos, Household Goods.

The largest, safest and best storage rooms in the city for furniture, pianos, boxes, trunks and valuable goods of all kinds at lowest rates; cash advances made on same when desired; moving furniture, pianos and household goods from house to house done by experienced men. Packing furniture, pianos, pictures, china, glassware, etc., for shipping a specialty. WM. O. LANGAN & CO.,
21 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

PROFESSIONAL.

THE Sunday Post-Dispatch will secure you the best of help—for 5c per line.

PILES, fistula, irritable ulcers, etc., a specialty.
FRANCIS O. DRAKE, M. D.,
34 1302 Olive st., St. Louis.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—In answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

FOR SALE—Cheap; one young dark brown horse. 1405 N. 8th st. 12

FOR SALE—Top-covered business wagon at any reasonable offer. 1842 Park av. express office. 12

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred saddle horse; bred for speed and trained for saddle. Address E 68, this office. 12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—175 new and second-hand open and top business and pleasure wagons, buggies, phaetons, surreys, herdic. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

WE will sell at auction to-morrow, the 24th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., a dun pony, wagonette and harness, being the rig that took first premium at our Fair last October, and is the property of S. P. Keyes, Esq., of St. Ange av. SLOAN & KIRK,
12 1424 N. Broadway.

TIME TABLE

Of Trains Running Into Union Depot—St. Louis Time.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line).		
Day Express	* 7:25 am	* 7:30 pm
Chicago Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.		
10 hours to Cin. & Lou.; 4 Solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.		
Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:25 am	* 7:22 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:40 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 7:20 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	5:15 pm	8:45 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Fast Line	† 7:40 pm	† 8:00 pm
Memphis, Ky. & Tenn.	† 7:40 pm	† 7:55 am
Cairo & Paducah Express	† 7:45 am	† 7:55 am
Marion & Chester Express	* 4:20 pm	* 10:50 am
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:30 am	† 7:35 pm
Kansas City Mail	† 8:15 am	† 6:50 pm
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	† 10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:20 pm	† 7:00 am
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 7:10 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 8:30 am	* 8:50 am
Through Mail	* 8:25 am	† 6:00 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 12:30 pm	* 10:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	‖ 1:00 pm	‖ 10:20 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 4:00 pm	* 3:15 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:20 pm	* 7:50 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 6:30 pm	* 6:15 pm
Through Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:30 am
INDIANAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS (BEE LINE).		
Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York. No change of cars.		
Day Express	† 7:35 am	† 6:00 pm
New York and Cincinnati Limited Express	† 8:05 am	† 7:40 pm
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:25 pm	* 10:35 am
New York, Boston & Cincinnati Express	† 7:05 pm	† 7:30 am
Double daily parlor and sleeping-car service to Cincinnati.		
LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS R. R. (The Air Line.)		
Louisville and Washington City Day Express	* 7:50 am	* 7:45 pm
Louisville Night Express, fast line	* 7:35 pm	* 7:25 am
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Mt. Vernon Accommodation		† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	† 10:45 am	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am
VANDALIA LINE.		
Day Express, daily	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	7:25 am	7:30 pm
N.Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp. daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am
Cincin. Day Exp. exc. Sunday	8:10 am	7:30 pm
Cincin. Night Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
WABASH RAILWAY.		
Chicago Local Mail	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago Fast Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accommodation	* 4:45 pm	* 10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	† 7:10 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
Peoria Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & St. Paul Fast Line	* 9:00 am	* 6:40 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Cheyenne Short Line	† 8:35 pm	† 6:40 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 12:40 pm	* 8:10 am
Ferguson Belt Line (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	11:10 am
Ferguson Belt Line (Sunday only)	4:20 pm	4:10 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:25 am	* 12:30 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:08 pm
ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Arkansas & Texas Express	† 8:00 pm	
Texas & St. Louis Express		† 7:30 am
MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Florida Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:25 am
Cairo, Chester and Jackson Ex.	* 8:15 am	* 6:30 pm
ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL.		
Bowling Green and Hannibal Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	* 11:55 am
Through Express	* 9:00 am	6:40 pm

ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS R. R.

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Union Depot	8:20	11:00	2:50	5:30
Arrive at Belleville	9:15	11:55	3:45	6:25
Leave Belleville	7:05	9:45	1:10	4:20
Arrive Union Depot	8:00	10:40	2:05	5:15

Burlington Route

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through Chair and Sleeping Cars to Kansas City.
Solid trains through to St. Joseph and Denver.
Solid trains through to Minneapolis and St. Paul.
No change of cars of any class from St. Louis to these points.

St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids and Burlington Ex.	* 9:20 am	* 6:00 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph and California Express	† 8:05 pm	† 7:10 am
Burlington, Ottumwa and Des Moines Express	† 8:15 pm	† 6:25 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
St. Paul, Dubuque, Omaha and Denver Express	† 9:30 am	† 5:20 pm
La Crosse, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver Express	‖ 8:30 pm	‡ 6:50 am

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Original, best, only genuine and reliable pill for sale. Never Fail. Ask for Chichester's English Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. At Druggists. Accept no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are a dangerous counterfeit. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 testimonials from LADIES who have used them. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

GRAINS OF HEALTH

DR. FRANCK'S

GENUINE GRAINS DE SANTE.—The best remedy against Migraine, Constipation and Congestion, may be recognised by having the words GRAINS DE SANTE DU DR. FRANCK printed in four colors on a Blue Box. Those contained in a red or any other colored box are imitation. PH. LEROY, Paris. E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y., and at all Chemists.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address,
PROF. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

DOCTOR WHITTIER,

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of three Medical Colleges, has been engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN, BLOOD DISEASES for THIRTY YEARS.

NERVOUS DEBILITY Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Lost Manhood, Pains in Back, etc., are treated with greatest success. Safely, privately. No Mercury. Curable cases guaranteed. Send for question list No. 1 relating to above.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, all forms, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of SAFE, TIME-TESTED REMEDIES. Send for question list No. 2 relating to above.

KIDNEY & URINARY Complaints, Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent or Bloody Urine. UNNATURAL DISCHARGES promptly cured. Send for question list No. 3 relating to above.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases, Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of both sexes treated successfully; also piles. It is self-evident that a special physician attains great skill. In this oldest office in America PROVED GOOD REMEDIES only used. All treated with skill, knowing what to do. NO EXPERIMENTS MADE. Call or write.

Fined for Idling.

Ernst Bowman and Sylvester Hennessy, two of the men arrested in connection with the robbery of Manly R. Vandervoort on Tenth, between Pine and Chestnut streets, Monday night, were before Judge Cady to-day on a charge of idling. Vandervoort had failed to identify either of them and they were sent to the Police Court. Bowman pleaded guilty, was fined $100 and given hours to leave the city. Hennessy took a continuance until the 28th.

ST. LOUIS' friend, SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

Births.

The following births were reported to the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Fred, son of John and Lena Schmidt, January 16; 2737 Gamble street.

Welhelm, son of Welhelm and M. Deensbrak, January 15; 2116 Gratiot street.

Ben, son of George and Dora Bomer, January 20; 2017 Kosciusko street.

Freada, daughter of August and Madge Eyerman, January 18; 929 Wyoming street.

Jean, son of Jean and Helen Johneider, January 14; 1436 St. Ange avenue.

Edward, son of Edward and Laura Mackey, January 18; 2327 Dodier street.

Anastatia, daughter of Phillip and Mary Murphy, January 19; 2126 O'Fallon street.

F. C., son of F. and A. B. Graves, January 19; 3517 Bernard street.

Leo, son of Leonard and Catherine Goettke, January 19; 2118 Biddle street.

Mary, daughter of Charles and Mary Reny, January 16; 2333 South Tenth street.

Antonio, son of S. and Minna Kirchner, January 19; 1234 Franklin avenue.

William, son of Robert and Annie Bradley, January 21; 210 Biddle street.

——, daughter of August and Kate Yoecherer, January 21; 1417 South Eighth street.

Albert, son of John and Ellen M. Brearty, January 17; 839 South Ewing avenue.

Hattie, daughter of L. B. and Emma Wood, January 19; 2722 Chouteau avenue.

Julia, daughter of M. Y. and Alice Gibbons, January 15; 2218 Morgan street.

Agnes, daughter of Stephen and May Prendergalt, January 13; 1132 North Twenty-fourth street.

Walter, son of Fritz and Mattie Schores, January 10; 2205 Franklin avenue.

Bernice, daughter of B. M. and Josephine Varden, January 8; 3033 Glasgow place.

Minnie, daughter of Fred and Emma Hedinger, January 22; 1438 Chambers street.

Maggie, daughter of John and Mary Brady, January 14; 200 South Twelfth street.

——, son of Edward and Ida Kring, January 21; 310 South Seventh street.

——, daughter of Allen and Nora Brown, January 22; 610 Morgan street.

William, son of Bernard and Lizzie Dierkes, January 20; 2612 South Thirteenth street.

——, daughter of Ernest and Anna Boulans, January 17; 1923 Hebert street.

Agnes, daughter of James and Kate Byrnes, January 18; 3826 Easton avenue.

Alma, daughter of Henry and Lizzie Krull, January 16; 1705 Market street.

Walter, son of Louis and Sophia Koch, January 19: 3012 Rutger street.

——, daughter of Michael and Mary McGrath, January 21; 925 North Sixteenth street.

John, son of Thomas and Catherine Cantwell, January 19; 23 South Compton avenue.

Edward, son of H. and H. Haas, December 28; 909 Emmet street.

S., daughter of A. and K. Mirron, January 13; 1323 Ann avenue.

Ann, daughter of H. and A. Bernard, January 19; 610 Sydney street.

Lillian, daughter of William and J. Huneke, January 7; 2612 South Seventh street.

John, son of T. and R. Bertram; January 3; 1716 Menard street.

——, daughter of Julius and —— Benn, January 19; 3924 Easton avenue.

Wencelaus, son of William and M. Runa, January 9; 1609 Menard street.

Rudolph, son of J. and H. Volk, December 28; 1804 South Eighth street.

Ida, daughter of J. G. and Q. Jeager, December 26; 1016 Allen avenue.

Jessie, daughter of Frank and Maggie Lenart, January 13; 807 Mound street.

Mary, daughter of J. F. and M. E. Essau, January 16; 1208 Monroe street.

John, son of James and Mary Thompson, January 14; 1915 North Tenth street.

——, son of Charles and Elizabeth Moxter, January 12; 1405 Lucas avenue.

Mary, daughter of Adam and Louise Griessman, January 16; 2113 North Fourteenth street.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Mary Dincly, 25 days, Female Hospital; marasmus.

Agnes Baumgarten, 40 years, Poor-house; inanition.

Marie Fask, 6 months, 5111 Claggett avenue; infantile convulsions.

Mary Roby, 76 years, St. Louis Mullanphy Hospital; senile debility.

Georgia Knapp, 28 years, St. James Hotel; suicide.

Michael Rieger, 2 years, 1300 South Seventh street; pneumonia.

Reuben Strauss, 25 years, Cleveland, O.; tuberculosis.

Phillip Barrett, 75 years, Poor-house; consumption.

Sister Maria Scholastia, nee Krelkler, 42 years, Pius Hospital; peritonitis.

Edward Edgar, 46 years City Hospital; abscess of liver.

Isaac Williams, 40 years, City Hospital; acute dysentery.

Maurice Kerwin, 40 years, City Hospital; acute tuberculosis.

Wm. Casey, 4 months, 21 South Tenth street; measles.

Amelia Cella, 26 years, 1500 Chestnut street; congestive chill.

Cilia J. Folkers, 22 days, 5342 Old Manchester road; jaundice.

Edward Wilbert, 20 years, 1122 North Eleventh street; typhoid fever.

George Johnson, 19 years, 5129 North Second street; pneumonia.

Nellie E. Beeson, 5 months, 212 Lombard street; bronchitis.

Jacob Utt, 38 years, Poor-house; epilepsy.

James Powderly, 6 months, 809 Benton street; bronchitis.

George Otte, 18 months, 1211 Mason street; bronchitis.

Thomas F. Carreras, 16 months, 2710 Ellendale avenue; congestion of brain.

North St. Louis.

The Spalle family had about $150 in cash hidden away, which the robbers were trying to capture.

The North St. Louis Turnvereins will have a masque ball Saturday night, January 26, at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets.

Anchor Lodge, No. 144, Knights of Honor, will have an open meeting and entertainment to-morrow night at Mullanphy Hall, Broadway and Cass avenue.

The Northwestern Dairyman's Association has called a special meeting for to-morrow night at Koenfeld's Hall, Prairie avenue and Natural Bridge road.

At its meeting last night Benton Assembly No. 4144, Knights of Labor, at Broadway and Benton street, gave its hearty indorsement of the elevated railroad scheme.

The horse collar workers employed by the Sommer Bros. will give a masquerade ball March 2 at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets.

Lincoln Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Industry, was suspended yesterday on failure to pay assessment No. 19. The lodge has been meeting at Eleventh and Franklin avenue.

A surprise party was given a few evenings ago to Miss Martha Robinson at the home of Mrs. N. H. Williams, No. 908½ Brooklyn street. After an excellent supper there was dancing and other amusements participated in until a late hour.

A meeting of the Union Labor party of the Eighth Congressional District will occur at Broadway and Montgomery streets, to-morrow night. There is considerable business to be transacted, and a number of anti-fusion speakers will be present.

To-day A. Parato was arrested by Officers Brady and DcDaniels, while Paulo Poli was arrested this morning at East St. Louis. Mr. Parato gave information regarding the whereabouts of the other accomplice, and he will doubtless be arrested during the afternoon.

There men named Tony Pondefino, Paulo Poli and A. Parato made a bold attempt to rob a family at about 4 o'clock Saturday evening. This was a family named Spalle, and they keep a little store. One of the would-be robbers had lived for some time with the family and knew where the money was kept. They attacked Mrs. Spalle and her daughter, whose hand was severely injured in the scuffle, but they were finally driven away without having secured anything for their pains.

Two boys named Henry Harvey and Robert Puls, aged respectively 15 and 16 years, were arrested this morning by Police Officers Brady, Cummings and Alexander, on a charge of having stolen nine pairs of pigeons from Christ Buenemann of No. 1455 Sullivan avenue. Last evening they took five pairs of the birds to a man named Meyer, living at No. 3215 North Fifteenth street, and offered to sell them. Mr. Meyer suspected that they were stolen and told the boys that if they would leave them and bring reference that all was right he would buy them. They left the birds with him and failed to return. These birds have been recovered. They are a choice variety and the nine pairs were valued at $25.

Ex-Minister Bell's Funeral.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Hon. Isaac H. Bell, Jr., ex-Minister to the Netherlands, took place at Trinity Church to-day. The church was filled by friends of the deceased. Among those present were Vice-President-elect Levi P. Morton.

STATE BANK OF ST. LOUIS
(Formerly the States Savings Association.)
Corner Third and Vine Streets.
CAPITAL......$650,000. SURPLUS.....$950,000.
CHARLES PARSONS, President.
JOHN T. DAVIS, (of Sam'l C. Davis & Co.) Vice-President.
JOHN H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.
LOGAN TOMPKINS, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
L. M. RUMSEY, President L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Co.
DANIEL CATLIN, President Catlin Tobacco Co.
A. F. SHAPLEIGH, President A. F. Shapleigh Hardware Co.
JOHN A. SCUDDER, President New Orleans Anchor Line.
JOSEPH FRANKLIN, Vice-President Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
CHARLES C. MAFFITT, President Iron Mountain Co.
☞No interest allowed on deposits of any kind. Deposits received. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Letters of credit issued, available in any part of the world.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.
SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.

JOHN F. BAUER. A. H. BAUER
BAUER BROS.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
205 N. 3D ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
We make a specialty of buying and selling first-class local securities. Telephone 1305.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, January 23, 11 a. m.—The opening of the stock market this morning was very quiet and generally heavy, most of the active stocks showing slight losses as compared with the closing figures of last evening. A half dozen stocks or so monopolized all the interest in the trading and these were all heavy in the early dealings, although the movements were for fractional amounts only, the most marked being a decline of ⅝ per cent in Missouri Pacific, though Atchison after a rise of ⅜ per cent declined a like amount. Pullman was an exception to the rule, however, and displayed decided weakness, dropping 3 per cent from its opening prices and about 5 per cent from yesterday's highest figure. A better tone prevailed later in the hour, but although the market at 11 o'clock was dull and firm, prices were still generally a shade below those of the opening.

Noon—Money is easy at 1½@2 per cent. Bar silver 92⅜. There was no change in the character of the market after 11 o'clock, though it again became heavy and a marked increase in some stocks, notably Union Pacific, St. Paul and Oregon Transcontinental occurred. St. Paul preferred was specially weak and declined 1 per cent, but the movements in the rest of the list were confined to the smallest fractions and possessed little if any significance. At noon the market was quiet and steady generally at slight fractions under first prices.

3 p. m.—The stock marked closed dull and weak at small fractions under opening figures.

BOSTON, Mass., January 23.—Mexican 4s, 68¾@69; scrip, 100@½; common, 13¼@¾; Allouez, 4@4½; Calumet, 277@280; Huron, 4@5.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	50⅞	50⅞	50¾	50¾
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	98⅛			98⅛
Central Pacific				
Chi., St. P., M. & O.	31⅞			31⅞
Chi., St. P., M. & O., pfd	91½			91½
Chi., R. I & P.	98⅜	98⅜	97⅝	97⅞
C., B. & Q.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅛	109⅛
Chi., M. & St. P.	64⅛	64⅛	63⅝	63⅝
Chi. & N. W., com	107⅛	107⅛	106⅛	107
Cotton Oil Trust	49⅛	49⅛	49½	49⅝
Del., Lackawanna & Western	140	140¼	139⅞	139⅞
Delaware & Hudson	136	136½	136	136
Denver & Rio Grande				
East Tennessee, com				
East Tennessee, pfd				
Erie, com	28⅛	28¼	28⅛	28¼
Erie, pfd				
Erie 2d mortgage bonds	101½			101½
Fort Worth & Denver				
Hocking Valley				
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central	113½	113¾	113½	113¾
L. B. & W.				
Lake Shore	102	102⅛	101⅞	102
Louisville & Nashville	57⅜			57⅜
Michigan Central	85			85
Missouri Pacific	72¼	72½	72⅛	72⅛
M., K. & T.	13	13	12¾	12¾
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
New York & New England	45⅛	45¼	44½	44⅝
New York Central				
Norfolk & Western, com				
Norfolk & Western, pfd	51¾			51¾
Northern Pacific, com				
Northern Pacific, pfd	60⅛			60⅛
Ohio Southern				
Oregon & Transcontinental	30⅜	30⅜	30¼	30⅜
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co.	92⅜			92⅜
Ohio & Mississippi, com	21¾			21¾
Pacific Mail				
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	22¾	22¾	22½	22½
Philadelphia & Reading	48¼	48¼	47¾	48
Pullman Palace Car	192½	192½	191	191½
Richmond Terminal	24⅜	24⅜	24⅛	24¼
St. Paul & Duluth, com				
St. Paul & Duluth, pfd				
S. L. & S. F., com				
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd	61⅜	62	61¼	62
St. P., M. & M.	100½			100¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	32	32	31	31
Texas & Pacific	20¼	20¼	20⅛	20¼
Union Pacific	63⅛	63⅛	62½	62⅝
W., St. L. & P.	12¾			12¾
W., St. L. & P., pfd	25			25
Western Union Tel. Co	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜
West Shore bonds				

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, banker and broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When Due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ₱ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100⅛	100⅝
4½ ₱ cent bonds	1901	J. S. D. & M.	108	108¾
4 ₱ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	127¼	127⅝
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov.	112	112½
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	106	107
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	118	118¾
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	112½	113½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	111¼	112
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	110	112
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	113¾	114½
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov.	113	114
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	108¾	113
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	99	100
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101	102
City 4s sterling 20s	1905	June and Dec	102	103
City 5s sterling 10-20s	1900	June and Dec	102¾	103¼
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s, gold	1892–93	Various	106	107
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec	115	117
City 6s, water	1892	April and Oct	106	107
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	106	106¾
County 6s, gold	1895–96	Jan. and July	113	114
County Park	1895	April and Oct	120	122½

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$3,003,104
Balances	632,935

Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Son, Exchange Brokers for St. Louis banks, 313 North Third street.

New York	50 cents premium
Philadelphia	50 cents premium
Boston	50 cents premium
Chicago	25 cents premium
Cincinnati	par
Louisville	par
New Orleans	par

COMMERCIAL.

Closing Prices—1.15 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Jan.	93¼			90½ n
Feb.	93½			91n
May.	96¼@⅜	95⅛	93¼@⅜	93¾@⅞ a
June	93⅞	92⅞	91⅞	91⅞ a
July	84⅞	84	82⅛	82⅛ b
Aug.	83⅞			81⅞ n
CORN.				
Jan.	29⅞			29⅛ b
Feb.	29⅞	29⅞	29⅜	29⅜ b
Mch.	30⅞@31	30⅛	30⅜	30⅜
May.	32⅞	32⅞	32¼	32⅜@¼ a
June	32⅞			
July.	33⅞	33¼@⅜		
OATS.				
May.	27⅞	27¾	27¼	27⅜ b

CHICAGO:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	99⅞	99⅞	96⅛	96⅝
July	91⅞	90¾	88⅞	88⅞
CORN.				
Feb.	34⅜	34⅛@⅜	34⅛	34⅛ b
May	36⅞	37⅛	36½@¾	36¾
OATS.				
May	27⅜	27⅜@½	27¼	27¼@⅜
PORK.				
May	12.52	12.55@57	12.27	12.37@40
LARD.				
Feb.	6.95	6.97	6.90	6.90@92
May	7.10	7.05	7.02	7.02
SHORT RIBS.				
Feb.	6.40	6.32	6.25	6.30
May	6.57	6.55	6.45	6.45@47

NEW YORK—Wheat—January, 93⅝c; February, 94⅛c; March, 95½c; May, 98⅛c a; June, 96½c b; July, 95⅛c. Corn—January, 43c; February, 43⅝c; March, 44⅝c b; April, —; May, 45⅛c a; June, —. Oats—January, 31c; February, 31⅝c a; May, 32⅜c.

DULUTH—Wheat—January, $1.10½; May, $1.16; June, $1.16.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 94½c; July, 87½c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	2,750	122,400	7,250	28,886
Milwaukee	11,025	8,380	3,150	
Baltimore	1,100	217,047	24,505	114,615
Toledo	2,131	25,631	4,575	24,420
New York	1,650	81,152		137,950
Chicago	32,797	140,836	8,175	44,588
Kansas City	......	7,500	7,500	7,000
Detroit	11,563	3,310	11,797	1,488
Duluth	13,376	......	614	
Minneapolis	50,400	......	16,240	
Philadel'hia	601	15,424	8,698	86,171

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
Tod	3,250,865	2,825,950	569,389	89,523	162,983
Yes	3,285,378	2,712,566	572,076	89,523	163,265
'88	4,093,681	1,410,558	1,368,305	7,409	71,200
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
Tod	1,117,280	2,270,068	148,548	69,346	
Yes	1,133,673	2,161,778	150,200	69,346	
'88	2,920,127	1,195,416	1,067,257	5,235	

St. Louis Markets.

REGULAR SESSION, CLOSING 1:15 P. M.

And the voice of the bear is heard in the land. His is about the only voice that is lifted up just now, too.—Duluth carried around a very bad black eye to-day, May wheat dropping 5c right at the opening.—The "legitimate situation" appears to be rather badly strained just now.—New York has also lost sight of the dollar mark. And Ed Taylor remarked: "How have the mighty fallen."—Some of the St. Louis millers, who are carrying their old and high-priced stocks of flour, with a five or so of wheat thrown in to fill up, refer to that last circular of their association as a "blank outrage upon the unsuspecting public." They probably call themselves the "public."—Yesterday 27,400 bu wheat was taken from store by city mills and 8,000 for rail shipment.—New Orleans cleared 25,035 bu. corn for Bremen.—Beerbohm makes the visible supply of wheat January 1, in the countries where they are known and the amount afloat for Europe 122,536,000 bu., against 117,088,000 bu. January 1, 1888, and 136,368,000 bu. January 1, 1887.—The point to be considered, however, is that the further supplies in the next six months will be much smaller than in either of the two previous years, while the requirements of the importing countries will be larger.—United Kingdom supplies of wheat and flour decreased 386,000 bu last week, as their consumptive requirements exceeded imports and home deliveries that much.—The *Mark Lane Express* roughly estimates that Russia's surplus wheat for export from January 1 to September 1, 1889, is 64,000,000 bu. It also states that if the wheat imports into France for the first seven months of 1889 are expected to be 28,000,000 bu, it justifies firmness in the French markets, as only 2,480,000 bu are at present afloat.—Harry Tatum was in from Nebraska, he he having heard that Gov. Francis intended to appoint him Coal Oil Inspector. He reports that farmers in Nebraska nave commenced bringing corn in freely once more, they having slackened in their deliveries for a while.—The crops of wheat, rye and potatoes in Holland were rather poor in quality.—Mr. Tom Barth came on the floor this morning, glanced at the wheat dial, saw May wheat down to 94½c, and with an abstracted air he walked away softly singing to himself, "Razzle dazzle, razzle dazzle, going to get drunk again—don't give a d—."—The stock of flour in Paris on January 1 was 261,970 bbls against 195,765 bbls one year ago.—Chicago to Cleary: Nightingale telegraphs that he offered in Milwaukee last night to Glasgow, where they need spring wheat. The offer was on basis of curb last night, and the first bid is 10c under offer.—Corn inspection in St. Louis—132 cars No. 2 out of a total of 149 cars. Corn inspection in Chicago—1 car No. 2 out of a total of 124 cars. How can they beat us?—An ice cold tip came in to-day that Armour would "corner" both wheat and pork. What a philanthropist he is to let the public in on the ground floor. Of course, he let this leak in order to benefit the public. It is the usual thing to advertise "corners" in advance.—Last week's shipments of wheat from the Baltic and south of Europe ports were 2,000,000 bu to United Kingdom and 400,000 to the Continent.

Wheat had one of its tumbles this morning, one of its tumbles that are becoming frequent now, and which will continue until a solid export basis is struck. Where this is no one can tell, as Europe appears to be going down very near as fast as this country. One of the private cables in to-day stated that Liverpool was ½d lower on American advices. If they keep tailing on to us, the Lord knows where the stopping place will be. Probably a sixteenth below zero. Everything was bearish this morning, from dull and lower cables to mild, spring-like weather. Chicago was sick, New York was sicker and Duluth was sickest, and St. Louis just let go and dropped. Shorts were about the only buyers here and they found plenty for sale, for there was a lump of long wheat coming out every now and then, as stop order limits were touched, and the bears were doubling up all the way down. From 95½c to 94½c for May it was an easy race, but there was then a rally to 95½c on some talk of export buying at the seaboard and rumors of combination buying in Chicago. This didn't hold out and the subsequent decline carried the price down to 93½@⅝c. The close saw sellers at 93¾@93⅞c and was 2½c below yesterday. Local millers purchased rather sparingly of spot grades, taking some No. 3 at 4c under May price; No. 2 red was held at 3c under May, which would make it about 91c at close; No. 3 red sold in St. L. and C. at 90c and that bid for U., A. and V.; No. 4 had 80c bid for U. A. C. and St. L.

Corn worked down this morning to a lower level, following wheat and influenced also by a declining Chicago. There was more for sale than for several days, as the feeling was once more very bearish and some longs were selling out, but the demand was very good, too. May sold off ¼c to 32½c early in the day but later rallied to 32¾c, though offered at 32¾@⅞c at close. Spot grades were steady and firm, though the demand was nothing extra. No. 2 sold at 29⅞c in U., M., C. and St. L., and bid for E.; No. 3 at 29½c in U., 29⅝c this side; No. 4 at 29¼c in C. and bid for St. L.; No. 2 white at 31¼c regular, 32c bid for St. L. and C.; No. 3 do at 30½c in U., 30¾c regular, 31c in C. and bid for St. L.; no grade had 29c bid for C.

Oats—The May option was firm, selling at 27¾c, at which there were buyers at the close. Spot grades were strong and higher. No. 2 sold in C. at 24¾c and bid St. L.; No. 3 at 23½@23¾c St. L. and bid for C.; No. 3 white 24½c bid St. L.; no-grade 21c bid for C. and St. L.

Rye firm, grade No. 2 selling in C. at 47½@47c. May was offered lower at 51c.

Flour was comparatively well sustained. Offerings were small, as was the demand, but sellers were not willing to shade values. Quotations: XXX, $3.10@3.20; family, $3.25@3.35; choice, $3.40@3.50; fancy, $4.25@4.35; extra fancy, $4.60@4.65; patents, $5.10@5.20. These prices for lots at depots and on levee this side.

Bran—Sacked sold at country point at 60c and not salable above that f. o. b. either side; offered at 61c E. track; bulk nominal at 53@54c.

Hay was dull and unchanged. Sales ranged: On west tracks—Prairie, common to choice, $5.00@7.00; fancy, $8@8.50; mixed timothy, common, $7@9; prime to choice, $9.00@10.50; timothy—prime to strictly prime, $10.00@11.50; choic,e $12.50@13; fancy, $14.

Provisions were again depressed by a further decline in Chicago, which weakened the price and dulled the demand. New York shoulders sold f. o. b. E. side at 5.70c for 11-lb average. Offers to sell to arrive c. and f. here were 6½c for green c'ribs and 6.40c for 20-day dry salt. Loose dry salt, 30-day f. o. b. on orders: Shoulders, 5⅝c; longs and c'ribs, 6.60c; shorts, 6.80c. Packed bacon—Shoulders, 6½c; longs, 7.40c; c'ribs, 7½c; shorts, 7.70c. loose c'ribs, 7.32½c. Standard mess, f. o. b., at $12.75. Prime lard, 6.⅝c; fancy leaf, 8c; second brand, 7½c; country, good to choice, 7¼@⅜c; manufacturing, 6½@7c. Sugar-cured hams, 10¼@12c; breakfast bacon, 10@11c. Beef—Family, $6.50@10 per bbl, on orders higher; $4.50@5.50 per half bbl; dried, 10@11c; selected, 12½c per lb. smoked tongues, $4@5 per dozen. Salt—Domestic, $1.05 per bbl on E., $1.10 on this side. Ground alum, $3.15@3.25 per 125-lb sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.03 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago; $1.04 in Peoria.

Lead weak and dull. Sale of 2 cars soft Missouri at $3.55; refined held at $3.60.

Chicago Letter.

Telegraphed the Redmond Cleary Commission Co.

CHICAGO, January 23.—The depression in England and New York reflected on this market alike on bulls and bears. At the opening considerable lines of shorts were covered and a few conservative men purchased at about 98 cents, believing the decline had been enough for the present. Curiosity centers in Fairbank's having sold out. We believe he has not, but the condition of the market now is without support by strong houses. We must touch a price to induce capital to sustain it. We close weak at 98⅞c.

Corn was firm, but trade small. Provisions steady.

Afternoon Curb.

Wheat—May, 93⅞c; puts, 92¾c, and calls 94⅞c bid. July 82¾c, Chicago—May, 97c.

Cotton.

To-day the Liverpool market declined 1-16d for spot, and also fell off some for futures, opening dull and closing steady. The New York market declined 1-16c for spot, opened easy for futures, and closed barely steady. The local market was quiet and steady.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7 5-16c; ordinary, 7 11-16c; good ordinary, 8 5-16c; low middling, 9 3-16c; middling, 9⅝c; good middling, 10 1-16c; middling fair, 10 7-16c; fair, nominal; stained, ¼c lower than white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts to-day, 2,583 bales; since September 1, 1888, 452,786 bales, against 434,421 same time last season; shipments to-day, 2,951 bales; since September 1, 1888, 368,953, against 356,488 bales same time last season; stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 87,743 bales, against 82,043 bales.

CLOSING COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK, Middlings, 9⅞c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	2:20 pm. To-day.
January	9.60	9.59	9.55	9.59
February	9.64	9.60	9.59	9.60
March	9.76	9.72	9.71	9.71
April	9.87	9.82	9.81	9.82
May	9.97	9.93	9.91	9.92
June	10.06	10.02	10.01	10.01
July	10.14	10.10	10.09	10.09
August	10.20	10.16	10.15	10.15
September	9.85	9.82	9.63	9.63
	Weak.			Barely Steady.

LIVERPOOL—American spot, 5¼d.

	Closed yesterday.	Closed To-day.
January	5.34	5.31
January and February	5.32	5.30
February and March	5.32	5.29
March and April	5.31	5.29
April and May	5.31	5.28
May and June	5.32	5.29
June and July	5.33	5.30
July and August	5.34	5.31
August and September	5.32	5.30
	Steady.	Steady.

Country Produce.

POTATOES—Steady. Choice varieties ranged at 35@40c; mixed and common at 25@30c.

ONIONS—Sell slowly at 25@28c per bu and at 75@80c per bbl for fair to prime.

APPLES—Genetings at 85c@$1.25, and other Western varieties at $1@1.75; Eastern assorted varieties at $1.25@1.60.

DRIED FRUIT—Quiet. Apples—Sun-dried, 3@3¼c; evaporated, 4@5c; peelings and cores, ¼c. Peaches—Sun-dried, 2¾@3c; evaporated unpeeled, 4@6c, peeled, 8@9c. Blackberries, 5c.

BUTTER—Receipts, 20,434 lbs. Choice and fancy in fair local demand; all else dull and easy. We quote: Creamery—Choice, 21@23c; choice to fancy selections a shade more. Dairy—Choice and fancy at 18@20c; prime at 15@16c; medium, 12@14c; low grade at 10@11c. Roll—Choice Northern, 15@18c; near-by common, 8@9c; choice, 10@11c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream at 11½c; Young America at 12c; late make and Illinois cream, 10¾@11¼c; skims at 4@7½c.

EGGS—Receipts, 698 pkgs. Firm and demand fair at 10½@11c ₱ doz.

DRESSED POULTRY—Weak. Sales of small turkeys at 10c per pound, and large and poor at 9c. Chickens ranged at $1.50@2 per dozen for small, and $2.25@2.75 for medium sized, and $3.00@3.25 for choice. Geese sold at 3@7 per dozen. Ducks ranged at $2.50@4.

GAME—Steady. Sales ranged: Quail, undrawn $2.00, drawn $1.50, soft, 75c; grouse, undrawn $5, drawn $4.50; rabbits at 90c@$1, jack rabbits $1.50@2; squirrels at 40c; ducks, mixed at $1.50, teal at $2.25 and mallard at $3.25; wild turkeys at 6@7c per lb; pheasant $5; snipe at $1.50; opossum at 10@20c.

VEALS—Choice sold at 5½c; poor at 5c, and heretics at 3@3½c per lb.

FURS—Steady and active. We quote:

Large.	No. 1.	1.	2.	3.	4.
Raccoon	80	65	50	30	20
Mink	50	40	30	20	10
Fox	1.00	90	65	80	15
Otter	7.00	6.00	4.00	2.00	50
Beaver	7.00	6.00	4.00	2.00	50
Skunk, black					85
Skunk, narrow					35
Skunk, short					65
Skunk, broad					20
Opossum				05@	20
Muskrat				10@	15
Muskrat, kits				02@	05
Wildcat				05@	30
Pole and house cat				05@	10
Wolf, prairie				10@	1.00
Badger				10@	75
Bear				50@	10.00

"Open" mink, fox, otter, skunk, opossum, muskrat, cats and badger 10@20 per cent less. Scabs worthless.

WOOL—Receipts, 3,501 lbs. Market steady and quiet. We quote:

UNWASHED—STATES.	Fine. Light.	Fine. Heavy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	22 @23	17 @19
Kansas and Nebraska	18 @20	13 @15
Texas and Indian Territory, 8 to 12 mo	21 @23	15 @17
Texas and Indian Territory, 3 to 6 mo	17 @20	13 @14
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @22	14 @17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	21 @23	16 @18

UNWASHED—STATES.	Bright, medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc.	26@ 26½	20@22	17@18
Kansas and Nebraska	20@ 22	14@16	11@14
Texas and Ind. Ty. 8 to 12 mo.	24@ 26	17@19	12@16
Texas and Ind. Ty. 4 to 6 mo.	19@ 22	12@15	11@13
Colo., New Mex., etc.	22@ 24	16@18	11@14
Mont., Wyo., etc.	23@ 25	17@19	13@16

Tub—Choice, 37½c; inferior, 31@35c. Sack, 10@20c. Tare, 3@3½c. Burry, cotted, etc.—Slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 4@6c off; hard at 10c for Southern and 16c for Missouri; black, 2@5c off.

HIDES—Market quiet and weak, but unchanged; Green salted, No. 1, 5½c; No. 2, 3½c; bulls at 3c; uncured and Southern ticky 1c less. Dry flint, No. 1 at 10c; No. 2 at 7c; skins weighing 10 lbs and less and bulls at 5c. Dry salted at 7c for No. 1 and 5c for No. 2, glue at 1½c for green and 3c for dry.

SHEEP SKINS—Steady. We quote (as to size and amount of wool): Green—Large, $1@1.10; small to medium, 40@80c; shearlings, 15@25c. Dry—Large, 80@90c; small to medium, 36@60c; shearings at 5@15c.

DEER SKINS—Prime flint at 44c; salted, damaged, etc., 25c; antelope at 25c; goat, 10@30c each.

FEATHERS—Weak; prime live geese at 43@44c; top rate for small sacks, prime gray at 35@38c; mixed, old, etc., at 15@40c; chicken (dry picked) at 5@6c; ducks, 30c; tare 3 and 10 per cent.

BEESWAX—Quiet at 20c for choice.

COOPERAGE—Flour bbls, flat hoop, 28c; round hoop, 31@32c; half bbls, 23@24c; produce bbls, 22@23c; meal bbls, 25@26c; pork bbls, 95c; half bbls, 75c; lard tierces, $1.10; half tierces, 85; kegs, 25c.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops: Slack work. Flour bbls, country shaved, $4@5; cooper shaved, $5.25@5.75; half bbls, $2.50@3; patent hoops, $6.50@7; tight stuff—pork bbls, $7@8; lard tierce—oak $10, hickory $11. Staves—Flour bbl, No. 1, $6@6.50; culls, $3.50@4; beer keg, $16@20; sawed and listed pork bbl, $19; lard tierce, $24. Flour bbl heading, 4¼@4½c ₱ set; elm head lining, 40c ₱ 1,000.

SCRAP IRON, Etc.—Wrought, 75c; heavy cast, 55c; plough, 40c; stove plate, 40c; heavy brass, $10; light brass, $6; copper $10; lead, $3; zinc, $2.50.

BONES—Dry bleached, $18.50; strictly buffalo, $19; junk, $13.

BALING STUFFS—Bagging, 1½-lb at 7¾c; 1¾-lb at 8¼c, 2-lb, 9¼c; 2¼-lb at 10c, on orders, small lots, ¼c higher. Hemp twine in job lots, 11c. Iron cotton ties, $1.10.

TALLOW—Prime to strictly choice in oil bbls. 5½; in irregular pkgs, ¼c less; choice cake, 5⅝c; No. 2 at 5c ₱ lb.

GREASE—Brown and yellow, 2½@4½c; white, 4½@5½c ₱ lb.

GRASS SEED—Timothy, $1.45@1.55; clover, $4.75@5.00; red top, 50@70c; white millet, 35@40c; German millet, 50@60c.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1.15, pure test.

FLAX SEED—Nominal at $1.52.

CASTOR BEANS—Firm at $1.80.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.25@2.35—extra large more; seneca, 35@40c; snake, 20c; blood, 2@2½c; May apple, 1½@2c; angelica, 4@4½c; pink, 14c; black, 4½@5c.

BROOM CORN—We quote: Common, 1@1½c; fair, 2@2¼c; choice, 2½@3c; fancy hurl more.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Wheat—Receipts, 1,650 bu; sales, 4,800,000 bu; depressed; declined 1½@1⅝c, recovered ⅜c; active; No. 2 red, January, 94¼@95c; February, 94¾@95⅝c; March, 96⅛@97c; May, 98¾@99⅞c; June, 99@99⅞c; July, 96@96½c; August, 92⅜c; December, 95⅝@96¼c. Corn—Receipts, 8,150 bu; sales, 160,000 bu; dull, steady; new mixed Western, 41@44½c; old do, 43@44½c. Oats—Receipts, 54,000 bu; sales 5,000; quiet, easier; Western, 28@39c. Beef slow; extra mess, $7@7.50; plate, $9@9.50. Pork quiet; new mess, $13.75@14; old do, $13.50@13.75; prime, $13@13.50. Lard weak and dull; steam-rendered, 7.40c. Butter—Receipts, 5,739 packages; firm, moderate demand; Western dairy, 13@18c; do creamery, 16@26c; Elgins, 27½@28c. Cheese—Receipts, 9,818 packages, strong; State, 10@12¼c; fancy, 12@12½c; Western, 10½@11½c; skims, 2@9c. Sugar dull; powdered, 7¼c; granulated, 7c; crushed, 8c. Molasses unchanged. Coffee—Rio steady; fair, 17½c; options 10@15 points lower. Spirits turpentine dull at 45½@45¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 6,184 packages, firm; Western, 17½c.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23, 10 a. m.—Wheat opened weak and lower this morning at 98¼c for May. The market was very active, and after the opening fluctuated rapidly by eighths with downward tendency until 98¼c was reached. Prices then became firmer and advanced with jumps to 98⅝c after which another decline set in and at 10:15 the price was quoted at 97¾c. May corn is steady at 36⅝c. Oats easy at 27⅛c for May. Provisions weaker. May pork, $12.40. Lard, 7.02½c. Short ribs, 6.47½c.

Pandemonium raged in the wheat pit at the opening of the board to-day. The bears were flushed with their victory yesterday and were crowing their advantage. A cable to the board which reported an increase of wheat and flour on ocean passage of 1,520,000 bushels was an important aid to them. These figures were about 500,000 bushels larger than were reported by Beerbohm yesterday.

11 a. m.—The May option is now quoted as follows: Wheat, 98@⅛; corn, 36⅝@¾c; oats, 27⅜c; pork, $12.37½; lard, 7.02@7.05c; short ribs, 6.47½c.

1.15 p. m.—Wheat, weak and lower; cash, 92½c; February, 92⅝c; May, 96⅝c. Corn steady; cash, 34¼c; February, 35⅜c; May, 36⅝c. Oats steady; cash, 24½c; February, 24 13-16c; May, 27 5-16c. Rye, 48c. Barley and prime timothy, nothing doing. Flax, no trading. Whisky, $1.03. Pork steady; cash, and February, $12; May, $12.37½@12.40. Lard steady; cash, 6.90c; February, 6.90@6.92½c; May, 7.02½c. May short ribs, 6.50c. Butter and eggs steady.

NEW ORLEANS, January 23.—Flour steady, unchanged. Cornmeal quiet at $2.10. Corn weak; mixed 42c; yellow, 43@44c; white, 42c. Oats quiet; No. 2, 34c. Bran quiet, unchanged. Hay quiet and unchanged at $16.50@17.50; Provisions dull. Pork, $13.50. Cut-meats, shoulders, 5⅜c; sides, 7c. Bacon nominal at 7⅝@8c.; l. c. s., 7⅝@8c. Hams, choice sugar-cured, 10½@11c. Lard, refined tcs, 7c. Whisky steady and unchanged.

CINCINNATI, O., January 23.—Flour dull Wheat dull and nominal. Corn weaker at 35@35½c. Oats firm at 28@28½c. Rye quiet at 54@55c. Pork dull at $12.75. Lard quiet at 6.85c. Bulk meats and bacon quiet. Whisky firm; sales, 995 bbls.

BUFFALO, N.Y., January 23.—Wheat—old No. 1 hard dull at $1.30; new No. 1 hard, $1.21; No. 1 Northern, $1.13; winter wheat, No. 2 red, $1.02. Corn—No No. 2 in market. Receipts—Corn, 9,000 bu. Shipments—Corn, 6,500 bu.

TOLEDO, O., January 23.—Wheat lower; active; cash, 93⅜@94c; January, 92⅜c; May, 95⅝c; July, 88¼c. Corn firm; dull; cash, at 33½c; May, 37¼c. Oats steady; cash, 27c; May, 28½c. Cloverseed quiet; cash, January and February, $5.30; March, $5.35 asked.

DETROIT, Mich., January 23.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 99c; No. 2 red, cash, 94¼c; February, 93¾c; May, 98⅜c. Corn—No. 2 cash, 34¼c; February, 35c. Oats—No. 2, 28¼c; No. 2 white, 29½c. Receipts—Wheat, 11,600 bu; corn, 3,300 bu; oats, 1,600 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., January 23.—Wheat unsettled; May, 91c; July, 90½c. Corn dull; No. 3, 32c. Oats dull and unchanged; No. 2 white, 23c. Rye steady; No. 1, 48c. Barley weaker; No. 2, 61c.

The Manchester Market.

MANCHESTER, January 23.—The *Guardian* in its review of yesterday's market says:

The market was mostly steady, although occasionally sellers who are demanding the extreme prices on Friday were easier to deal with. Business was light in most directions and was altogether much short of the average of Tuesday. A large proportion of the production, especially most of the India and China staples, is well under contract. Producers of such goods are not concerned about further business except at extreme rates. Another motive for the firmness in cloth which is operating powerfully in departments which until lately were neglected, is the narrowness of the margin between yarns and cloth. This is so weighty that manufacturers are again letting their looms lie idle where orders are expiring which cannot be renewed without serious loss. There was a moderate inquiry for some kinds of India staples. There was a little inquiry for China staples, but business in both was small. There was a moderate demand from the smaller foreign markets at previous rates. Some houses are purchasing more freely, though still cautiously. Little progress was made in export yarns. There were a few inquiries from India, chiefly from Madras, but China and Japan buyers by their recent purchases have satisfied their wants. For the Continent only a retail trade was done. Home manufacturers bought in trifling quantities. The present quotations could not be reached. The cloth market was steady. India and China shirtings, especially the former, were exceedingly firm. Dhooties were firm and fairly well sold, yet there was under little fresh business. Jacconets are less engagements than other India staples. Manufacturers complain of the poorness of the prices obtainable. The demand for printing and other finishing cloths was moderate. Buyers had to pay full prices for some sorts. Rates are hardening. Fancy colored woven goods were very dull, especially those for the foreign trade. Heavy goods were quiet, with a small trade at steady prices.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 23.—Petroleum is active, weak and lower. Prices opened at 86⅝c, declined to 84½c, and at noon 84⅞c was bid.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, January 23.—Wheat cargoes off coast opened inactive; corn, nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment opened neglected and no business doing; corn quiet. In Mark Lane English and foreign wheat opened quiet; American and Danubian corn quiet; English and American flour quiet. No. 2 club Calcutta wheat, spot, 34s; present and following month, 34s 6d; Danubian corn, spot, 24s; prompt shipment, 22s 6d; American corn, spot, 22s. Quotations of Minnesota straight flour, 26s 6d. Walla Walla wheat, off coast, 37s 3d; present and following month, 37s 9d; No. 1 Calcutta, off coast, 38s; prompt shipment, 38s 6d; nearly due, 38s 3d. French country markets rather worse. Weather in England frosty. Liverpool spot wheat opened depressed; corn, fair inquiry.

LIVERPOOL, January 23, 3:30 p. m.—Close—Pork—Holders offer freely; prime mess Eastern, 73s 6d, dull; do Western 68s 9d, dull. Lard—Holders offer moderately; spot and January, 36s 9d, steady; February and March, 37s, steady. Wheat—Holders offer freely; new No. 2 winter, 7s 7d, dull; spring, 7s 11d, dull. Flour—Holders offer moderately, 11s 6d steady. Corn—Holders offer spot moderately and futures freely; spot, 4s, easy; January and February, 3s 11¼d, easy; March, 3s 11¼d, easy.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	1,568	5,626	1,037	377
Shipments	588	456	195	284

CATTLE—The movement was very slow this forenoon and sellers again voted the market mean all round. Buyers were on hand, but they were by no means anxious for purchases, and holders had to do a great deal of urging in order to effect transfers. The scales were by no means kept busy weighing the purchases made by buyers. Interior shippers, the dressed beef company and local speculators were the only buyers, and they just took enough to fill immediate wants. It can be said it is a hand to mouth market. Buyers were chary. Reports from other points not very flattering, and as long as there is no decided improvement in the East so long will the market at this point show signs of weakness. Stockers and feeders in moderate demand and slow. Common mixed butcher stuff dull at unchanged prices. Veal calves scarce and wanted at $5@8 per head.

Choice shippers, $3.50@4; good native shippers, $3@3.40; fair to medium steers, $2.50@2.90; common steers, $2.20@2.40; stockers and feeders, $1.75@2.65; corn-fed Texas steers, $2.75@3.25; grass Texas steers, $2@2.50; cows, and heifers, $1.75@2.75; bulls, $1.75@2.70; veal calves, $4.50@7.50 per head.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily Report of Sales of Cattle, St. Louis, January 23, 1889:

No. Description.	Av.	Price.
12 native steers	1,130	$3 40
17 native feeders	1,098	3 35
10 native feeders	1,101	3 55
20 native feeders	1,079	3 30
15 native cows and heifers	1,060	2 60
19 native cows and heifers	1,080	2 40
14 native cows and heifers	1,010	2 37½
15 Iron Mountain steers	927	3 00
16 native cows and heifers	888	2 30
14 Southwest stockers	830	2 40
16 Southwest stockers	751	2 40
26 Southwest stockers	745	2 30

283 retail from $2.37½ to $3.75.

Representative sales:

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No. Description.	Av.	Price.
37 native steers	1,143	$3 50
11 native steers	1,096	3 40
20 native steers	1,112	3 30
43 native steers	976	3 10
14 native steers	1,117	3 25
6 native steers	1,125	3 60
51 native heifers	932	3 00
19 native heifers	919	3 00
19 native cows	1,257	2 40
15 native cows	1,036	2 40
13 native cows	983	3 00
16 native cows	1,088	2 65
7 native stockers	935	2 90
10 native stockers	869	2 50
11 native stockers	777	2 25
10 native stockers	898	2 50
— native stockers	836	2 25
— native stockers	682	2 10
— native yearlings	595	1 75
14 native cows	967	2 35

HOGS—The weakness as noted for the past three or four days still continues. Buyers are very offish and bear prices as much as they can. To-day they again succeeded in obtaining concessions of 10@12½c per 100 lbs on all grades. Packers started out with the intention of paying $4.70@4.75 for good packing and heavy butcher hogs and they succeeded. Shippers, butchers and local operators also moved with caution, so that the market ruled slow at the decline. Reports from other points denoted dull and drooping markets all around. It seems there is a concerted move on the part of packers to bring down prices. Yorkers, $4.70@4.75. A few butcher bunches brought $4.80 per 100 lbs. Pigs, $4.40@4.60.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of hogs, January 23, 1889:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
48	240	$4 85	19	331	$4 90
38	328	4 85	92	138	4 60
19	249	4 90	20	197	4 90
40	297	4 85	55	231	4 80
57	242	4 80	62	262	4 85
53	214	4 80	54	233	4 80
63	275	4 80	40	278	4 80
52	229	4 60	22	260	4 70
68	251	4 85	74	194	4 75
67	268	4 85	59	252	4 80
69	218	4 75	63	204	4 70
35	255	4 80			

Representative sales:

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
20	271	$4 75	44	293	$4 75
58	240	4 75	37	256	4 75
66	181	4 70	28	240	4 70
30	230	4 75	20	222	4 80
61	236	4 75	79	187	4 70
32	190	4 75	24	231	4 75
30	216	4 75	35	202	4 75
62	244	4 82½	75	215	4 75
77	210	4 75	52	305	4 75
60	199	4 70	82	180	4 70
32	189	4 70			

SHEEP—Receipts were a little larger than for some time past, still were only moderate. Fair to choice muttons in steady demand, while common slow.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of sheep, January 23, 1889:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
64	125	$4 50	40	110	$4 50
52	97	4 12½	25	82	4 00
80	85	3 25	35	86	3 75
53	83	3 50	56	105	4 35
70	111	4 35			

Representative sales:

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No. Description	Av.	Price.
101 native sheep	100	$3 75
113 native sheep	87	3 50
117 native sheep	83	3 00

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.	
Extra draft, 5 to 7 years	$150@200
Good draft, 5 to 7 years	125@150
Extra drivers, 5 to 7 years	150@175
Good drivers, 5 to 7 years	100@125
Extra saddlers, 5 to 7 years	150@175
Good saddlers, 5 to 7 years	110@125
Extra streeters, 5 to 7 years	100@115
Good streeters, 5 to 7 years	85@100
Extra Southern horses and mares	100@110
Good Southern horses and mares	70@ 85
Good plugs	25@ 40
Common plugs	15@ 25
MULES.	
14 hands, 4 to 7 years	80@ 85
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	90@100
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	105@110
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years	110@120
15½ hands, extra	135@145
16 to 16½ hands, extra	150@165
Plugs, good	40@ 65
Plugs, common	15@ 40

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23.—Hogs—Receipts, 16,000 head; market moderately active and easy; light, $4.80@5.05; rough packing, $4.75@4.80; mixed, $4.80@4.95; heavy packing and shipping, $4.86@5. Cattle—Receipts, 12,000 head; market weak; beeves, $3@4.40; cows, $1.40@3; stockers and feeders, $2.20@3. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; market firm; muttons, $3.50@5; western corn fed, $4.35@4.70; lambs, $5@6.25.

BUFFALO, N. Y., January 23.—Cattle — receipts, 200 head through, 800 sale. No market; feeling weak. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 400 head through, 6,000 sale. Sheep steady; good, $4.25@4.75. Lambs a shade lower at $5.35@6. Hogs—Receipts, 3,000 head through, 6,000 sale; medium, 5c off, $5@5.05; Yorkers and pigs strong at $5.30@5.35.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Indications for twenty-four hours:

For Iowa and Nebraska—Fair; colder; northwesterly winds.

For Missouri and Illinois—Generally fair; colder, preceded in southeast portions by rising temperature; winds becoming northerly.

For Kansas and Colorado—Generally fair; colder; variable winds, generally northerly in Kansas.

The Mississippi from Memphis to Vicksburg will continue slowly rising.

$8.65, $8.65, $8.65, $8.65

For a Choice of Men's 3-Button Cutaway, 4-Button Cutaway, Single and Double-Breasted Sack Suits, that the late MODEL CLOTHING COMPANY sold for $18.00, $15.00, $13.50 and $12.00.

Here they are in CHEVIOTS, WORSTEDS and CASSIMERES. The sale of them has been marvelous in proportion to their genuineness as bargains. Where we had hundreds we have now only scores. Day by day the quantity visibly diminishes.

Why not secure one to-morrow? They cannot last long.

$8.65, $8.65, $8.65, $8.65

J. L. HUDSON, Clothier.
J. A. POWERS, MANAGING PARTNER.
213-215 NORTH BROADWAY.

EAST ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE.

An Incipient Blaze in a First Ward Saloon—News on the East Side.

A fire broke out this morning at the saloon of Fred Lehman, on the corner of Third and Menard streets in the First Ward. It was caused by some burning coal falling from a stove standing in the saloon on the floor, which was covered with chips. The fire department was summoned, but before it arrived the blaze had already been extinguished with several buckets of water. The damage done to the saloon will not exceed $15.

Lillie Pees, a 19-year old girl, whose home is in Belleville, instituted a suit in the City Court to-day against Matilde Stoeckle for damages amounting to $5,000. The girl was employed at the boarding-house of Max Stoeckle, husband of the defendant, at Falling Springs, and the wife in the presence of a number of persons accused her of having been criminally intimate with her husband during the time she was in their employ. For this reason Miss Pees entered proceedings against her.

Oliver Belleville filed a suit in the City Court for divorce from his wife, Belle Belleville. The couple were married in East St. Louis on September 13, 1881, and lived together until recently. During that time, the husband alleges, that his wife had been criminally intimate with other men. He demands the custody of his two children.

Charles Priesmeyer brought suit to-day against the Post & Hart Coal Co. of this city. Plaintiff alleges that he had stored his coal at their place, and they now refuse to turn it over to him. Deputy Sheriff Henry James to-day attached 264,210 pounds of the company's coal. The corporation consists of Harvey Christy and Robert Stuart.

A standard gauge train recently ran over the East St. Louis Division of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad with the following crew: John Duffy, conductor; David McGlynn, brakeman; Thomas Reigle, engineer; William Armstrong, fireman. This division has until lately been a narrow-gauge track.

John Malone, who was arrested by Humane Agent E. J. Eggmann last evening for cruelty to animals, was fined $3 and costs by Justice Leonard this morning.

Oliver Boyne of East Carondelet, who was arrested for taking money and property under false pretences, was taken to Belleville Jail this noon by Deputy Sheriff Henry James.

Dr. Brank of the Central Presbyterian Church of St. Louis preaches to-morrow evening at the Presbyterian Church in this city.

Attorney James Leik of Cairo, Ill., was in East St. Louis this morning to attend to some business affairs.

Joseph Vincey of New Brighton was fined $3 and costs this morning for disturbing the peace.

Belleville.

Edward Heath, aged 23, of East St. Louis, and Miss Lydia M. Devault, aged 27, were granted a marriage license to-day.

There are at present thirty-two inmates at the County jail waiting the action of the Grand-jury and serving out light sentences.

The Freeburg Glee Club has arranged to give a masquerade ball on February 9, at Vogel's Hall.

Attorney R. W. Ropiequet, formerly a member of the legal firm of Halbert Cockrell & Ropiequet, has opened an office in the West building.

John and Joseph Kuehner were each fined $3 and costs by Justice Guentz yesterday evening for distubing the peace.

A horse belonging to Gauss Bros. became unmanageable yesterday while being driven along North Illinois street, and ran away with the delivery wagon to which it was attached. The wagon was dashed against a lamp-post so violently that it was completely wrecked. Fred Rebson, the driver of the horse, was thrown to the pavement and severely bruised.

Morris L. Wheat, foreman of the Knights of Labor, delivered an address at the Court-house last night.

Bishop Ryan and Rev. Father Peters of Alton arrived in the city last evening to pay a visit to Bishop Janssen.

The regular meeting and muster of Hecker Post, No. 443, G. A. R., will be held at their hall on South High street, this evening. The ceremony of installing officers will be performed by Nelson Cole, Past Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief, of St. Louis at a special meeting on Saturday evening, January 26.

The natural gas well is a source of considerable interest, and large numbers of people visit the place daily.

Carondelet Jottings.

Eight cases of destitution were reported to the Carondelet Relief Association to-day.

The entertainment for the benefit of the Carondelet Public School Library will take place the latter part of the month.

Mr. Jos. Hammell will give an entertainment this evening at his residence, 7990 Ivory avenue, in compliment to a number of visiting friends.

The work of building a sewer from Robert avenue to Nebraska avenue and from Broadway to Virginia avenue will probably begin about the latter part of this month.

Brilliant Lodge, No. 55, Knights of Pythias, will give a reception this evening in compliment to a number of visiting brothers at the Masonic and Pythian Hall.

A madstone was applied to the leg, which was swelling rapidly, and whisky was administered in large quantities. When a physician arrived he pronounced the girl out of danger.

While Ernest Winkelmann, a young druggist, was experimenting with an acid in a glass jar yesterday afternoon, the stuff exploded and Winkelmann's left hand was fearfully burned.

Carondelet Legion No. 31, Select Knights, A. O. U. W., entertained McKenzie Legion of Afton, Mo., last evening at Turner Hall. There was a dress parade drill, which was followed by a supper.

Carrie Mueller, a young lady 19 years of age, residing near the Rock road, just south of East Carondelet, while milking a cow in her father's barn was bitten on the right leg by a snake, last Tuesday afternoon. Her shrieks for help brought her father and several hands to her side.

Howard Zimmerman, aged 8 years, while playing marbles in front of his mother's house, on Courtois street, near Vulcan street, yesterday afternoon, was approached by six boys of about the same age who asked him to play "keeps." The little fellow refused and gathering up the marbles made an attempt to run into the house. He was too slow for the other boys who jumped on him and beat him in a most shameful manner. Howard succeded in getting away and rushed into the house. The affair took place shortly after 5 o'clock. About 6 o'clock the boy was taken very ill and began vomiting. The mother, who is very poor, called in a physician, who arrived within a half hour. After examining the little fellow he pronounced him very ill. This morning the physician found the boy much better. He said his sickness was caused by blows on the head.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Name.	Residence.
W. H. Turner	San Antonio, Tex
Ellen Gleason	3847 Finney avenue
Charles C. Clark	3082 Locust
Lillie Cunningham	3509 Morgan
Frank W. Other	2633 Second Carondelet av
Anna Bussekrus	5 South Twenty-third
W. H. Deckmann	9007 Columbia rd
Rosa Wille	6428 N. Broadway
Jacob Wolf	1236 S. 3d
Elizabeth Mahler	Troy, Ill
D. M. Houser	1624 Chouteau av
Agnes Barlow	1016 Chouteau av
R. C. Feigel	2731 Bernard st
Carrie Kitchen	3007 Clark av
George F. Miller	Monticello, Ill
Emma T. Jones	Newton, Ind
John Younker	1416 Franklin av
Rose Kirchner	1145 S. 3d st
James Rafferty	3128 Caroline st
Eliza Lynch	3322 Caroline st
James D. Tobin	3701 Market st
Rosanna G. Flanagan	3521 Papin st
Harry E. Knollman	1515 N. 10th st
Annie Martin	9th st. and St. Louis av
Joseph Baumgartner	2814 Missouri av
Franziska Raner	508 S. 2d st
Thomas Arbuckle	2520 Goode av
Delphine Beaudoin	Florissant, Mo
Patrick Keeney	3216 Chestnut st
Sarah E. Arnold	3216 Chestnut st
Wm. F. Boedecker	Morris, Minn
Ottilia I. F. Ehse	1018 N. 9th st
Edward Hayener	Birdstown, Ill
Mollie Hause	Astoria, Ill

PURE 18KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
Wedding invitations executed, lowest prices.
Lovely goods for Wedding Gifts, low prices.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate were reported during the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. to-day:

Ruth Scott to Mary Boemler, 60 ft. on Cook av., city block 3746; warranty deed	$ 1,800
Effie C. Sobieski to Anton Niemeyer, 50 ft. on 7th st., city block 856; warranty deed	2,000
Louise Michel to Anna M. Riefling, 25 ft. on 2d st., Rock Point addition; warranty deed	1,100
Walter J. Lewis to Dennis Roach, 25 ft. on California av., city block 1907; warranty deed	337
John P. Cassilly and trustee and wife to Henry Hiemenz, Jr., 25 feet on Lemp av., city block 1414 N.; warranty deed	1,000
Charles W. Cassilly and trustee and wife to Henry Heimenz, Jr., 25 ft. on Lemp av., city block 1414 N.; warranty deed	500
Nannie Q. Harris et al to Samuel N. Holliday, 225 ft. on Easton av., city block 1008, and other property; warranty deed	5
Samuel N. Holliday to Nannie Q. Harris, 225 ft. on Easton av. and other property, city block 1008; special warranty deed	500
George Smith, and wife to Edward Verheyden & Co., 50 ft. on Semple av., city block 4824; warranty deed	350
Geo. Smith and wife to Wm. J. Price, 50 ft. on Semple av., city block 4824; warranty deed	350
Henry J. Stevens to Tower Building & Loan Association, 50 ft. on Prairie av., city block 3306; warranty deed	2,551
Henry Feuerbach and wife to Lazarus Stahl, 21 ft. 9 in. on Dickson st., city block 976; warranty deed	4,000
Jennie McCollum et al. to Philip Kempland, 25 ft. on Prairie av., city block 3352; warranty deed	1,100

Americans They Call Sorcerers.

From the London World.

The King of Wurtemberg has insisted upon recalling his gang of American "sorcerers" (as it is the fashion to term them) to Nice. Queen Olga, who is a masterful woman, having inherited the strong character of her father, the Emperor Nicholas, has consulted the Emperor William and Prince Bismarck, both of whom have advised her Majesty (and the Ministers at Stuttgart) that, considering the precarious state of King Charles' health, it would be a grave matter to provoke a public scandal, so that he will be allowed to please himself so long as he does not get reckless in his expenditure. The King's extravagance during the last four years has seriously diminished even his immense fortune. I suspect that his Majesty will hesitate long before he returns to Stuttgart, supposing him to live through the winter, as his American friends are not likely to be so insane as to trust themselves again in Germany.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., January 23.—Arrived: S. L. Wood, New Orleans, 2 a. m.; City of Florence, Paducah, 2 a. m.; De Soto, Cincinnati, 6 a. m.; Cherokee, Memphis, 8 a. m.; Commonwealth, New Orleans, 9 a. m. Departed: Wood, Ohio, 3 a. m.; Diamond, New Orleans, 1 a. m.; Florence, St. Louis, 5 a. m.; Brown, New Orleans, 4; De Soto, Memphis, 9; Cherokee, St. Louis, 9; Commonwealth, Cincinnati, 10 a. m.; J. F. Walton, New Orleans, 5. River 30 feet, falling. Cloudy, cool.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 23.—River falling, 7 feet 1 inch on the falls, 9 feet 3 inches in the canal. Clear and cool.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., January 23.—River rising. Arrived: Granite State, from Cincinnati. Weather pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., January 23.—River 21 feet 2 inches and failing. Clear weather.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—River 22 feet 1 inch; rising. Clear; thermometer 42.

CLEVELAND, O., January 23.—Petoleum quiet; S. W, 110, 7½c.

Supper This Evening
AT THE
DELICATESSEN.

SMOKE Red Men's "Council brand" cigars. For sale by all dealers. Try one.

CITY NEWS.

THEY are getting up elegant pants from $5 to $8 in the tailoring department of D. Crawford & Co.; pants that will discount in style, make and quality those made at one-third more cost in other establishments.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th & Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

KILLED AT BENTON.

A Laclede Farmer's Team Mistakes a Railway Track for the Road.

On Monday night a farmer living near Laclede drove out from St. Louis, where he had sold a load of hay. He carried for ballast a load of liquor, and finding it inadequate stopped at the last saloon on the Manchester road inside the city limits—Hoffman's Six-mile House. He failed to tie his team, and while he was adding to the wollyness of his condition in the saloon the team wandered away. The barkeeper had possibly washed the beer kegs in the watering trough in which the horses appeased their thirst, but whatever the reason the animals failed to keep to the straight macadam road. They wandered off it and got on the Missouri Pacific Railway track, which they followed west until immediately in front of Benton Station the night express coming into the city dashed into the bewildered horses and ground them beneath its wheels into shapeless and sickening masses. The hay frame on the wagon was thrown high in the air and fell uninjured by the side of the roadway. The wagon, tongue, gear and wheels, was reduced to splinters. The engineer stopped the train in front of Hoffman's and the people in the bar ran out to learn the cause of the unusual stop. It was then the farmer learned of his loss.

The bodies of the horses are still lying between the tracks directly in front of Benton Station—a most disagreeable and disgusting sight to the 250 commuters who take the trains there every morning.

A Liberal Offer.

The management of the Battle of Bull Run offer the following prizes to the pupils of the schools: For the best essay on the painting, first prize, $20; second, $10; third, an elegant gold medal. This wonderful painting will remain on exhibition for a few weeks only, and as the price of admission is but one-half what it is to all other cycloramas in this country, the building should be crowded day and evening.

A UNION DEPOT HORROR.

Passengers Arriving There Become Insane —One Incident.

The Union Depot iniquity has been fully described in the POST-DISPATCH recently, but one of the most terrible features of it escaped notice. Within the past six months three women and two men have become insane at about the time of their arrival at the depot. Not more than a month ago a Pennsylvania woman on her way to visit relatives at Alton, became insane on arriving in the midst of that center of confusion, the St. Louis Union Depot, and had not a policeman been near would have destroyed herself. Last evening Mrs. Annie Cochran going to see her husband in Topeka, Kan., and having three small children with her, became violently insane. She was removed to the Four Courts by the police and placed in charge of Matron Harris, who also took charge of the children. She is believed to be only suffering from a temporary abberation, caused by great excitement.

On Ingalls' Plan You Get

A watch with the money you now spend foolishly. Ingalls, 1007 Olive street.

Policeman's Doctor Bills.

The House of Delegates Committee on Claims yesterday took up the two appropriations for Peter W. Simpson and Officer Murty O'Sullivan. An opinion on the Simpson claim was received from City Counselor Bell. Mr. Bell suggested that to allow a claim for lost time for a person not in the employ of the city would be establishing a bad precedent which might in future lead to some confusion, and that the matter would stand a better chance of passing the Council if the sum was for payment of doctor and medicine expenses; after some figuring the committee decided to make the allowance $250 instead of $350, as it was before.

The opinion of the City Counselor on the case of Murty O'Sullivan was that the committee had better go slow on the matter of paying the physician who had attended him when he was suffering from a gunshot wound of the abdomen received while making an arrest. The physician successfully performed laparatomy, and saved the man in the face of what was considered great odds. After some talk the committee decided to allow the full $500 for the services.

BY TRIFLING WITH A COLD, many a one allows himself to drift into a condition favorable to the development of some latent disease, which thereafter takes full possession of the system. Better cure your Cold at once with Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a good remedy for Throat-ails and Lung Affections.

Detective Tracey Cautioned.

The Board of Police Commissioners tried Detective James Tracey on charges of intoxication and conduct unbecoming to an officer. He arrested J. E. Gilson of the Dixey Co. one night, and after a deal of parleying took the actor to Chestnut Street Station, where Gilson was released. Tracey in defending himself said he had made a mistake. The board acquitted him of the charges, with a caution against making mistakes.

John P. Little was appointed emergency, and L. F. Meyler was appointed patrolman.

Don't be imposed on with counterfeits. The genuine Salvation Oil is what you want. 25c.

Independent Order Good Templars.

Our Neighbors will have a large initiation Saturday evening besides other very important business. An entertainment in their usual style will take place the 16th of February.

A new lodge of Good Templars will be organized at the People's Tabernacle Church, Twenty-third and Clark avenues, Tuesday evening, the 29th. A public meeting, with several good speakers, will be on hand for the occasion.

Bellefontain Chapter, O. E. S. are going to have a basket entertainment soon.

SLEEPLESSNESS, Indigestion and Pain are horrors that PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will abate. PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM aids the hair growth.

Retail Harness Dealers.

Seventy of the eighty-three retail harness dealers in the city have formed a society to prevent the wholesalers from doing a retail business. They refuse to patronize wholesalers who sell at retail. John Schumacher is President, Henry Rosenthal Vice-President and H. W. Schaefer Secretary. The society is known as the Southwestern Retail Harness Manufacturers' Protective Association. Three local wholesale houses have agreed to abandon retail trade at the association's request.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
For Night Sweats
of consumption, gives speedy benefit.

IN THE ARENA OF SPORT.

DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FAILURE OF THE INDIANAPOLIS CLUB.

President Young Says the League Will Not Hold a Special Meeting—Reports at New York Have It That St. Louis or Cincinnati Will Take the Old Maroons' Place—Sporting Matters Generally—Ball Gossip.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The telegraphic dispatches from Indianapolis announcing the probable collapse of the club representing that city in the National League caused considerable excitement among the base ball fraternity here, and speculation as to where the eighth club will be located to complete the circuit for next season is rife. Mr. Young, President of the League, has been beseiged all day by newspaper reporters who sought to learn the latest news in regard to the probable action of the League. He said he had recived several dispatches from Mr. Brush, President of the Hoosier Club, the purport of which simply confirmed the newspaper reports from that city but the amount at which the franchise is valued, he said, was incorrectly stated. The exact amount paid for it by the Indianapolis stockholders was $18,000 of which $12,000 was paid to the old St. Louis Maroons and the balance to Kansas City when that club was forced out. Mr. Young did not appear at all disturbed over the matter but rather anticipated it, because he had received private advices since the close of last season and knew perfectly well the financial status of the club.

"Have you received any telegrams from other League Presidents in regard to the dispositions of the players," I asked.

"I have received nothing except advices from Indianapolis, and don't expect any others. As far as the disposition of the players is concerned, that is fully provided for by a resolution adopted by the League in November, 1886, and covers every possible contingency that could arise."

"Do you think a special meeting of the League will be necessary to consider the location of an eighth club?"

"I do not, and I shall call none unless requested to do so by a majority of the League Presidents. We have almost three months before we play our first game, and besides the regular spring meeting will be held in Washington on March 6, when we shall have them to consider the matter deliberately."

"Are there any cities besides those in the American Association who wish to join the League?"

"There are two cities, Milwaukee and Buffalo, which would be eligible to a League franchise under the national agreement to fill up the circuit, but it is probable the League will buy the Indianapolis franchise and locate the club just where it is now."

THE NEWS AT NEW YORK.

Cincinnati or St. Louis May Take the Old "Maroons'" Place.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The report of the failure of the Indianapolis Club has caused quite a stir in this city. President Day being sick yesterday Manager Mutrie was found. He laughed at the idea that the Indianapolis Club has retired from the business and that its players could now sign where they pleased. He said: "What nonsense. Do you suppose with the prices that good ball players are bringing, now that the club would not try to sell some of their men instead of giving them away for nothing. What a foolish step that would be. Then, too, League franchises don't seem to be lying around loose, as any manager can tell you. The Indianapolis people could realize quite a snug sum from the sale of their players and franchise. Of course there are some men on the team, including Denny and Glasscock, whom they could not sell, but without them they could still realize handsomely."

It seemed to be the general opinion about town that there would be a club in Indianapolis next season, notwithstanding the present trouble, and that if Mr. Brush and his associates were really ready to retire there must certainly be some one else in that city who would be willing to take upon himself the responsibility of running the club.

In case that Indianapolis is not in the League next season the Cincinnati Club is no doubt still willing to join forces with the League. It wanted to enter the League, but it comes from very good authority that it is a fact notwithstanding. Then, too, there is not a club in the American Association that would jump into the League so quickly as that now located in St. Louis. A gentleman connected with the latter club said not long ago: "I do not know what the Cincinati Club would do, but we would jump in the League as soon as any of them."

Winter Ball Gossip.

Bennett is willing to sign with Boston for $3,750.

Clarke and Smith are the only two Brooklyn players not signed.

Bingham, the ex-Harvard pitcher, has signed with Minneapolis.

Jim McCormick, the old Chicago pitcher, owns the race horses Silver Star, Belmont and Burton.

All the Association clubs have waived claim to Herr, White and Lyons of the St. Louis Browns.

Denny Lyons says that Stovey and Welch are the best outfielders in this or any other country.

Louisville's slowness in signing players is due to the fact the management wishes to avoid paying advance money.—[*Commercial-Gazette*.

Pete Browning says President Davidson's edict about giving no advance money will not affect him in the slightest. The Gladiator has money to give away.—[*Enquirer*.

President Soden of the Boston Club has arranged the following games with the Baltimores: April 12, 13 and 15. Several other games will be played on the trip, but dates have not yet been arranged.

President Soden has accepted Manager Sharsig's challenge for a series of games between the Athletics and Bostons. The first two games of the series will be played in Boston April 5 and 6. The Hub team will play two return games in this city, probably the following week.

"Buck" Ewing says he believes the Australian games "hippodromes." That is a serious charge—an unwarranted one, in fact—and casts discredit upon over a score of the best ball-players in the United States. Can it be that the noble New York captain is jealous of Ward as well as of Anson?—[Chicago *Herald*.

Cincinnati has a native-born player in every team in the Association. In the Baltimore Club there is Reddy Mack and Joe Sommer; Athletics, Denny Lyons; Brooklyn, Bob Clark; Columbus, Letty Marr and Will Widner; St. Louis, Jack Boyle and Shorty Fuller; Kansas City, Tom Sullivan; Louisville, Pitcher Ewing and Catcher Vaughn. Reilly and Beard are the only two native players in the local club.

Bid McPhee, when asked who he thought would win the pennant in the Association next season, said: "The Brooklyns ought to win it, and I thought they would last year, but you see I missed my guess. Base ball is a mighty uncertain game, as one can never tell what is going to happen. It is even more uncertain than a presidential election, and that's saying a good deal. Take the Brooklyns as they are organized for next season, and you can't pick out a weak batter in the whole combination. They have a good fielding team and are particularly strong in pitchers?" "What are the Reds going to do?" "Well, we are not rated very high, but I think we will keep the best of them guessing. Barring ill luck, the Cincinnatis ought to finish well up in the race."

English Skaters.

The open championship race of the Great Britain National Skating Association took place on the 4th inst. at Lingay Fen, near Cambridge. There were thirteen entries and the contest was conducted under the new rules, according to which the four men making the best times in the first round were selected to compete for the first four honors. Deputations from Welney, Northampton, Islaham, Cowbit and Kingthorpe were among the starters, but the Welney contingent proved themselves superior, they having the first four at the finish. The distance was a mile and a half, with three turns. The four winners and their times are as follows: James Smart, 4m. 56 4-5s.; George Lee, 5m. 11 3-5s.; Isaac Lee, 5m. 26s.; Jarman Smart, 5m. 20 3-5s. The winner, James Smart, is a brother of "Fish" Smart, who was the champion of England for many years. By his victory this year James Smart secures that title, receives $50 and the society's sash, and is entitled to an annuity as long as he holds the title of champion. George Lee receives $25; Isaac Lee, $15, and Jarman Smart, $10.

A GREAT SIRE.

Something of the Death of Billet and His Get.

From the New York Times.

Billet, who died in Kentucky last Friday, probably had his death hastened, certainly might have lived a few years longer, but for the fact that a dentist got at him. A pretty sure sign of dissolution in a horse of his age is the rapid decay of the teeth, which get so bad that the animal has difficulty in masticating his food. Billet's teeth became troublesome and a couple of veterinary dentists undertook to correct the trouble. The old horse didn't like the dentists. He fought them, and ropes and pulleys had to be rigged so that he could be slung and operated upon. Billet continued to fight against the men of forceps and files, and is supposed to have seriously injured himself in his struggles in some way that resulted in his death.

Billet made for himself a famous name in American racing annals, and one of his daughters, Miss Woodford, will certainly never be forgotten. Sir Dixon, Belvidere, Blue Wing, The Bourbon are among his sons now on the turf, who may be trusted to transmit his blood to future generations of race horses. His famous son Barnes is in the stud, and the first of his get will race next year. Another son, Perkins, who was a promising colt, but who proved worthless last year, has just been placed in the stud in Kentucky. Billet's sons and daughters have been racing since 1877, since which time 321 different horses sired by him have started in 3,165 races, winning 555 of them and $592,203 in money. Of that sum his get won $120,042 last season in the 564 races in which they participated. He had 48 representatives in training, these running first 76 times, second 81 times, and third 82 times. Sir Dixon, Raceland, Belvidere, and The Lioness were his largest winners last year, as the two first named were in 1887, Belvidere being then fourth in the list. The quartet of last year promise also to place the largest winnings to his credit this coming season, unless Miss Cody, Blue Rock, and Carroll should develop into wonderful 3-year-olds. He has a finely-bred lot of 2-year-olds coming on, of which six are now eligible to run in this year's Coney Island Futurity. He has 19 in the Futurity of 1890, and 25 in that of 1891.

A HOT SET-TO.

Hans Brody Stops Peter Gillen in Ten Sharp Rounds.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—About one hundred well-known sporting men from this city, Brooklyn and Jersey City went to Jersey and saw a good fight to the finish between Hans Brody of Hackensack, N. J., and Peter Gillen of Newberg. It was won by the former in the tenth round. It was 8 o'clock when the men met. Brody did most of the leading in the beginning of the fight, but Gillen showed pluck and landed some heavy blows upon his opponent. The best fought round of the contest was the fifth. Gillen came up and assumed the aggressive, landing a heavy blow upon Brody's mouth. Brody struck out from the shoulder with his left and Gillen with his right, landing a terrible blow over Brody's left eye and severing a small artery. Gillen's friends became jubilant and offered $100 to $50 that he would knock his opponent out. When time was called for the eighth round Gillen was evidently the better of the two, but he did not put his strength to good use, while Brody did some good work. In the ninth round Gillen's punishment began to show, and in the tenth round Gillen was so weak that the referee gave the fight to Brody. Another match was made between the men.

A HIGHLAND SCANDAL.

A Preacher Charged With Assaulting a Lady —Illinois Items.

HIGHLAND, Ill., January 23.—The gossips have been busy for the last day or two with the scandal in church circles which has lately come to light. The trouble seems to have been that Rev. Mr. Rumpf of the German Christian Church removed Prof. F. Farber, who had been the organist, and since then there has been trouble between them. The differences were not known to the public, however, until Monday morning, when Rev. Mr. Rumpf was summoned before Justice of the Peace Balsiger to answer a charge of assaulting Mrs. Farber sometime last August or September. Monday afternoon the hearing was had and Mrs. Farber testified very frankly to some sensational occurrences, but Mr. Rumpf was released and the case dismissed. He then swore out warrants against Prof. Farber and wife, charging them with blackmail, saying that about a month ago Farber wrote him a letter, charging him with assaulting Mrs. Farber, but offering to settle all claims if Mr. Rumpf would pay him $55 which he said was due him for his unexpired term as organist. At the trial Mrs. Farber gave an alleged description of the private character of Mrs. Rumpf, and Mrs. Rumpf attacked Mrs. Farber then and there, but was prevented from doing her any injury. After hearing the evidence the blackmail case was dismissed but it is said it will be carried to a higher court. The whole trouble seems to have grown out of the fact that previous to Mr. Rumpf's appointment as pastor, Prof. Farber played the organ but for about five months Mr. Rumpf has been filling that place himself, which has made Prof. Farber angry.

A DOUBLE KILLING.

Dave Farmer Kills a Deputy Sheriff and is Shot—Texas Topics.

LINDEN, January 23.—Deputy Sheriff John Stone arrived here from the country this morning and reported that he had killed Dave Farmer, Jr. Farmer had been indicted for carrying a pistol and Stone and Deputy Sheriff Perdue went to his house to arrest him. Perdue covered him with a Winchester, but Farmer drew his revolver and began firing. Perdue fell dead and Farmer started to run, but Stone shot him and killed him.

LAREDO, January 23.—A drunken customhouse river guard used insulting language to his Mexican superior at Hidalgo, Monday, and the officer shot and killed the guard on the spot. No arrest has followed, as the Mexican laws requiring obedience are very strict.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

L. O. Remington, Macon, Mo.; W. J. Nixon, Albany, N. Y.; M. M. Johnson, Ft. Scott, and John Bour, Sedalia, are at the Laclede.

O. H. Slevin, Kansas City; G. M. Casey, Clinton, Mo.; John P. Brown, Colorado City, and J. S. Leas, Moline, Ill., are at the Planters'.

J. W. White, Salt Lake; Charles Gebhardt, Fulton, Mo.; Wm. Cufferan, Chicago; A. S. Rossini, New York, and J. S. Johnson, Omaha, are at the Southern.

H. T. Bowman, Lawrence, Kan.; T. W. Chaffee, Boston; Levi Wilson, Leavenworth, Kan.; D. A. Willis, New York, and L. K. Cohen, Boston, are at the Lindell.

R. S. Carter, Petersburg, Ill.; T. F. Murray, Omaha; G. W. Householder, Kansas City, Mo.; A. B. Campbell and party, Topeka; Hon. D. M. Park, De Soto, Mo.; John Leaf and Chas. Pfiffer, Louisville, Ky.; Judge J. G. Wear and daughter, Piedmont, Mo., are at Hurst's.

A Bold Safe Robbery.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, Ark., January 23.—Last night burglars effected an entrance into the Iron Mountain depot at this place, blew open the safe and took about $800 in money. It is evident that the work was done by professionals. No clue to the perpetrators of the robbery.

The Settlers' Convention.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., January 23.—At a mass meeting held in the Board of Trade Hall a committee of forty citizens was appointed to attend the convention which will be held at Ft. Smith, Ark., to urge the opening of the Indian Territory for white settlement.

GREAT
·SWEEP-OUT·
MARK-DOWN SALE
—OF—
ULSTERS AND OVERCOATS
—AT—
FAMOUS!

All $40.00 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $21.50
All $30.00 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $14.99
All $20.00 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $11.99
All $15.00 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $8.49
All $10.00 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $5.99
All $8.50 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $4.99
All $4.95 Ulsters and Overcoats reduced to $2.69

NOTICE—Our Mark-Down Sale includes every dollar's worth of Clothing in our establishment, for Man, Boy or Child, from a Knee-Pant to the Finest Suit or Overcoat manufactured. The whole stock—not a few goods picked out to use as a catch-penny to mislead the public, but everything in Clothing—lock, stock and barrel.

WHITE SHIRTS LAUNDERED.

WE WILL RUN OUR $1 White Laundered Shirt for 75c THE BALANCE OF THIS WEEK.

FAMOUS
FAMOUS

SHOES

Ladies, These are for You

Ladies' Best Dongola Button, hand sewed, Go at $2.25; regular price $4.00
Ladies' Straight Goat Button, hand sewed, Go at $3.00; regular price $4.00
Ladies' Oil Pebble Button, all shapes, Go at $2.15; regular price $3.00
Ladies' Bright Dongola Waukenphast, hand sewed.......Go at $2.25; reg. price $4.00
Ladies' Oil Pebble Button, city made, Go at $1.50; regular price $2.00
Ladies' Kid Button, city made, all shapes, Go at $1.50; regular price $2.00
Ladies' Fine Kid Button, light soles, all shapes.........Go at $2.00; regular price $3.00

BIG REDUCTION IN GENTS' FINE SHOES!

BARGAINS IN BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES.

LARGEST SHOERS IN AMERICA

FAMOUS SHOE & CLOTHING CO.
BROADWAY & UNION MARKET.
Open till 10:30 p. m. Saturdays. Send in your mail orders.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

F. D. Buctasamen, a retired banker aged 65 years, shot and killed himself yesterday at Hoboken, N. J.

Wm. Williams and A. Batchelor quarreled at Ozark, Ala., yesterday and Batchelor shot and killed Williams.

The Jackson mines, near Dawson, in the Connellsville coke region of Pennsylvania, are afire and will be burned out.

Miss Harriet Coffin, the heiress who became infatuated with Kyrle Bellew the actor, was sent to the Middleton Insane Asylum yesterday.

Count Tolstoi's plan for the reform of the local government of St. Petersburg, being opposed by a majority of the Council of the Empire, he has offered to resign.

Three indictments for murder in the first degree were returned by the Birmingham, Ala., Grand Jury yesterday against Richard W. Hawes, charged with killing his wife and two daughters.

Rev. Patrick Healy, Roman Catholic Vicar-General of the Springfield, Mass., diocese, was stricken with apoplexy last night and Dr. Wm. G. Brecht was called in to attend him. The doctor was also stricken with apoplexy. Both died.

Capt. Linden of the Pinkerton Agency and Frederick Jarvis, a Scotland Yard Inspector, arrested in Philadelphia last night a man named Thomas Barton of MacClesfield, England, who is wanted in Great Britain for a series of forgeries.

The investigation being made of charges of bribery by Senator Washburn in connection with the Minnesota Senatorship, has resulted in several members of the Legislature testifying that attempts to bribe them to vote for Sabin were also made.

Henry Johnson was arrested yesterday afternoon at Wichita, Kan., charged with the murder of his wife and child. He assaulted his wife with a bottle, striking her several blows in the abdomen. Shortly afterward she gave birth to a child with its skull crushed in.

The body of Frank A. Martin, a clerk for the Trowbridge Lumber Co., four miles from Detroit, Mich., was found last night near the Willis street railroad crossing with the skull crushed in. Near the body was a club, on one end of which was clotted blood and tufts of hair. The case is shrouded in mystery.

Frank Bidwell's Suicide.

CHICAGO, Ill., January 23.—Frank W. Bidwell, Treasurer of the Manufacturers' Paper Co. of New York, was found dead in his room at the Grace Hotel this morning, with his throat cut and a razor clutched in his hand. From the blood stains it could be seen that he had cut his throat in front of the mirror, then lain down on the bed, then sat in a chair, from which he had pitched forward to the floor where he was found. No cause for his act can be ascribed.

A SEVERE SENTENCE.

Patrick Bradley, the Philadelphia Brute, Gets a Long Term.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 23.—"Patrick Bradley, the cry of the children of this land goes up against you and calls for your punishment. Punishment you shall have to the utmost extent of the law. I, therefore, proceed to pronounce judgment upon you, and that you, Patrick Bradley, undergo an imprisonment at separate and solitary confinement in the Eastern Penitentiary for the period of twenty-nine years and eight months."

This was the terrible sentence passed yesterday morning by Judge Gordon upon the wretch Patrick Bradley, who was tried and found guilty Monday upon two distinct charges of luring young girls from home under the pretense of employing them as servants and then attempting to accomplish their ruin in Fairmount Park, as was reported at the time of his arrest. Within a week's time the crime was committed and the criminal discovered, identified, arrested, tried, convicted and imprisoned. His sentence of thirty years is virtually a life time, as he is a middle-aged man. The general opinion here is that Judge Gordon did the right thing at the right time. So strong was the feeling against Bradley that he could not find a lawyer in Philadelphia willing to go into Court and defend him, so at his trial he was not represented by counsel.

Texas Opposition.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH

PARIS, Tex., January 23.—As yet no interest has been manifested here in the Territorial Convention that is to meet at Fort Smith on Thursday, the 24th inst. There is a strong sentiment in the counties in this State bordering on the line of the Indian Territory against opening up that country for settlement. It is argued that the tide of immigration that is now pouring into this section would be retarded, and that the agricultural and industrial development of this section would be checked. There is no sickly sentimentality about justice to the Indian, but the opposition is based altogether on self-interest. A sort of hazy idea prevails here that the States on the northern border of the Territory are desirous of opening it up to prevent immigration to Texas.

YOU'LL HEAR SOMETHING
DROP!
TO-MORROW AT
HUMPHREY'S,
BROADWAY, COR. PINE.
READ DAILY PAPERS OF THURSDAY.

FACTS ABOUT SHOES!

That a so-called "cheap shoe" is the highest-priced Shoe you can buy.
That the test of quality in a Shoe is in the wearing of it.
That the test of Price is the average your Shoe bill foots up at the end of a year.
That a little more judgment on the part of buyers would run cheap, shoddy Shoes forever out of the market, and put dollars in the pockets of the average purchaser. AND THAT

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,
311....NORTH BROADWAY....311

Instead of being "the highest-priced Shoe dealers in town, who cater to one class of trade only," guarantee to outfit ANY and EVERYBODY in the Best Lines of Footwear at an average yearly expense no greater than you pay at a so-called "cheap store," and in the majority of instances, not nearly so great.

SEND FOR OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

CHEATING A RAILROAD.

HOW THE ERIE WAS TRICKED INTO MAKING FREIGHT DISCRIMINATION.

A Shrewd Scheme for Driving Rivals Out of Business—How a Freight Agent Closed Three Corn Mills—Origin of Milling in Transit—The Central Pacific Hauling Ore Gratis.

"THE anxiety caused by the plot to cut St. Louis out of the corn market by hostile discrimination in freight," said Allan McIntyre of New York, who is at the Laclede, "reminds me of some things that occurred when I was connected with a division superintendent's office on the Erie, with headquarters at Elmira. It was over twenty-five years ago, when Gould and Fisk had charge of the Erie, and ran it in a way never equaled before or since. Some of their subordinates were by no means inapt students, and managed to make an honest penny on more than one occasion.

CRIPPLING A RIVAL.

"An instance that came to my knowledge and happened right under my eyes will show how much power a man in a comparatively subordinate position has over the industry of an entire city when he is not closely watched. In 1867 there were three mills at Elmira, which were devoted to grinding a peculiar kind of cornmeal, recommended by the doctor in charge of the great water cure establishment at that place, and which had a large sale as a health food. It could only be made from the hard, dry corn grown in the Northwest, which was shipped via Chicago. The competition had been very keen between the three mills, and the price had been driven down to the lowest point. Suddenly there was a sharp cut on the part of one mill far below the price that the others could sell at. As the proprietors were known to be short of money, their rivals waited for them to break down. But to their surprise there was no sign of a failure; but the owners increased their style of living, and rapidly gained control of the entire market. After struggling along at a loss for several months, the rivals of the successful mill were obliged to close down, and their property was sold for a small fraction of what it had formerly been worth. The owners could not understand how the rate-cutting firm could afford to sell as it did, and for a long time the secret remained undiscovered. At last, long after he had gone out of the business, one of them by accident stumbled upon a solution of the mystery.

INVOLUNTARY DISCRIMINATION.

"It appeared that a freight agent at Chicago was a brother of a partner in the mill that had driven the others out of the field. He saw a chance to accomplish this end, and proposed that he be given a share in the business. This was agreed to, and the scheme was at once put in successful operation. In those days there was no such thing as an interstate commerce law, and the fierce wars that were going on between the Fisk and Vanderbilt roads had reduced freights to the seaboard on cereals to almost nothing. The way traffic had to pay for this, and to send corn to Elmira was an exceedingly expensive thing, as was the shipment of the ground product from that point East. The freight agent acted as buyer in Chicago, but instead of consigning the cars to Elmira billed them direct to New York. He then secured the co-operation of the freight conductor, who agreed to find it necessary to sidetrack those particular cars at Elmira, and to put them on the siding communicating with the mill. The owners of the latter were provided with papers from the New York consignees, who were no other than the principal buyers of the grade of cornmeal made in Elmira, and were allowed by the yardmaster to inspect the freight while lying at the siding. They would thus attract no attention if seen at work about the cars. At night the corn would be shot into the bins, the car reloaded with barrels of meal, the doors carefully sealed up, and the next train would take it to its destination. The receiving firm had a private track and used its own men in unloading, so that no attention was attracted by the fact that a shipment marked corn turned out to be barrels filled with meal. So many queer things were done at that time on the Erie that employes soon discovered that pernicious activity and inquisitiveness were tolerably certain to lead to their dismissal, and if the discrepancy was ever observed no remarks were made about it.

ORIGIN OF MILLING IN TRANSIT.

"The mill with a partner in the freight department was thus enabled to ship its corn from Chicago to Elmira, and its finished product from there to New York at the cost of a single shipment of corn between the terminal points, about one-fifth of the legitimate price. When the officers of the road learned of the trick that had been played them they were so pleased by the skill of the scheme that after a sharp warning they confirmed the freight agent in his position and he was soon promoted. This is, I believe, the first instance on record of the practice called 'milling in transit,' which has given rise to so much unfairness. Some of the men who knew of the trick were afterwards employed on the Northwestern roads, and I am inclined to think that the idea of the system of milling in transit originated with that freight agent, and was adopted by others.

HAULING ORE FOR NOTHING.

"Another plan by which a railroad was tricked into hauling freight at a price not contemplated by the tariff," Mr. McIntyre went on to say, "was practiced on the Central Pacific. There was a silver mine near Truckee, Nev., which produced some rich ore, but not in sufficient quantities to justify the erection of a mill. The freights were tremendous, being based on all that the traffic would stand, and so arranged that just enough would be left the shipper to prevent him from going out of business. The owners of the mine were just about paying expenses, when, to their surprise, they received a very good offer for their property which they gladly accepted, after the sale was made telling the purchaser that he had an elephant on his hands. He, however, knew what he was about. He had a friend in charge of a train belonging to the construction department, to whom was intrusted the hauling of rock for ballasting a division of the road, filling cuts and such matters. The mill, about one hundred miles east of Truckee, was near a part of the road where a great deal of repairing was necessary. The train conductor told the contractor that he would get him some filling material at a low rate and received authority to do so. When a few car-loads of ore from the mine were ready for shipment he would be notified, and would take them on his train, being careful to attach them to the rear. When he reached the sidings near the mill he would drop the ore cars, not an uncommon proceeding in that country of heavy grades, and go on with the rest of his train. The mill-owners would have the same number of cars loaded with refuse rock on their private track, and as soon as the ore cars were dropped would haul them to the mill and replace them with the other cars. These would be picked up and delivered to the contractor, who would pay the stipulated price for them. For parts of trains bearing construction materials to be dropped along the road and left until called for was so common an occurrence as to attract no attention, and that mine-owner had his ore hauled for nothing for over two years before the trick was discovered. A man connected with a railroad has to keep continually on the lookout if he would avoid being victimized in one way or another."

Criminal Court.

Nolle prosequies were entered in the Criminal Court to-day in two indictments against John Strobel and Christ Stern. One indictment charged them with highway robbery and the other with burglary and larceny. In the former case they were accused of holding up George Everett and robbing him of $5.75. The other indictment charged them with breaking into Charles H. Hokes' dwelling and stealing $150 worth of jewelry and clothing. The robbery case was knocked out because Everett could not be found and the burglary case because there was nothing in it.

A charge of assault to kill against John Heinnemann was dismissed for want of prosecution. Fred Inman, the prosecuting witness, cannot be found.

Robert Hunt is on trial in the Criminal Court to-day on a charge of attempting to criminally assault Mrs. Jane Miller.

Lewis' Death Watch.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Sheriff Flack entered the Tombs early yesterday with Deputies Delamer and Carrahan, whom he placed as the death watch on John Lewis, the negro announced to be hanged on Februury 1, for the murder of Alice Jackson, whom he had shot five times on July 17, because she had refused to live with him any longer. Lewis greeted the death watch cheerfully and smoked a cigar while chatting with them. His lawyer, "Joe" Moss, intends to serve another notice of appeal in Lewis' case to-day.

A Convict's Escape.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., January 23.—A famous safe robber and convict named George Anderson has escaped for the third time from the Arkansas Penitentiary.

All the Ladies

Who have given Ayer's Hair Vigor a trial are enthusiastic in its praise.

Mrs. J. J. Burton, of Bangor, Maine, says: "I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor with marvelous success. It restores the original color to gray hair, promotes a fresh growth, and keeps it strong and healthy. As a toilet article I have never found its equal."

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Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.